CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA **TABLE OF CONTENTS** YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
CITY OFFICIALS	1
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	14
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	15
BALANCE SHEET — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	17
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	18
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	19
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	20
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS	21
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS	25
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUNDS	27
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	31
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, RELATED RATIOS, AND NOTES	76
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	77
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS	78
REDWOOD FALLS FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS	79
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE — BUDGET AND ACTUAL — GENERAL FUND	80
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE — BUDGET AND ACTUAL — TIF #10-1 RUNNINGS DEVELOPMENT FUND	85
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	86
·····	

86

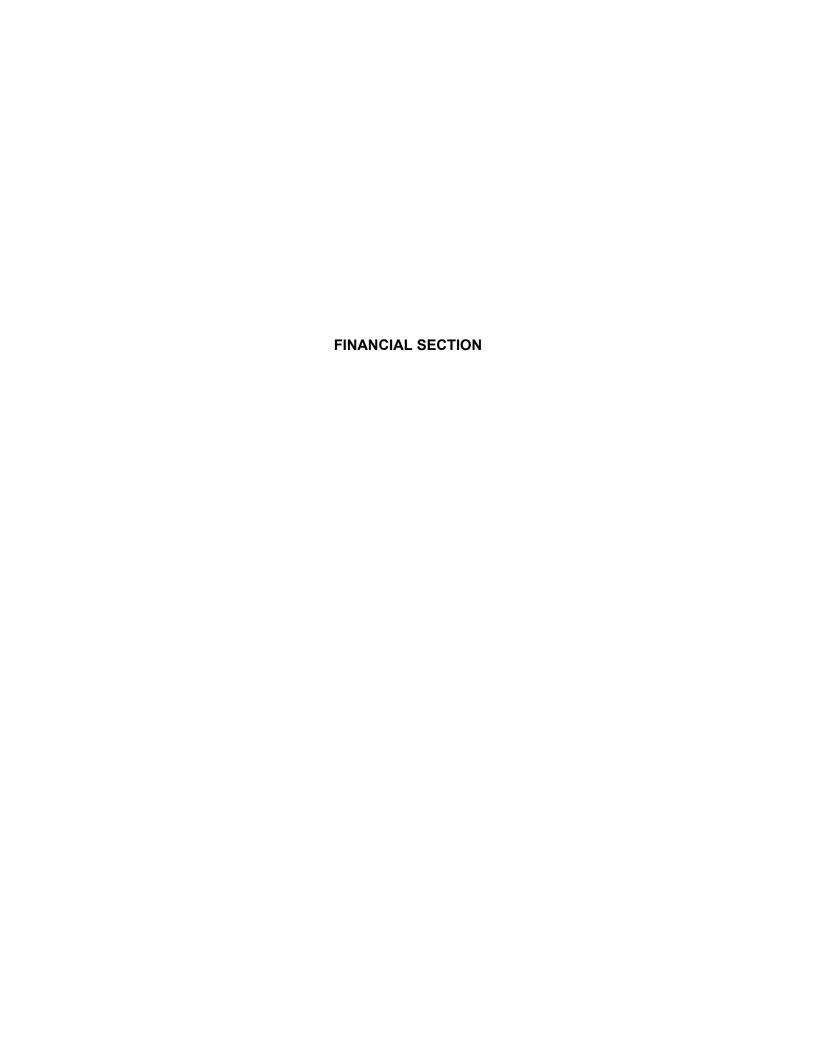
CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	93
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	97
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	101
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION — INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	102
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	103
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
SCHEDULE OF SOURCES AND USES OF PUBLIC FUNDS — DAKTRONICS INC. #9-1, TAX INCREMENT FINANCIAL DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)	104
SCHEDULE OF SOURCES AND USES OF PUBLIC FUNDS — MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT #10-1, TAX INCREMENT FINANCIAL DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)	105
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF TAX LEVIES — LAST FIVE YEARS (UNAUDITED)	106
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF TAX CAPACITY — LAST FIVE YEARS (UNAUDITED)	107
REPORTS RELATING TO GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	108
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL	
COMPLIANCE	110



CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA CITY OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Name	Position	Term Expires
Tom Quackenbush	Mayor	December 31, 2022
Denise Kerkhoff	Council Member	December 31, 2020
Matt Smith	Council Member	December 31, 2020
John T. Buckley	Council Member	December 31, 2020
Larry Arentson	Council Member	December 31, 2022
James Sandgren	Council Member	December 31, 2022
Keith Muetzel	City Administrator	
Melissa Meyer	Director of Finance & Administrative Services	
Trenton Dammann	City Attorney	





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redwood Falls Redwood Falls. Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Redwood Falls Minnesota, (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redwood Falls

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Redwood Falls as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability, related ratios and notes, schedule of the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of the city's pension contributions, the fire relief association schedule of changes in the net pension asset and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information are presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Redwood Falls' basic financial statements. The combining statements and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redwood Falls

The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota June 16, 2021

This section of the annual financial statements of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota (the City) presents a discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$72,140,449. Of this amount \$18,100,192 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation and fiscal policies.

- The City's total net position increased by \$1,035,066 or 1.5%, over 2019.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,769,254. Of this total amount, \$2,261,344 is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,124,839 or 51% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements are presented after the statement of activities. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's funds. The notes to the basic financial statements provide information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City of Redwood Falls begins with the statement of net position and the statement of activities. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "is the City as a whole better or worse off as a result of the years' activities?" The statement of net position and statement of activities both report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

All of the current years' revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether the City's financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, to assess the overall health of the City of Redwood Falls.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the City of Redwood Falls' major funds begins with the funds' financial statements and provides detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants or other money. The City of Redwood Falls' two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary— use different approaches.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City of Redwood Falls' basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader of the statements determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation after the financial statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – When the City of Redwood Falls charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows for proprietary funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-30 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31-75 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 76-92 of this report. It consists of budgetary comparison information for certain of the City's governmental funds, the fire relief association schedule of change in the net pension asset and related ratios, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of pension contributions, and the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability, related ratios and notes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City of Redwood Falls' net position increased during 2020 by \$1,035,066. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (see Table 1) and changes in net position (see Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Governmen	tal A	Activities	Business-Ty	/pe /	Activities	To	tal	al			
	2020		2019	2020		2019	2020		2019			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 17,808,479	\$	15,643,036	\$ 11,109,056	\$	11,894,063	\$ 28,917,535	\$	27,537,099			
Capital Assets	27,465,225		31,201,037	33,527,042		31,884,394	60,992,267		63,085,431			
Total Assets	45,273,704		46,844,073	44,636,098		43,778,457	89,909,802		90,622,530			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	737,647		1,122,083	146,723		134,899	884,370		1,256,982			
Noncurrent Liabilities Outstanding	3,965,798		3,949,716	11,173,788		11,964,376	15,139,586		15,914,092			
Other Liabilities	957,338		1,177,434	1,277,031		1,545,777	2,234,369		2,723,211			
Total Liabilities	4,923,136		5,127,150	12,450,819		13,510,153	17,373,955		18,637,303			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,081,057		1,771,270	 198,711		365,556	1,279,768		2,136,826			
Net Position												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,205,738		29,750,628	23,719,645		20,865,084	49,925,383		50,615,712			
Restricted	3,640,711		1,506,648	474,163		705,774	4,114,874		2,212,422			
Unrestricted	10,160,709		9,810,460	7,939,483		8,466,789	18,100,192		18,277,249			
Total Net Position	\$ 40,007,158	\$	41,067,736	\$ 32,133,291	\$	30,037,647	\$ 72,140,449	\$	71,105,383			

Governmental Activities

Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$1,060,578 or 3%. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, legislation, or other legal requirement was \$10,160,709 at December 31, 2020. A thorough analysis of governmental activities is discussed below.

Business-Type Activities

The net position of our business-type activities increased by \$2,095,644 or 7%, due to the City's proprietary funds continuing to show strong financial performance. The Proprietary funds made cash transfers to governmental funds totaling approximately \$1,129,000.

The following table indicates the changes in net position for the City's governmental and business-type activities:

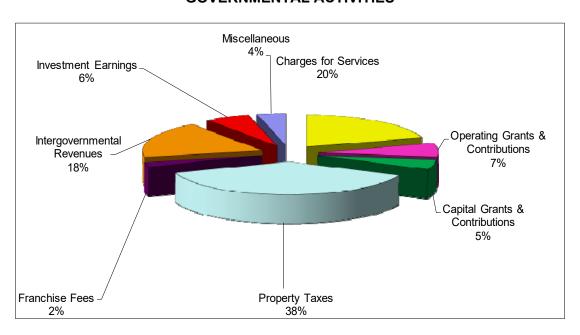
Table 2
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	Governm	ental Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Тс	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Revenue								
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$ 1,815,32	3 \$ 2,338,302	\$ 12,080,625	\$ 11,664,071	\$ 13,895,953	\$ 14,002,373		
Operating Grants								
and Contributions	610,55	2 547,146	8,292	136,815	618,844	683,961		
Capital Grants and								
Contributions	415,99	5 1,810,606	948,237	105,777	1,364,232	1,916,383		
General Revenues								
Property Taxes	3,382,78	3,260,511	-	-	3,382,788	3,260,511		
Franchise Fees	164,42		-	-	164,423	181,734		
Hotel Taxes	28,53	34,295	_	_	28,533	34,295		
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,646,79	,	-	_	1,646,797	1,542,716		
Unrestricted Investment	,, -	,- , -			,, -	,- , -		
Earnings	540,01	2 522,093	321,781	342,981	861,793	865,074		
Miscellaneous	351,34	,	88,702	194,438	440,048	329,377		
Total Revenue	8,955,77		13,447,637	12,444,082	22,403,411	22,816,424		
Expenses	2,222,11		, ,	, ,	,,	, -, -, -, -, -		
General Government	1,260,45	5 1,434,182	-	_	1,260,455	1,434,182		
Public Safety	2,000,69		_	_	2,000,693	1,988,213		
Highways & Streets	1,756,70		_	_	1,756,708	1,942,301		
Culture and Recreation	2,493,73		_	_	2,493,735	2,841,176		
Economic Development	151,33	, ,	_	_	151,332	179,282		
Airport	597,18		_	_	597,187	536,593		
Community Development	2,860,02		_	_	2,860,021	2,879,559		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,17				25,177	24,037		
Municipal Liquor Store	20,17		2,501,462	2,147,034	2,501,462	2,147,034		
Water Utility		_	1,299,465	1,272,997	1,299,465	1,272,997		
Sewer Utility			1,066,378	1,057,570	1,066,378	1,057,570		
Storm Sewer Utility			289,317	314,067	289,317	314,067		
Electric Utility			5,066,415	5,473,412	5,066,415	5,473,412		
Total Expenses	11,145,30	3 11,825,343	10,223,037	10,265,080	21,368,345	22,090,423		
Change in Net Position Before Transfers,	11,140,000	11,020,040	10,220,001	10,200,000	21,000,040	22,000,420		
Special Item, and Contributions	(2,189,53	4) (1,453,001)	3,224,600	2,179,002	1,035,066	726,001		
Special Item - Transfer of Hospital Fixed Assets	(2, 109,55	- 6,301,256	5,224,000	(6,301,256)	1,000,000	720,001		
Special Item - Loss on Disposal of Operations		- 0,501,250		(15,906,442)		(15,906,442)		
Transfers and Contributions	1,128,950	595,896	(1,128,956)	(595,896)	_	(10,300,442)		
Change in Net Position	(1,060,57		2,095,644	(20,624,592)	1,035,066	(15,180,441)		
Change in Net Position	(1,000,376	5) 5,444,151	2,093,044	(20,024,392)	1,035,000	(13, 160,441)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	41,067,730	35,448,179	30,037,647	50,662,239	71,105,383	86,110,418		
Change in Accounting Principle		- 175,406	-	-	-	175,406		
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Restated	41,067,73		30,037,647	50,662,239	71,105,383	86,285,824		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 40,007,158	\$ 41,067,736	\$ 32,133,291	\$ 30,037,647	\$ 72,140,449	\$ 71,105,383		

Governmental Activities

Revenues – The following chart visually illustrates the City's revenue by sources for its governmental activities:

2020 REVENUES BY SOURCE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



Revenues – The City's governmental activities revenues decreased by \$1,416,568 or 13.7%. The major components of this decrease are explained as follows:

- 2020 capital grants and contributions decreased from 2019 by \$1,395,000. 2019 grants and contributions included \$797,000 for the Courthouse Square project, \$516,000 for the Lake Redwood Reclamation, \$332,000 for the Gould Street Reconstruction, \$126,000 for the 7-Bay Hangar and \$40,000 for other small projects. 2020 grants and contributions included \$281,000 in COVID Relief Funding (CARES) that was used for capital projects at the RACC, Library, City Hall and the Fire department, \$70,000 for the Courthouse Square project, and \$24,000 to purchase a Kubota tractor at the Airport, with the remaining \$41,000 representing numerous small projects.
- 2020 operating grants and contributions increased from 2019 by \$63,000, including \$138,000 in CARES funding that was used for non-capital purposes, netted by \$66,000 less FEMA reimbursements received in 2020 than in 2019.
- Charges for Services decreased from 2019 by \$523,000, including \$325,000 less in rentals, memberships and activity fees at the RACC, pool and summer recreation programs due to COVID restrictions, a reduction of \$174,000 in building related permits and plan review fees, and \$37,000 less in fuel sales at the Airport presumably due to COVID restrictions on travel and meeting in person.
- Property Taxes increased from 2019 by \$122,000 and Local Government Aid (LGA) increased over 2019 by \$104,000.
- Miscellaneous revenues increased in 2020 by \$216,000 due to \$100,000 in insurance reimbursement for damage to the Airport terminal and \$92,000 in sales of Prairie Knoll lots.

Expenses – The City's expenses for governmental activities decreased by \$680,035 or 5.8%. The major components of this decrease are explained as follows:

• 2020 was impacted by COVID-related closures, both in reduced revenues as noted above and also reduced expenses, totaling an estimated \$337,000 fewer expenses than the prior year for governmental activities. This is comprised of \$210,000 for various RACC and pool expenses, \$33,000 in Airport fuel purchases and \$12,000 for Library expenses, all compared to 2019. Other items to note include \$194,000 less to seal coat in 2020, \$57,000 related to employee turnover, \$46,000 for a patrol car purchased in 2019, \$71,000 for FEMA related repairs in 2019, \$30,000 less in TIF payments, \$25,000 fewer snow-removal costs in 2020 than in 2019, and \$20,000 to remodel the Council Chambers in 2019, offset by \$100,000 to repair the Airport terminal in 2020.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues – The City's business-type operating revenues and other income increased 8%, or \$1,003,555 in 2020 when compared to 2019. \$417,000 is attributable to higher charges for services, \$448,000 increased sales at the Liquor Lodge likely related to COVID-related closures of the bars in addition to increases in charges for services for the water utility of \$133,000, sewer utility of \$44,000, storm sewer utility of \$14,000 and offset by a decrease of \$222,000 in the electric utility charges for services due to stable rates and less consumption than in 2019. Capital grants and contributions increased by \$842,000, of which \$820,000 relates to the new hospital, offset by a \$129,000 reduction in operating grants from 2019 to 2020 related to the Courthouse Square project and flooding in 2019, a decrease in investment earnings of \$21,000 and \$106,000 in miscellaneous revenue largely related to SMMPA reimbursed repairs to electrical equipment in 2019.

Expenses – There was a decrease in business-type expenses of \$42,043 or .04%, The electric utility's purchased power costs in 2020 are \$396,000 less than in 2019, offset by \$354,000 in higher costs at the Liquor Lodge mostly related to product purchases.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

General Fund – The City's General Fund balance decreased by \$107,433 from the 2019 balance. This decrease is attributable in part to the General Fund budgetary highlights discussed below.

Capital Project Fund – The Capital Project Fund balance decreased by \$376,953 and ended the year with a \$6,493,497 fund balance. This decrease is comprised of various factors; most notable is a transfer of \$944,000 to the Community Development fund to purchase land for development near the new hospital, \$372,000 to acquire land, along with the RCRCA, for the disposal of the material dredged from Lake Redwood, \$89,000 for projects at the RACC, including developing electric car charging stations and \$77,000 in numerous small projects. The contributions that offset these projects include \$500,000 from the electric fund for the Lake Redwood Reclamation project, favorable investment returns of \$266,000, PILOT payment from Carris Health per agreement of \$181,000, a transfer of \$90,000 for IT equipment that was delayed until 2021, the repayment of MSAS funds of \$44,000 and \$24,000 in interest from the Runnings TIF #10-1.

TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment - The TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment balance represents the amount of the General Fund loan to the District that remains unpaid as of year-end. The loan will be repaid with tax increment received over the 26-year life of the TIF District. \$44,001 was paid on the loan balance in 2020.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – The fund balances for the Nonmajor Governmental Funds increased by \$2,561,039 in total and ended the year with a balance of \$4,579,881. The increase is due primarily to a transfer of \$1,851,000 from the Community Development fund to the Port Authority for the land purchased for development, \$600,000 received from Carris Health to rent the hospital building and favorable investment returns of \$48,000.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenue was more than budget in 2020 by \$529,627. The City of Redwood Falls received \$394,000 in Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES) funding, of which \$374,000 was recorded in the General Fund. However, revenues were an estimated \$319,000 under budget in rentals, memberships and activity fees at the RACC, Pool and summer recreation programs due to Covid closures and restrictions. Other revenues that exceeded budget were \$158,000 in FEMA payments received for 2018 and 2019 flooding, \$139,000 in Investment Earnings, \$71,000 in reimbursements from the State and the County on the shared Courthouse Square project, \$58,000 in insurance proceeds received for damage to the light pole at the ball field, \$43,000 in building-related permits and fees, \$42,000 for two Prairie Knoll lots were sold over what was budgeted, \$25,000 due to the first year of the new dog licensing process, and \$20,000 in State contributions to the City's PERA plans recorded in 2020, offset by \$110,000 in funding for a playground project that wasn't obtained.

Expenditures were less than budget by \$214,388. Significant variances are as follows; \$374,000 was spent on unbudgeted CARES-related improvements, \$87,000 in Parks and Recreation projects including \$29,000 to design electric car charging stations and \$58,000 to repair the light pole at the ball field, and \$49,000 to complete the Courthouse Square project. These unfavorable variances were offset by \$358,000 in reduced expenses at the RACC, pool and summer recreation programs, an estimated \$26,000 in reduced expenses at other General Fund locations, \$130,000 budgeted to replace servers that are no longer needed, \$98,000 in savings due to employee turnover and \$110,000 in postponed upgrades to playground equipment.

Transfers in were over budget by \$1,016,920 and include \$944,000 from the Capital Project Fund toward the purchase of land for development, \$42,000 to reclass funds assigned for Fire Relief from the Fire Equipment Fund, \$29,000 from the Electric Fund for the electric car charging stations.

Transfers out were higher than budget by \$2,009,443 and include \$1,851,000 to transfer land purchased for development to the Port Authority Fund, \$90,000 for IT equipment postponed to 2021 and \$68,000 in repayment of the MSAS advance to the TIF 10-1 that was transferred to the Capital Project Fund for future projects.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2020, the City of Redwood Falls, had \$137,401,873 invested (original cost) in a broad range of capital assets. Refer to Note 3 of the basic financial statements for a schedule showing the City's capital asset activity. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) in gross capital assets of \$3,411,455 over last year.

Long-Term Debt

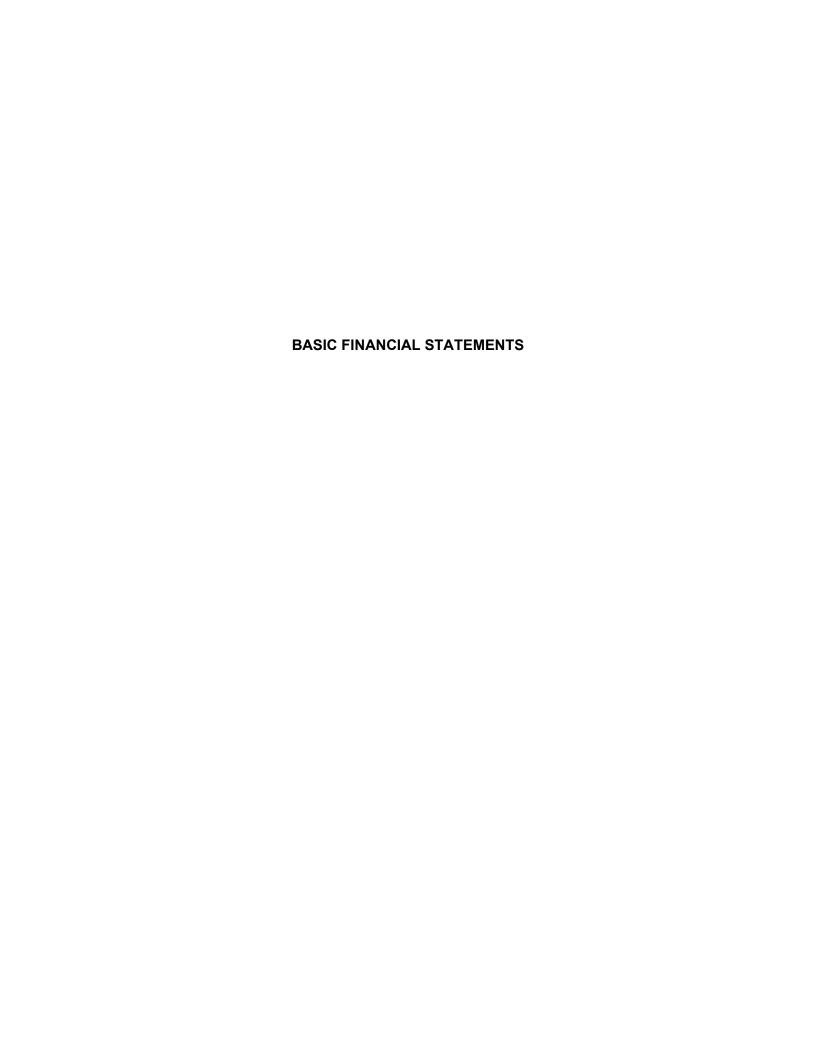
At year-end, the City of Redwood Falls, has \$10,798,000 in outstanding bonds and notes. During 2020, \$2,708,999, in debt was retired through scheduled principal payments and refundings. During 2020, \$1,634,000 of refunding debt was issued. Refer to Note 4 of the basic financial statements for a schedule showing the City's long-term debt activity.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City of Redwood Falls' appointed officials considered many factors when presenting the fiscal year 2021 budget and rates and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. The major factor continues to be personnel costs in the General Fund as the services provided are labor intensive. In addition, providing the costly infrastructure maintenance and improvements necessary for the citizenry continues to be a balancing act with a constant tax base and reductions in government aid. The City continues its efforts with cost containment, particularly in the areas of fuel and insurance costs. Appointed and elected officials continue to work together to balance and prioritize to continue providing essential services to the community.

CONTACT INFORMATION

This annual report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota finances for citizens, customers and others. Questions concerning any of the information contained in this report and request for additional information should be addressed to the City of Redwood Falls, P.O. Box 526, 333 S Washington St., Redwood Falls, MN 56283, by email at info@ci.redwood-falls.mn.us or by phone at 507-616-7400.



CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	<u></u>		
Cash and Investments	\$ 15,543,688	\$ 7,204,525	\$ 22,748,213
Cash and Investments - Restricted	-	450,056	450,056
Accounts Receivable, Net	240,083	1,316,727	1,556,810
Property Taxes Receivable	119,049	-	119,049
Special Assessments Receivable	47,062	14,392	61,454
Accrued Interest Receivable	54,476	65,213	119,689
Interfund Balances	(1,034,908)	1,034,908	=
Due from Other Governments	498,956	49,635	548,591
Inventories	44,796	821,570	866,366
Land Held for Resale	1,920,892	-	1,920,892
Prepaid Items	159,662	88,447	248,109
Notes Receivable	28,922	-	28,922
Acquisition Costs, Net of Amortization	· -	63,583	63,583
Net Pension Asset	185,801	-	185,801
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	,		,
Land	1,690,384	952,306	2,642,690
Land Improvements	100,938	-	100,938
Construction in Progress	455,810	2,869,034	3,324,844
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	100,010	2,000,001	0,021,011
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	25,218,093	29,705,702	54,923,795
·			
Total Assets	45,273,704	44,636,098	89,909,802
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			04.044
Loss on Refunding Bonds	1,935	32,979	34,914
Pension Related	719,827	104,289	824,116
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	15,885	9,455	25,340
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	737,647	146,723	884,370
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	214,090	402,280	616,370
Contracts Payable	6,109	310,777	316,886
Accrued Salaries and Fringes	92,133	55,212	147,345
Accrued Interest Payable	11,525	68,236	79,761
Other Accrued Liabilities	- 1,020	20,105	20,105
Due to Other Governments	27,981	53,089	81,070
Deposits Payable	2,332	135,406	137,738
Unearned Revenue	230,064	24,322	254,386
Long-Term Liabilities:	230,004	24,322	204,300
Net Pension Liability	2,404,648	1,394,867	3,799,515
OPEB Liability Due Within One Year	, ,		, ,
•	15,885	9,455	25,340
OPEB Liability Due in More than One Year	357,219	198,149	555,368
Due Within One Year	314,018	887,761	1,201,779
Due in More than One Year	1,247,132	8,891,160	10,138,292
Total Liabilities	4,923,136	12,450,819	17,373,955
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		.== ===	
Pension Related	1,003,330	159,957	1,163,287
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	62,657	38,754	101,411
Property Taxes Collected for Subsequent Period	15,070	-	15,070
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,081,057	198,711	1,279,768
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,205,738	23,719,645	49,925,383
Restricted for:	20,200,: 00	20,1 10,0 10	10,020,000
Police Seizures	30,098	_	30,098
Library	364,850		364,850
Firefighter Pension	185,801	_	185,801
Port Authority	2,247,724	-	2,247,724
Revolving Loans	703,852	24 107	727,959
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		24,107	
Transportation	108,386	450.050	108,386
Debt Service	-	450,056	450,056
Unrestricted	10,160,709	7,939,483	18,100,192
Total Net Position	\$ 40,007,158	\$ 32,133,291	\$ 72,140,449

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs	Expenses	(Charges for Services				pital Grants and ontributions		
Governmental Activities									
General Government	\$ 1,260,455	\$	330,088	\$	79,678	\$	241,233		
Public Safety	2,000,693		193,266		183,536		111,493		
Highways and Streets	1,756,708		10,344		190,513		33,521		
Culture and Recreation	2,493,735		456,154		92,883		2,097		
Economic Development	151,332		-		-		-		
Airport	597,187		224,228		63,942		27,651		
Community Development	2,860,021		601,248		-		-		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,177		-		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities	 11,145,308		1,815,328		610,552		415,995		
Business-Type Activities									
Municipal Liquor Store	2,501,462		2,656,817		4,972		-		
Water Utility	1,299,465		1,474,928		1,890		262,135		
Sewer Utility	1,066,378		1,034,360		-		686,102		
Storm Sewer Utility	289,317		313,292		-		-		
Electric Utility	5,066,415		6,601,228		1,430		-		
Total Business-Type Activities	10,223,037		12,080,625		8,292		948,237		
Total	\$ 21,368,345	\$	13,895,953	\$	618,844	\$	1,364,232		

GENERAL REVENUES

Taxes

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purpose

Franchise Taxes

Hotel/Motel Taxes

Intergovernmental Revenues, Not Restricted

to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Net Position - Beginning of Year

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position									
	F	rima	ary Governmer	nt					
	Business-								
_	Governmental Type								
Activ	vities		Activities		Total				
•	809,456)	\$	-	\$	(609,456)				
	512,398)		-		(1,512,398)				
	522,330)		-		(1,522,330)				
	942,601)		-		(1,942,601)				
	151,332)		-		(151,332)				
•	281,366)		-		(281,366)				
	258,773)		-		(2,258,773)				
	(25,177)				(25,177)				
(8,3	303,433)		-		(8,303,433)				
	_		160,327		160,327				
	_		439,488		439,488				
	_		654,084		654,084				
	_		23,975		23,975				
	_		1,536,243		1,536,243				
	-		2,814,117		2,814,117				
(8,3	303,433)		2,814,117		(5,489,316)				
3,3	382,788		-		3,382,788				
1	164,423		-		164,423				
	28,533		-		28,533				
1.6	646,797		_		1,646,797				
	540,012		321,781		861,793				
	351,346		88,702		440,048				
	128,956		(1,128,956)		_				
	242,855		(718,473)		6,524,382				
(1,0	060,578)		2,095,644		1,035,066				
41,0	067,736		30,037,647		71,105,383				
\$ 40,0	007,158	\$	32,133,291	\$	72,140,449				

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS	General			Capital Projects Fund	F	IF #10-1 Runnings evelopment		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Cash and Investments	\$	5,643,405	\$	6,386,035	\$		\$	2,724,944	\$	14,754,384
Accounts Receivable, Net	φ	122,177	φ	45,666	φ	=	φ	5,525	φ	173,368
Property Taxes Receivable		97,718		43,000				21,331		119,049
Special Assessments Receivable		46,464		_		_		21,001		46,464
Accrued Interest Receivable		29,954		11,469		_		11,116		52,539
Advances to Other Funds		770,368		-		_		-		770,368
Due from Other Funds		2,117		81,003		_		_		83,120
Due from Other Governments		270,564		-		_		226.007		496,571
Prepaid Items		135,268		9,990		_		9,344		154,602
Property Held for Resale		-		-		_		1,920,892		1,920,892
Notes Receivable		_		-		-		28,922		28,922
Inventory		4,627		-		-		40,169		44,796
Total Assets	\$	7,122,662	\$	6,534,163	\$	-	\$	4,988,250	\$	18,645,075
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES	_				_		_		_	
Accounts Payable	\$	136,619	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,167	\$	197,786
Contracts Payable		4,819		-		-		1,290		6,109
Accrued Salaries and Fringes		81,378		-		-		8,594		89,972
Due to Other Funds		17,031		-		-		85,182		102,213
Due to Other Governments		27,981		-		-		-		27,981
Advances from Other Funds		- 0.000		-		770,368		-		770,368
Deposits Unearned Revenue		2,332		-		-		70.400		2,332
		150,928				770,368		79,136 235,369		230,064
Total Liabilities		421,088		-		110,300		235,369		1,426,825
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Taxes Collected for a Subsequent Period		12,535		_				2,535		15,070
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes and		,						_,,		,
Special Assessments		92,255		-		_		15,240		107,495
Unavailable Revenue - Loans		, <u>-</u>		-		_		28,922		28,922
Unavailable Revenue - Grants and Other		130,540		-		-		126,303		256,843
Unavailable Revenue - Pledges		, -		40,666		-		, -		40,666
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		235,330		40,666		-		173,000		448,996
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid Items		135,268		9,990		-		9,344		154,602
Advance		770,368		-		-		· -		770,368
Inventory		4,627		-		-		40,169		44,796
Restricted for:										
Seizures		30,098		-		-		-		30,098
Library		-		-		-		349,989		349,989
Port Authority		-				-		2,244,827		2,244,827
Revolving Loans		-		-		-		674,930		674,930
Committed to:										
Fire Equipment		-		-		-		143,240		143,240
Airport Operations		-		-		-		28,202		28,202
Economic Development		-		-		-		856		856
Hospital Building		-		-		-		1,181,451		1,181,451
Tax Levy Stabilization		-		5,000,000		=		-		5,000,000
Capital Expenditures		-		1,483,507		-		-		1,483,507
Assigned to:										
Softball Improvements		67,150		-		-		-		67,150
Working Capital		2,292,170		-		-		-		2,292,170
Fire Relief Contribution		41,724		-		-		-		41,724
Unassigned:		3,124,839				(770,368)		(93,127)		2,261,344
Total Fund Balances		6,466,244		6,493,497		(770,368)		4,579,881		16,769,254
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	7,122,662	\$	6,534,163	\$		\$	4,988,250	\$	18,645,075

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds		\$	16,769,254
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	\$ 1,638,484		
Land Improvements	100,938		
Construction in Progress	392,553 1,393,082		
Land Improvements, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Buildings, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	9,586,139		
Infrastructure, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	9,559,029		
Machinery and Shop Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,624,645		
Library Books, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,169		
			24,296,039
Some of the City's property taxes, special assessments, and other revenues will			
be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the			
current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue			400.000
in the governmental funds.			433,926
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is			
recognized as an expenditure when due. Accrued interest for general obligation			(2.625)
bonds is included in the statement of net position.			(2,625)
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge the costs of certain activities			
to individual funds. The portion of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds that are			
used by the governmental funds are included in governmental activities in the			
statement of net position.			2,131,771
The City's net pension asset and liability and related deferred outflows and inflows			
are recorded only on the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:			
Net Pension Asset			185,801
Net Pension Liability			(2,347,351)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related			715,543
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related			(996,759)
The City's other postemployment liability and related deferred outflows are recorded only on the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:			
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability			(366,472)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Related			15,491
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB Related			(61,042)
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable,			
are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as			
fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the			
statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:			
Bonds Payable, excluding Internal Service Funds	(477,053)		
Unamortized Cost of Refunding Compensated Absences Payable	1,935 (291,300)		
Compensated Absences I ayable	(281,300)	•	(766,418)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	40,007,158
		_	

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

REVENUES		General		Capital Projects Fund	F	TIF #10-1 Runnings levelopment		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Local Tax Levies	\$	2,801,331	\$	181,100	\$	68,464	\$	511,338	\$	3,562,233
Intergovernmental	φ	2,458,414	φ	101,100	φ	00,404	φ	242,991	φ	2,701,405
Charges for Services		532,997		-		-		227,046		760,043
Fees. Licenses and Permits		146,246		-		-		221,040		146,246
Fines and Forfeits		43,517		-		-		1,827		45,344
Investment Earnings		222,576		265,755		-		48,458		536,789
Contributions		9,091		5,098		-		6,144		20,333
Miscellaneous		305,445		20,000		-		637,100		962,545
Total Revenues		6,519,617		471,953		68,464		1,674,904		
Total Revenues		0,519,617		471,955		00,404		1,674,904		8,734,938
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		1,069,874		-		-		5,651		1,075,525
Public Safety		2,001,920		-		-		9,950		2,011,870
Highways and Streets		1,081,687		31,523		-		-		1,113,210
Culture and Recreation		1,534,584		-		-		393,112		1,927,696
Economic Development		48,141		-		362		79,656		128,159
Airport		-		-		-		384,154		384,154
Capital Outlay		431,914		482,133		-		42,337		956,384
Debt Service;										
Principal		-		-		-		382,553		382,553
Interest		-		-		24,101		22,453		46,554
Fiscal Agent Fees		-						8,610		8,610
Total Expenditures		6,168,120		513,656		24,463		1,328,476		8,034,715
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES		351,497		(41,703)		44,001		346,428		700,223
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In		1,585,513		666,102		-		1,991,898		4,243,513
Transfers Out		(2,044,443)		(1,001,352)		-		(146,525)		(3,192,320)
Insurance Proceeds		-		-		-		100,057		100,057
Issuance of Debt		-		-		-		269,181		269,181
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(458,930)		(335,250)		-		2,214,611		1,420,431
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(107,433)		(376,953)		44,001		2,561,039		2,120,654
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		6,573,677		6,870,450		(814,369)		2,018,842		14,648,600
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	6,466,244	\$	6,493,497	\$	(770,368)	\$	4,579,881	\$	16,769,254

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,120,654
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays \$ 955,971 Net Book Value of Disposed Assets (14,624) Depreciation Expense (4,415,223)	
	(3,473,876)
Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues,	
regardless of when it is due.	6,370
The governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, whereas in the statement of activities repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these	
differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows: Debt Issued (269,181) Repayment of Bond Principal 382,553 Amortization of Bond Discount (484)	440.000
Delinquent property taxes, special assessments, and other receivables will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current-period's expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the governmental funds. In addition, other receivables not currently collectible are also unavailable in the governmental funds. Deferred Inflows - December 31, 2019 Deferred Inflows - December 31, 2020 433,926	112,888 (171,695)
In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). During the current year, compensated absence payable increased.	(12,882)
Some expenses, such as other postemployment benefits, reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(8,868)
Pension expenditures on the governmental funds are measured by current year employer contributions. Pension expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net pension liability (asset) and related inflows and outflows of resources.	303,610
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge costs of certain activities to individual funds. The portion of net revenues of the internal service funds that are received for governmental funds is reported with governmental activities.	63,221
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,060,578)

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Sewer Utility	Water Utility	Electric Utility	Municipal Liquor Store
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,649,365	\$ 721,978	\$ 3,087,735	\$ 333,056
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	-	-	396,606	53,450
Accounts Receivable, Net	142,148		940,428	-
Special Assessments Receivable	2,548	3,623	6,857	-
Accrued Interest Receivable	12,800	9,390	38,560	3,120
Due from Other Funds	300		36,621	-
Due from Other Governmental Units	293		47,586	1,661
Inventories	2,830	55,643	531,062	232,035
Prepaid Items	4,460	3,261	74,487	5,279
Total Current Assets	2,814,744	984,969	5,159,942	628,601
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Acquisition Costs, Net of Amortization	-	-	63,583	-
Capital Assets				
Land	35,524	•	271,256	42,900
Construction in Progress	956,042	469,932	1,443,060	-
Buildings and Improvements	11,142,730	15,182,977	20,722,595	601,262
Machinery and Equipment	2,353,473	1,725,884	3,206,560	196,334
Total Capital Assets	14,487,769	17,433,331	25,643,471	840,496
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(8,740,022) (5,008,867)	(12,798,501)	(386,732)
Net Capital Assets	5,747,747	12,424,464	12,844,970	453,764
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,747,747	12,424,464	12,908,553	453,764
Total Assets	8,562,491	13,409,433	18,068,495	1,082,365
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Loss on Refunding Bonds	6,888	6,104	18,130	1,369
Pension Related	14,400	16,384	52,563	15,019
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	1,576	1,576	4,333	1,576
Deferred Outflows of Resources	22,864	24,064	75,026	17,964

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

N	lon-Major		_	vernmental Activities
	Storm			Internal
	Sewer			Service
	Utility	Totals		Funds
	Othity	 Totals		Fullus
\$	412,391	\$ 7,204,525	\$	789,304
	-	450,056		-
	43,716	1,316,727		66,715
	1,364	14,392		598
	1,343	65,213		1,937
	341	37,806		-
	-	49,635		2,385
	_	821,570		_
	960	88,447		5,060
	460,115	10,048,371		865,999
	-	63,583		-
	548,088	952,306		51,900
	_	2,869,034		63,257
	1,946,754	49,596,318		1,401,265
	69,278	7,551,529		3,987,256
	2,564,120	60,969,187		5,503,678
	(508,023)	(27,442,145)		(2,334,492)
	2,056,097	33,527,042		3,169,186
	2,056,097	33,590,625		3,169,186
	2,516,212	43,638,996		4,035,185
	488	32,979		<u>-</u>
	5,923	104,289		4,284
	394	9,455		394
	6,805	 146,723		4,678

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

LIABILITIES		Sewer Utility		Water Utility		Electric Utility		lunicipal Liquor Store
	\$	36,873	\$	13,823	\$	268,750	\$	80,553
Accounts Payable Contracts Payable	Φ	195,633	Φ	70,758	Φ	43,338	Φ	1,048
		7,733		8,768		45,556 25,554		10,360
Accrued Salaries and Fringes		2,329						294
Accrued Interest Payable Other Accrued Liabilities		2,329		59,066 1,472		6,439 18,633		294
Due to Other Funds		- 10,991		4,696		205		- 1,563
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Units		10,991		4,696 3,997		21,088		28,004
		-		3,997		,		20,004
Customer Deposits Current Portion of Compensated Absences		- 16,909		19,033		135,406		- 14,845
Current Portion of Other Postemployment		10,909		19,033		45,215		14,045
Benefits Liability		1,576		1,576		4,333		1,576
Current Portion of Bonds Payable		87,469		322,639		321,000		50,000
Total Current Liabilities		359,513		505,828		889,961		188,243
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Compensated Absences		23,314		26,772		72,701		23,008
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		31,662		32,677		98,691		31,075
Net Pension Liability		192,601		219,131		703,027		200,883
Bonds Payable - Long-Term		398,566		5,309,058		2,943,312		48,390
Unearned Revenue		_		-		24,322		-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		646,143		5,587,638		3,842,053		303,356
Total Liabilities		1,005,656		6,093,466		4,732,014		491,599
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related		22,086		25,129		80,620		23,037
Other Postemployment Benefits Related		6,459		6,459		17,762		6,459
Deferred Inflows of Resources		28,545		31,588		98,382		29,496
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		5,072,968		6,728,113		9,555,450		356,744
Restricted for Capital Improvements		24,107		-		-		_
Restricted for Bond Reserve Funds		-		-		396,606		53,450
Unrestricted		2,454,079		580,330		3,361,069		169,040
Total Net Position	\$	7,551,154	\$	7,308,443	\$	13,313,125	\$	579,234

Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidated Internal Service Funds Related to the Enterprise Fund Total Net Position of the Business-Type Activities

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

					overnmental Activities
	Storm				Internal
	Sewer				Service
	Utility		Totals		Funds
•	0.004	•	400.000	•	40.004
\$	2,281	\$	402,280	\$	16,304
	- 0.707		310,777		0.464
	2,797		55,212		2,161
	108		68,236		8,900
	-		20,105		1 250
	-		17,455		1,258
	-		53,089 135,406		-
	3,889		99,891		- 5 920
	3,009		99,091		5,830
	394		9,455		394
	6,762		787,870		53,000
	16,231		1,959,776		87,847
	2,586		148,381		6,967
	4,044		198,149		6,238
	79,225		1,394,867		57,297
	43,453		8,742,779		727,000
			24,322		-
	129,308		10,508,498		797,502
	145,539		12,468,274		885,349
	9,085		159,957		6,571
	1,615		38,754		1,615
	10,700		198,711		8,186
	2,006,370		23,719,645		2,389,186
	2,000,370		24,107		۷,509,100
	-		450,056		-
	360,408		6,924,926		- 757,142
\$	2,366,778		31,118,734	\$	3,146,328
φ	2,000,110		01,110,734	φ	J, 1 1 0,J∠0

1,014,557 \$ 32,133,291

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

OPERATING REVENUE Sales Cost of Sales Charges for Services Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenue	\$ Sewer Utility - - 1,025,497 8,863 1,034,360	\$ Water Utility - - 1,462,961 11,967 1,474,928	Electric Utility \$ - 6,297,703 303,525 6,601,228	Municip Liquo Store \$ 2,656 (1,985	,817
ODED ATIMO EVDENOSO					
OPERATING EXPENSES	206 200	264 226	1.015.100	271	710
Personal Services Administration and General	326,388 197,724	364,226 126,956	1,015,109 228,041		,712 ,042
Supplies, Repairs, Services and Rents	166,833	248,606	2,971,975		,042 ,995
Depreciation and Amortization	307,198	388,979	764,169		,683
Benefits or Claims Paid	-	-	-	20	,000 -
Miscellaneous	51,082	5,690	-	53	,587
Total Operating Expenses	1,049,225	1,134,457	4,979,294		,019
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(14,865)	340,471	1,621,934		,740
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)					
Intergovernmental Revenues	_	1,890	1,430	4.	,972
Investment Earnings	98,367	26,789	164,634		,547
Miscellaneous Revenues	3,616	14,017	69,885	1,	,162
Interest Expense	(22,780)	(176,067)	(98,747)	(7	,385)
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		_			
Total Other Income (Expense)	79,203	(133,371)	137,202	12	,296
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	64,338	207,100	1,759,136	175	,036
TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Transfers In	-	-	-		_
Transfers Out	(14,000)	(92,043)	(894,150)	(120	,000)
Capital Contributions	 686,102	262,135			
Total Transfers and Capital Contributions	 672,102	170,092	(894,150)	(120	,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	736,440	377,192	864,986	55	,036
Net Position - Beginning of Year	6,814,714	 6,931,251	12,448,139	524	,198_
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,551,154	\$ 7,308,443	\$ 13,313,125	\$ 579	,234

Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to the Enterprise Funds Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Non-Major		Governmental Activities
Storm	•	Internal
Sewer		Service
Utility	Totals	Funds
\$ -	\$ 2,656,817	\$ -
Ψ -	(1,985,058)	
312,476	9,098,637	1,681,830
816	325,171	13,348
313,292	10,095,567	1,695,178
0.10,202	10,000,001	1,000,110
132,129	2,209,564	90,091
19,493	609,256	70,764
38,066	3,451,475	152,387
58,791	1,539,820	383,561
-	.,000,020	1,002,698
43,876	154,235	3,871
292,355	7,964,350	1,703,372
202,000	7,001,000	1,100,012
20,937	2,131,217	(8,194)
	0.000	
-	8,292	40.000
18,444	321,781	19,909
22	88,702	- (40.407)
(1,346)	(306,325)	
47.400	440.450	25,926
17,120	112,450	26,348
38,057	2,243,667	18,154
-	-	77,763
(8,763)	(1,128,956)	-
	948,237	
(8,763)	(180,719)	77,763
29,294	2,062,948	95,917
2,337,484		3,050,411
\$ 2,366,778	•	\$ 3,146,328
	32,696	

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

2,095,644

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Sewer Utility	Water Utility	Electric Utility	Municipal Liquor Store
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Receipts from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Employees	\$ 1,087,638 (400,371) (330,180)	\$ 1,540,443 (415,265) (373,177)	\$ 6,598,817 (3,104,317) (1,061,121)	\$ 2,655,485 (2,071,518) (371,172)
Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities	357,087	752,001	2,433,379	212,795
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds	(14,000) -	(92,043)	(894,150) -	(120,000) -
Other Nonoperating Revenues Unrestricted Donations and Grant Revenues	3,616	14,017 1,890	69,885 1,430	6,134 -
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(10,384)	(76,136)	(822,835)	(113,866)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Capital Assets Proceeds from Issuance of Refunding Bonds	(158,202) 301,291	(373,648) 233,313	(1,728,492)	(62,984) -
Principal Paid on Bonds Interest, Paying Agent Fees	(364,905) (24,558)	(526,350) (179,699)	(537,000) (94,397)	(50,000) (5,966)
Net Cash Flows Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(246,374)	(846,384)	(2,359,889)	(118,950)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments	100,989	27,430	166,738	13,803
Net Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities	100,989	27,430	166,738	13,803
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	201,318	(143,089)	(582,607)	(6,218)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	2,448,047	865,067	4,066,948	392,724
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,649,365	\$ 721,978	\$ 3,484,341	\$ 386,506

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

 Non-Major Storm Sewer Utility	Totals	G(overnmental Activities Internal Service Funds
\$ 312,655 (98,124) (127,194)	\$ 12,195,038 (6,089,595) (2,262,844)	\$	1,628,031 (1,298,068) (90,760)
87,337	3,842,599		239,203
(8,763)	(1,128,956)		- 77,342
44,683	138,335 3,320		-
35,920	(987,301)		77,342
(170,880) 50,215 (53,191) (1,820)	(2,494,206) 584,819 (1,531,446) (306,440)		(95,699) 780,000 (795,000) (23,002)
(175,676)	(3,747,273)		(133,701)
18,717	 327,677		20,868
18,717	327,677		20,868
(33,702)	(564,298)		203,712
 446,093	 8,218,879		585,592
\$ 412,391	\$ 7,654,581	\$	789,304

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Sewer Utility		Water Utility		Electric Utility	N	lunicipal Liquor Store
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME				·				
(LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING								
ACTIVITIES	_	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_		_		_	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(14,865)	\$	340,471	\$	1,621,934	\$	162,740
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to								
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		007.400		000.070		704 400		00.000
Depreciation and Amortization		307,198		388,979		764,169		20,683
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and								
Deferred Outflows: Receivables		14 200		(0.454)		20.677		
Due from Other Funds		14,309 200		(2,154) 312		30,677 1,314		-
Due from Other Governments		38,769		67,357		(38,017)		- (1,661)
Inventories		(31)		(4,161)		91,947		(31,348)
Prepaid Items		224		(4, 101)		15,568		(31,3 4 6) 147
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension		(1,894)		(1,846)		(3,982)		(1,843)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB		(1,094)		(1,040)		(3,962)		(1,043)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and		(103)		(103)		(202)		(103)
Deferred Inflows:								
Accounts Payable		12,547		(28,512)		(12,494)		55,131
Contracts Payable		-		(20,012)		(12, 101)		8
Accrued Salaries and Fringes		(4,856)		(5,450)		(19,878)		247
Due to Other Funds		2,528		298		5		329
Due to Other Governments		_,===		(1,497)		673		6,226
Unearned Revenue		_		-		(3,961)		-
OPEB Liability		2,280		2,280		6,270		2,279
Other Accrued Liabilities		(1,279)		(1,120)		12,769		, -
Customer Deposits		-		-		7,576		-
Net Pension Liability		23,851		22,960		47,484		23,085
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension		(20,524)		(24,405)		(84,907)		(21,858)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB		(1,267)		(1,267)		(3,486)		(1,267)
Net Cash Flows Provided by								
Operating Activities	\$	357,087	\$	752,001	\$	2,433,379	\$	212,795
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	S:							
Capital Assets on Account	\$	195,633	\$	70,758	\$	43,338	\$	-

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

N	on-Major Storm Sewer Utility	Totals	overnmental Activities Internal Service Funds
\$	20,937	\$ 2,131,217	\$ (8,194)
	58,791	1,539,820	383,561
	(626) (11) - - 1,106 (1,042) (26)	42,206 1,815 66,448 56,407 16,904 (10,607) (617)	(66,336) - (811) - (155) (397) (26)
	2,205 (58) - - 570 - 13,355 (7,547) (317)	28,877 8 (29,995) 3,160 5,402 (3,961) 13,679 10,370 7,576 130,735 (159,241) (7,604)	(65,631) - (1,239) 570 - 4,850 (6,672) (317)
\$	87,337	\$ 3,842,599	\$ 239,203
\$	-	\$ 309,729	\$ -

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Redwood Falls (the City) is a public corporation formed under Minnesota Statutes §410. As such, the City is under home rule charter regulations and applicable statutory guidelines. The governing body consists of a six-member City Council, one of which is the Mayor. The governing body is elected by voters of the City to serve four-year staggered terms.

The basic financial statements of the City of Redwood Falls have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Redwood Falls and its component unit. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the Primary Government is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the Primary Government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the Primary Government is financially accountable for a component include whether or not the Primary Government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's board, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit.

Component Units

In conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Unit

The Port Authority was established to facilitate and assist economic development and increase the efficiency of business recruitment. The representatives of the Port Authority comprise of representatives of both city government and private enterprises. The Port Authority has the control, authority and operation of all existing and future tax increment development plans located within the City. The powers of the Port Authority are granted by state statute.

For financial reporting purposes, the Port Authority is reported as a blended component unit because it provides services entirely, or almost entirely to the City.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Other Organizations

The Redwood Falls Fire Relief Association (the Association) is organized as a nonprofit organization, legally separate from the City, to provide pension and other benefits to its members in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. Its board of directors is appointed by the membership of the Association and not by the City Council and the Association issues its own set of financial statements. Because the Association is fiscally independent of the City, the financial statements of the Association have not been included within the City's reporting entity. The City's portion of the costs of the Association's pension benefits is included in the General Fund under public safety.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the Primary Government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities and business type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted net position; and (3) unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and proprietary) are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for activity associated with significant capital projects that are not accounted for in the proprietary funds.

TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment Fund

The TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for activity associated with redevelopment in TIF district 10-1.

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

Sanitary Sewer Utility Fund

The Sanitary Sewer Utility Fund is used to account for customer sewer service charges that are used to finance sewer operating expenses.

Water Utility Fund

The Water Utility Fund is used to account for customer water service charges that are used to finance water operating expenses.

Electric Utility Fund

The Electric Utility Fund is used to account for customer electrical service charges that are used to finance the electric utility operating expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Liquor Fund

The Liquor Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's liquor store.

Storm Sewer Utility Fund

The Storm Sewer Utility Fund is used to account for the operations of the storm sewer charges that are used to finance storm sewer utility expenses.

Additionally, the City reports the following funds as well as other governmental nonmajor funds aggregated in the fund financial statements:

Internal Service Funds

The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City or to other entities, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains two internal service funds. The Central Garage Fund is used to account for the maintenance and purchase of public works equipment used in the maintenance of City infrastructure and facilities. The Insurance Fund accounts for activities of the City's group health plan.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. The City considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City reports unearned revenue on its governmental fund balance sheets. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received prior to the incurrence of the qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connections with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

E. Legal Compliance - Budgets

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 30, the Director of Finance and Administrative Services submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Legal Compliance – Budgets (Continued)

- 3. The Director of Finance and Administrative Services is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within any department budget; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds.

F. Cash and Investments

Cash and investment balances from all funds are pooled and invested to the extent available in investments authorized by Minnesota Statutes. Earnings from investments are allocated to individual funds on the basis of the fund's equity in the cash and investment pool. Interest earnings are accrued at the balance sheet date.

The City provides temporary advances to funds that have insufficient cash balances by means of an advance from another fund shown as interfund receivables in the advancing fund in the governmental fund financial statements, and an interfund payable in the fund with the deficit, until adequate resources are received. These interfund payables are eliminated for statement of net position presentation.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows the Proprietary Funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. All of the cash and investments allocated to the proprietary fund types have original maturities of 90 days or less. Therefore, the entire balance in such fund types is considered cash equivalents.

G. Cash and Investments - Restricted

At December 31, 2020, restricted cash and investments are assets set aside for a debt service reserve fund required under a bond agreement.

H. Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City has an allowance for uncollectible accounts which was \$22,000 for the General Fund, for the Sewer Fund, \$46,000 for the Electric Fund, and \$3,000 for the aggregate remaining funds at December 31, 2020.

I. Property Tax Revenue Recognition

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to Redwood County, Minnesota (the County) in December of each year for billing and collection in the following year. Such taxes become a lien against the property on the first Monday of January of the next year and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Property Tax Revenue Recognition (Continued)

The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the cities, the local school districts and other taxing authorities. These taxes are payable by property owners by May 15 and October 15 of each calendar year. These taxes are collected by the County and remitted to the City with each settlement.

Within the governmental fund financial statements, the City recognizes property tax revenue when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. In practice, current and delinquent taxes and state credits received by the City in July, December and the following January are recognized as revenue for the current year. Taxes and credits not received at the year-end are classified as delinquent and due from County taxes receivable. The portion of delinquent taxes not collected by the City in January is fully offset by unavailable revenue because it is not available to finance current expenditures. Unavailable revenue in governmental activities is susceptible to full accrual on the government-wide statements.

J. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out method. Land held for resale is valued at cost.

K. Special Assessment Revenue Recognition

Special assessments are levied against benefited properties for the cost or a portion of the cost of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with state statutes. These assessments are collectible by the City over a term of years usually consistent with the term of the related bond issue. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

Within the fund financial statements, the revenue from special assessments is recognized by the City when it becomes measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. In practice, current and delinquent special assessments received by the City are recognized as revenue for the current year. Special assessments are collected by the County and remitted by December 31 (remitted to the City the following January) and are also recognized as revenue for the current year. All remaining delinquent special assessments receivable in governmental funding are completely offset by unavailable revenues. Unavailable revenue in governmental activities is susceptible to full accrual on the government-wide statements.

Once a special assessment roll is adopted, the amount attributed to each parcel is a lien upon that property until full payment is made or the amount is determined to be excessive by the City Council or court action.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Special Assessment Revenue Recognition (Continued)

If special assessments are allowed to go delinquent, the property is subject to tax forfeit sale and the first proceeds of that sale (after costs, penalties and expenses of sale) are remitted to the City in payment of delinquent special assessments. Generally, the City will collect the full amount of its special assessments not adjusted by City Council or court action. Pursuant to state statutes, a property shall be subject to a tax forfeit sale after three years unless it is homesteaded, agricultural or seasonal recreational land in which event the property is subject to such sale after five years.

L. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables are classified as interfund receivables and payables on the governmental fund balance sheet.

M. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is for redevelopment purposes and for subsequent resale. Land held for resale is reported as an asset at the lower of cost or estimated fair value. Fair value estimates have been based on estimated realizable sales proceeds net of selling expenses.

N. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, street lights, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The cost of infrastructure acquired prior to implementation of GASB 34 is included at estimated historical costs based on the current replacement cost of a similar asset and deflated through the use of price-level indexes at the time of implementation. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (entry price) on the date of donation. The City uses a capitalization threshold of \$25,000 for buildings, building improvements, and infrastructure, and \$5,000 for all other capital assets.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for City purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Capital Assets (Continued)

Buildings	10 to 50 Years
Infrastructure	10 to 50 Years
Machinery and Shop Equipment	5 to 10 Years
Office Equipment and Furniture	3 to 20 Years

O. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period. The City will not recognize the related outflow until a future event occurs.

P. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay and the portion of sick pay allowable as severance pay is accrued as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion is calculated based on historical trends.

Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

R. Long-Term Obligations

In the entity-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and proprietary funds. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year that the related debt was issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as another financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issue costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

S. Deferred Inflow of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the City's governmental fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period. The City will not recognize the related revenue until a future event occurs.

T. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report components of fund balance to provide information about fund balance availability for appropriation.

- **Nonspendable Fund Balance**. Represents amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted Fund Balance**. Represents amounts available for appropriation but intended for a specific use and is legally restricted by outside parties.
- Committed Fund Balance. Represents constraints on spending that the government imposes upon itself by high-level formal action (resolution) prior to the close of the period. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Fund Balance. Represents resources intended for spending for a
 purpose set by the governing body itself or by some person or body delegated to
 exercise such authority in accordance with policy established by the board. The City
 Council authorizes the Director of Finance & Administrative Services to assign fund
 balance that reflects the City's intended use of those funds.
- Unassigned Fund Balance. The residual classification for the government's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. It is the City's policy that at the end of each fiscal year, the City will maintain an assigned and unassigned portion of the fund balance for cash flow not less than 50% of next year's General Fund budgeted operating expenditures.

In accordance with the City's fund balance policy, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available; it is the City's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted fund balance. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance is available, it is the City's policy to use committed first, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

U. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statement when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

V. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/ expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All interfund transactions are eliminated except for activity between governmental activities and business-type activities for presentation in the entity-wide statements of net position and statements of activities.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Investments." In accordance with Minnesota Statutes the City maintains deposits at financial institutions which are authorized by the City Council.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City, including its blended component unit, does not have a specific deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows Minnesota Statutes for deposits. Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral include: U.S. government treasury bills, notes, or bonds; issues of a U.S. government agency; general obligations of a state or local government rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank; and time deposits insured by a federal agency.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits (Continued)

Minnesota Statutes require securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or at an account at a trust departments of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the depository.

The City's deposits in banks at December 31, 2020 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance and collateral in accordance with Minnesota Statutes.

B. Investments

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes and the City's investment policy as follows:

- Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating; is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency; and all of the investments have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- General obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rate "A" or better.
- Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.

In addition to the above, Minnesota Statutes authorize cities to invest, under certain conditions, in commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts, repurchase agreements, and securities lending agreements, however, the City investment policy does not allow these types of investments.

Fair Value Measurements

The City uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures.

The City follows an accounting standard that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with this standard, the City has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the statement of net position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities. The inputs include those traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, as well as U.S. treasury and other U.S. government and agency mortgage-backed securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants and would use in pricing the asset.

The following information provides disclosures related to the City's December 31, 2020, investment balances:

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy does not specifically restrict investments as to maturities.

Investments Held with Broker

Information about the sensitivity of the City's broker-held investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

<u> </u>	Total	1	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	More than 60 Months		
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 4,308,990	\$	-	\$ 520	\$ 1,697,518	\$	2,610,952	
Federated Gov Obligation Fund	919,703		919,703	-	-		-	
Municipal Securities	 14,623,666		1,036,310	 867,008	7,216,741		5,503,607	
Total	\$ 19,852,359	\$	1,956,013	\$ 867,528	\$ 8,914,259	\$	8,114,559	

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City's investment policy does not further limit its investing options beyond state statute.

The following chart summarizes year-end ratings for the City's investments as rated by Moody's Investors Service:

	Credit	
Type	Quality Rating	Amount
U.S. Government Agencies	Aaa	\$ 4,308,990
Federated Gov Obligation Fund	NR	919,703
Municipal Securities	NR	3,102,015
Municipal Securities	A3	482,656
Municipal Securities	Aaa	2,787,150
Municipal Securities	Aaaa	152,180
Municipal Securities	Aa1	3,769,190
Municipal Securities	Aa2	3,939,573
Municipal Securities	Aa3	 390,902
Total		\$ 19,852,359

^{*}NR = Not Rated

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City will minimize custodial credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities listed in the investment policy and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the City will do business in accordance with this investment policy.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount that it may invest in any one issuer. The following securities exceed 5% of the City's investment portfolio:

Туре		Amount	 Percentage
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$	1,759,575	8.9 %
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bond		1,901,604	9.6

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement

City Investments are measured as follows:

	De	ecember 31,					
		2020		Level 1	Level 2		_evel 3
Investments by Fair Value Level:							
U.S. Government Agencies	\$	4,159,278	\$	-	\$ 4,159,278	\$	-
U.S. Government Agencies -							
Mortgage Backed		149,712		-	149,712		-
Municipal Bonds		14,623,666			14,623,666		
Total Investments by Fair							
Value Level		18,932,656	\$	_	\$ 18,932,656	\$	_
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost: Federated Gov Obligation Fund Total Investments	\$	919,703 19,852,359					

The Federated Government Obligation Fund is a brokered money market account that is valued at amortized cost with maturities of investments of one year or less.

C. Financial Statement Presentation

Deposits and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:

				C	ash and				
	Cash and			Cash and Investments -					
	Investments			R	estricted		Total		
Enterprise Funds	\$	7,204,525		\$	450,056	\$	7,654,581		
Governmental Funds		14,754,384			-		14,754,384		
Internal Service Funds		789,304	_				789,304		
Total Primary Government	\$	22,748,213	=	\$	450,056	\$	23,198,269		
Petty Cash and Change Fund	\$	2,470							
Investments		19,852,359							
Deposits		3,340,440							
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	23,195,269							

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities, Including Internal					
Service Funds					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,690,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,690,384
Land Improvements	100,938	-	-	-	100,938
Construction in Progress	20,510	435,300			455,810
Total Capital Assets, Not Being					
Depreciated	1,811,832	435,300	-	-	2,247,132
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Land Improvements	1,816,303	78,433	(9,871)	160,174	2,045,039
Buildings	41,968,352	194,543	(54,729)	(122,403)	41,985,763
Infrastructure	21,283,031	48,873	(37,605)	(3,921)	21,290,378
Machinery and Shop Equipment	7,913,783	324,447	(207,349)	(33,850)	7,997,031
Office Equipment and Furniture	193,371	-	(3,390)	-	189,981
Library Books	677,362				677,362
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated	73,852,202	646,296	(312,944)	-	74,185,554
Accumulated Depreciation for					
Land Improvements:	(433,676)	(103,010)	9,871	(125,142)	(651,957)
Buildings	(27,834,360)	(3,336,184)	53,221	118,964	(30,998,359)
Infrastructure	(10,963,507)	(807,864)	36,101	3,921	(11,731,349)
Machinery and Shop Equipment	(4,363,241)	(550,374)	191,736	2,257	(4,719,622)
Office Equipment and Furniture	(193,191)	(181)	3,391	-	(189,981)
Library Books	(675,022)	(1,171)			(676,193)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(44,462,997)	(4,798,784)	294,320		(48,967,461)
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated, Net	29,389,205	(4,152,488)	(18,624)		25,218,093
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 31,201,037	\$ (3,717,188)	\$ (18,624)	\$ -	\$ 27,465,225

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 32,041
Public Safety	70,683
Highways and Streets	1,045,963
Culture and Recreation	583,661
Airport	212,066
Community Development	 2,854,370
Total Depreciation Expense,	
Governmental Activities	\$ 4,798,784

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance		Increases	D	ecreases	 Fransfers	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities							
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 952,306	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 952,306
Construction in Progress	 370,663		2,572,488		(74,117)	 	2,869,034
Total Capital Assets, Not Being							
Depreciated	1,322,969		2,572,488		(74,117)	-	3,821,340
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and Improvements	49,173,353		236,543		(329,636)	516,058	49,596,318
Machinery and Shop Equipment	7,830,062		431,648		(194,123)	(516,058)	7,551,529
Total Capital Assets, Being						-	
Depreciated	57,003,415		668,191		(523,759)	-	57,147,847
Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements	(20,492,788)		(1,296,113)		329,636	(440,599)	(21,899,864)
Machinery and Shop Equipment	(5,949,202)		(227,798)		194,120	440,599	(5,542,281)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(26,441,990)		(1,523,911)		523,756		(27,442,145)
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated, Net	30,561,425		(855,720)		(3)	-	29,705,702
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 31,884,394	\$	1,716,768	\$	(74,120)	\$ -	\$ 33,527,042

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities	
Municipal Liquor Store	\$ 20,683
Water Utility	388,979
Sewer Utility	307,197
Storm Sewer Utility	58,791
Electric Utility	 748,261
Total Depreciation Expense,	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,523,911

NOTE 4 CITY INDEBTEDNESS

City indebtedness at December 31, 2020 is comprised of the following:

	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	(Original Issue		Payable cember 31, 2020
Governmental Activities, Including Internal							
Service Funds							
General Obligation Equipment Certificates	9/1/2010	2/1/2021	3.25%	\$	320,000	\$	35,000
General Obligation Bonds:							
Refunding Bonds - Series 2014A	2/27/14	2/1/2024	.35 - 2.50%		484,042		172,872
General Obligation Bonds -Series 2020B Refunding	10/1/2020	2/1/2029	.55 - 1.3%		269,181		269,181
General Obligation Notes:							
Capital Impr Plan Note - Series 2020A Refunding	5/11/2020	2/1/2034	1.90%		780,000		780,000
Total Bonds and Notes					1,853,223		1,257,053
Unamortized Bond (Discount)/Premium					(7,860)		-
Compensated Absences Payable					N/A		304,097
Total Governmental Activities				\$	1,845,363	\$	1,561,150
Business-Type Activities							
General Obligation Bonds:							
Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A							
- Water Portion	2/27/2014	2/1/2024	.35 - 2.50%	\$	818,675	\$	292,384
Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A							
- Sewer Portion	2/27/2014	2/1/2024	.35 - 2.50%		517,283		184,744
General Obligation Bonds -Series 2020B Refunding							
- Water Portion	10/1/2020	2/1/2029	.55 - 1.3%		233,313		233,313
General Obligation Bonds -Series 2020B Refunding							
- Sewer Portion	10/1/2020	2/1/2029	.55 - 1.3%		301,291		301,291
General Obligation Bonds -Series 2020B Refunding							
- Storm Sewer Portion	10/1/2020	2/1/2029	.55 - 1.3%		50,215		50,215
General Obligation Revenue Bonds:							
Liquor Store Revenue							
Bonds, Series 2011A	11/10/2011	12/01/2022	1-3.5%		490,000		100,000
Electric Revenue Refunding							
Bonds, Series 2013A	3/5/2013	12/1/2027	1 - 2.5%		2,065,000		1,035,000
Water Revenue Bonds							
Bonds, Series 2018A	10/1/2018	2/1/2034	3 - 3.25%		720,000		685,000
Electric Revenue Bonds							
Bonds, Series 2019A	11/19/2019	12/1/2031	2.35%		2,415,000		2,238,000
Notes from Direct Borrowings:							
General Obligation Water Revenue							
Bond of 2009	11/17/2009	8/20/2039	2.936%		6,526,070		4,421,000
Total Bonds				•	14,136,847		9,540,947
Unamortized Bond Discount					(107,447)		(10,298)
Compensated Absences Payable					N/A		248,272
Total Business-Type Activities				\$ ^	14,029,400	\$	9,778,921

NOTE 4 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of changes in City indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2020:

		Balance cember 31,						Balance ecember 31.	П	ue Within
	ЪС	2019		Additions	Reductions		2020		One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds/Notes Payable:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	1,315,425	\$	269,181	\$	1,142,553	\$	442,053	\$	80,131
General Obligation Equipment Certificates		70,000		-		35,000		35,000		35,000
General Obligation Notes		-		780,000		-		780,000		53,000
Compensated Absences Payable		290,942		284,788		271,633		304,097		145,887
Unamortized Bond (Discount)/Premium		(2,419)				(2,419)				-
Total		1,673,948		1,333,969		1,446,767		1,561,150		314,018
Business-Type Activities:										
Bonds/Notes Payable:										
General Obligation Bonds		594,574		584,819		117,446		1,061,947		199,870
General Obligation Revenue Bonds		5,300,000		-		1,242,000		4,058,000		411,000
G.O. Notes from Direct Borrowings		4,593,000		-		172,000		4,421,000		177,000
Compensated Absences Payable		234,167		186,619		172,514		248,272		99,891
Unamortized Bond Discount		(21,497)		-		(11,199)		(10,298)		-
Total		10,700,244		771,438		1,692,761		9,778,921		887,761
Total Primary Government										
Indebtedness	\$	12,374,192	\$	2,105,407	\$	3,139,528	\$	11,340,071	\$	1,201,779

The City's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to the Water fund debt of \$4,421,000 contain (1) a provision that if the City is unable to make a payment when due, an interest penalty may be imposed and one or more of the following remedies may be exercised (a) withhold approval of any disbursement request (b) reject any pending application by the City for financial assistance (c) to the extent permitted by law, demand immediate payment of the note in full and upon such demand, the outstanding principal amount of the note will be immediately due and payable with interest accrued thereon to the date of payment (d) exercise any other remedy availability under law and (2) a provision that if the City fails to comply with any other provision within the note agreement an immediate increase in the interest rate on the loan by eliminating all interest rate discounts that were originally applied, in addition, the default remedies for failure to make a payment as listed above may be exercised.

All long-term bonded indebtedness outstanding at December 31, 2020 is backed by the full-faith and credit of the City, including special assessment bond issues.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences payable are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 4 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Description and Restrictions of Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Equipment Certificates – These obligations were issued for the purpose of purchasing specific equipment items. The certificates are payable from the general resources of the City.

General Obligation Revenue Bonds – These bonds were issued for improvements or projects which benefited either a specific governmental activity or enterprise funds. The bonds are payable solely from revenues generated by the related governmental activity or enterprise fund.

2009 General Obligation Revenue Note – On November 17, 2009, the City issued a note to the Minnesota Public Facilities Authority for \$6,526,070. The total amount drawn on this note was \$6,083,071. The note has a final maturity of August 20, 2039. The outstanding balance of the note bears interest at 2.936% annually. The note was issued in connection with the financing of a drinking water project.

Liquor Store Revenue Refunding Bonds – On November 10, 2011, the City issued \$490,000 of Liquor Store Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011A, which were used to prepay the November 10, 2011 through December 1, 2022 maturities of the City's Liquor Store Revenue Bonds of 2002. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$20,627.

Electric Utility Revenue Bonds – On March 5, 2013, the City Council issued \$2,065,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A. The bond has a final maturity of December 1, 2027. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest at 1.00% to 2.50% annually. The bond was issued in connection with funding capital improvements to the hydroelectric power generation and distribution system.

General Obligation Water Revenue Bonds – On October 1, 2018, the City Council issued \$720,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A. The bond has a final maturity of February 1, 2034. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest ranging from 3.00% to 3.25% annually.

General Obligation Refunding Bonds – On February 27, 2014, the City issued \$1,820,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A, which were used to prepay the February 1, 2014 through February 1, 2024 maturities of the City's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A.

Electric Utility Revenue Refunding Bonds – On November 19, 2019, the City Council issued \$2,415,000 of Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A. The bond has a final maturity of December 1, 2031. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest at 2.35% annually. The bond refunded the series 2011B Electric Utility Revenue Bonds. The difference in cash flows between the old and new debt will be a savings of \$139,956 over the life of the bond. The economic gain on refunding calculated on a present value basis totaled \$115,408.

NOTE 4 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Description and Restrictions of Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Capital Improvement Plan Refunding Note, Series 2020A – On May 11, 2020, the City Council issued \$780,000 of General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2020A. The bond has a final maturity of February 1, 2034. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest at 1.90% annually. The bond refunded the series 2013B General Obligation Improvement Plan Bonds. The difference in cash flows between the old and new debt will be a savings of \$117,533 over the life of the bond. The economic gain on refunding calculated on a present value basis totaled \$111,817.

General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2020B – On October 1, 2020, the City Council issued \$854,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2020B. The bond has a final maturity of February 1, 2029. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest ranging from .55% to 1.30% annually. The bond refunded the series 2013C General Obligation Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds and the 2008A PIR bonds. The difference in cash flows between the old and new debt will be a savings of \$57,995 over the life of the bond. The economic gain on refunding calculated on a present value basis totaled \$56,487.

Minimum annual principal and interest payments required to retire long-term debt, not including compensated absences payable are as follows:

		Governmental Activities											
		eneral Obli	gation	Bonds		Equipment	Certifi	cates	General Obligation Notes				
Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal	lı	nterest	Principal		Interest		Principal Interest Principa		rincipal	I	nterest
2021	\$	80,131	\$	5,007	\$	35,000	\$	569	\$	53,000	\$	17,610	
2022		83,982		4,255		-		-		50,000		13,338	
2023		81,707		3,056		-		-		51,000		12,379	
2024		78,033		1,815		-		-		52,000		11,400	
2025		37,194		1,063		-		-		53,000		10,403	
2026-2030		81,006		1,971		-		-		279,000		36,433	
2031-2034						-				242,000		9,291	
Total	\$	442,053	\$	17,167	\$	35,000	\$	569	\$	780,000	\$	110,854	

	Business-Type Activities							
	-		Fron	n Direct				
	(General Obli	gatio	n Bonds		Borro	wing	s
Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal		Interest	F	Principal	Interest	
2021	\$	610,870	\$	112,089	\$	177,000	\$	129,801
2022		624,017		99,980		182,000		124,604
2023		577,293		86,701		188,000		119,260
2024		576,967		74,799		193,000		113,741
2025		473,806		63,700		199,000		108,074
2026-2030		1,798,994		173,789		1,086,000		449,209
2031-2035		458,000		20,172		1,254,000		280,300
2036-2039						1,142,000		85,054
Total	\$	5,119,947	\$	631,230	\$	4,421,000	\$	1,410,043

NOTE 5 OPERATING LEASES

Effective September 2, 2014, the City entered into a 15-year operating lease with the County of Redwood to provide a location for the Law Enforcement Center. The lease has two additional 15-year options to extend. The total cost of the operating lease for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$51,200. In addition to the lease payments, the City is required to pay \$33,725 annually over the initial term of the lease for construction contributions. The future minimum lease payments for the lease are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Amount
2021	\$ 51,200
2022	51,200
2023	51,200
2024	51,200
2025	51,200
2026-2029	 204,800
Total	\$ 460,800

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax gualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan

The General Employees Retirement Plan covers certain full time and part-time employees of the City. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% of average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after ten years up to 100% after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. A full, unreduced pension is earned when members are age 55 and vested, or for members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits (Continued)

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase will be fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

1. General Employee Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2020 and the City was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$265,431. The contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

2. Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire member's contribution rates increased from 11.3% of their annual covered salary to 11.8% and employer rates increased from 16.95% to 17.70% on January 1, 2020. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2020, were \$152,265. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs

1. General Employee Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$2,847,842 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$87,701. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was .0475% at the end of the measurement period and .0492% for the beginning of the period.

City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,847,842
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Pension Liability with the City	87,701
Total	\$ 2,935,543

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$17,397 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$7,633 as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense for the annual \$16 million contribution.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred		-	Deferred
	Οι	ıtflows of	li	nflows of
<u>Description</u>	Re	esources	R	esources
Differences Between Expected and Actual	<u> </u>			
Experience	\$	25,965	\$	10,775
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		105,581
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
on Pension Plan Investments		49,199		-
Changes in Proportion		-		210,222
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement		137,759		
Total	\$	212,923	\$	326,578

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

1. General Employee Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

\$137,759 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	City Pension
	Expense
Year Ending December 31,	 Amount
2021	\$ (256,880)
2022	(90,409)
2023	27,070
2024	68,805

2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$951,673 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0722% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0770% percent for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$13.5 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The contribution consisted of \$4.5 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9.0 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$4.5 million direct state was paid on October 1, 2019. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later.

The State of Minnesota is included as a nonemployer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$4.5 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

The state of Minnesota is not included as a nonemployer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$6,498 for the year ended December 31, 2020 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 951,673
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Pension Liability with the City	22,419
Total	\$ 974,092

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$97,370 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City recognized \$6,898 as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense for the contribution of \$4.5 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

	Deferred Outflows of		_	Deferred oflows of	
<u>Description</u>	Resources		Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic					
Experience	\$	42,050	\$	45,194	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		318,925		593,525	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual					
on Pension Plan Investments		28,907		-	
Changes in Proportion		98,796		138,633	
City Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		83,389			
Total	\$	572,067	\$	777,352	
	_				

\$83,389 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	City Pensior	
	E	xpense
Year Ending December 31,	A	Mount
2021	\$	(82,415)
2022		(280,688)
2023		35,739
2024		51,741
Thereafter		(13,051)

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

3. Summary

The aggregate amount of net pension liability, net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for the City's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below. These liabilities are typically liquidated by the individual activity in which the employees costs are associated.

	General					
	Employees	Р	olice and			
	Fund	F	ire Fund	Fire	Relief	Total
Net Pension Liability	\$2,847,842	\$	951,673	\$	-	\$ 3,799,515
Net Pension Asset	-		-	1	85,801	185,801
Deferred Outflows of Resources	212,923		572,067		39,126	824,116
Deferred Inflows of Resources	326,578		777,352		59,357	1,163,287
Pension Expense	25,030		104,268		4,651	133,949

E. Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the City for the year ended December 31, 2020, was \$133,949, which includes \$4,651 for the volunteer firefighters relief association (additional information in Note 13).

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

	General Employees Fund	Police & Fire Fund
Inflation	2.25% per Year	2.5% per Year
Salary Increases	3.25% per Year	3.25% per Year
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table for the General Employees Plan and RP 2014 tables for the Police and Fire for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for the General Employees Plan. For the Police and Fire Plan, cost of living benefit increases for retirees are 1.0 percent per year as set by state statute.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

F. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation. The four-year experience study used for the Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2016. Inflation and investment return assumptions for the Police and Fire Plan are based on the General Employees Retirement Plan experience study completed in 2019.

The most recent four-year experience studies for the Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2020. The recommended assumptions for those plans were adopted by the Board and will be effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuations if approved by the Legislature.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2020:

General Employee Fund

Changes in actuarial assumption:

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

F. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

General Employee Fund (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions:

 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

Police and Fire Plan

Changes in actuarial assumption:

The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	35.5 %	5.1 %
International Equity	25.0	5.3
Bonds	20.0	0.75
Alternative Assets	17.5	5.9
Cash	2.0	-
Total	100.0 %	

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2020 was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund and the Police and Fire Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current discount rate:

				Current		
<u>Description</u>	1%	Decrease (6.5%)	Di —	scount Rate (7.5%)	1	% Increase (8.5%)
City's Proportionate Share of the General Employee Net Pension Liability City's Proportionate Share of the Police and Fire Net	\$	4,564,103	\$	2,847,842	\$	1,432,065
Pension Liability		1,896,822		951,673		169,728

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

NOTE 7 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City operates a single-employer retiree defined benefit plan (the Plan) that provides health insurance to eligible employees and their spouses through the City's health insurance plan. There are 64 active participants and 2 retired participants as of January 1, 2020. There are no inactive plan members entitled to but not receiving benefits.

Benefit and eligibility provisions are established through negotiations between the City and various unions representing City employees and are generally renegotiated in two-year bargaining periods. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The City has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75. Contribution requirements are negotiated between the City and union representatives. Qualified employees may choose to participate in the City's insurance plan after retirement, with no contribution from the City. The City provides these benefits to retirees as required by Minnesota Statutes §471.61 subdivision 2b. The City is funding this liability on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended 2020, the City contributed \$25,340 to the plan.

NOTE 7 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The City's OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2020, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019.

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5%
Salary 3.8%
Health Care Trend Rates 6.25% Decreasing to 5.00% Over 5 Years

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 white collar mortality tables with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel).

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2019 valuation were based on the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota actuarial experience studies. The most recent six-year experience study for the General Employees plan was completed in 2015. The most recent four-year experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2016. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.8%. The discount rate is equal to the 20-Year AA rated Municipal Bond Yield.

Since the most recent OPEB valuation, the following changes in assumptions have been made:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel) to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel).
- The retirement and withdrawal tables for Police and Fire Personnel were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.30% to 3.80%.

NOTE 7 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

D. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance as of January 1, 2020	\$ 544,231
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	38,477
Interest	21,697
Benefit Payments	 (23,697)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	36,477
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ 580,708

The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		% Increase
		(2.80%)	(3.80%)			(4.80%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	625,797	\$	580,708	\$	538,482

The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.25% decreasing to 4.00% over six years) or 1% higher (7.25% decreasing to 6.00% over six years) than the current health care cost trend rates:

	1%	1% Decrease		Current Trend		Increase	
		(5.25%		es (6.25%	(7.25%		
	De	Decrease to		creasing to	Dec	creasing to	
		4.00%)		5.00%)		6.00%)	
Medical Trend Rate		_				_	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	515,488	\$	580,708	\$	657,612	

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$39,891.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	Ou	eferred Itflows of Isources	Ī	eferred nflows Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Liability Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$		\$	86,843 14,568
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		25,340		_
Total	\$	25,340	\$	101,411

NOTE 7 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

D. Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

\$25,340 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	OF	PEB Amount
2021	\$	(20,283)
2022		(20,283)
2023		(20,283)
2024		(20,283)
2025		(20,279)

NOTE 8 STEWARDSHIP COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balances

The City has deficit fund balances at December 31, 2020 in the following funds:

	Fund Balance (Deficit)	
	•	(04.050)
Airport Capital Project Fund	\$	(91,259)
TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment		(770,368)
Community Center Bonds		(1,486)
Ponderosa Business Park Bonds		(371)

The City intends to fund these deficits through transfers/advances from other funds, additional property tax levies and various other sources.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded budget in the following fund:

	Appr	opriations	Exp	enditures	Excess
TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment	\$	2,080	\$	24,463	\$ 22,383

The over expenditures were funded by tax increment revenues collected in the current year.

NOTE 9 INTERFUND

Due To/Due From

Individual fund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	Receivable			Payable	
General Fund	\$	2,117	\$	17,031	
Capital Projects Fund		81,003		-	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds					
Special Revenue Funds:					
Library		-		1,022	
Airport		-		1,040	
Capital Project Fund:					
Airport		-		81,003	
Debt Service Fund:					
Community Center Bonds		-		2,117	
Enterprise Funds:					
Sewer Utility		300		10,991	
Water Utility		544		4,696	
Electric Utility		36,621		205	
Municipal Liquor Store		-		1,563	
Storm Sewer Utility		341		-	
Internal Service Fund					
Central Garage				1,258	
Total	\$	120,926	\$	120,926	

Interfund receivables represent the elimination of negative cash between funds, as well as interfund borrowing to finance improvement projects and interfund utility bills.

Advances

Advances at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	Receivable		Payable	
General Fund	\$	770,368	\$ -	
TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment Fund		<u>-</u>	 770,368	
Total	\$	770,368	\$ 770,368	

Interfund advances represent the money borrowed from the General Fund to help fund the Eastwood/Union Drive – Runnings project. The interfund advance will be paid back through revenue collected by the TIF District over the projected 26 years.

NOTE 9 INTERFUND (CONTINUED)

Transfers

Individual fund transfers for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund	\$ 1,585,513	\$ (2,044,443)
Capital Projects Fund	666,102	(1,001,352)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Special Revenue Funds:		
Airport	44,900	(32,900)
Fire Equipment Replacement	-	(53,124)
Port Authority	1,851,341	(60,501)
Debt Service Funds:		
Ponderosa Business Park Bonds	60,501	-
Capital Projects Funds:		
Airport Projects Fund	35,156	-
Enterprise Funds:		
Sewer Utility	-	(14,000)
Water Utility	-	(92,043)
Electric Utility	-	(894,150)
Municipal Liquor Store	-	(120,000)
Storm Sewer Utility	-	(8,763)
Internal Service Funds		
Central Garage	77,763	
Total	\$ 4,321,276	\$ (4,321,276)

Interfund transfers are other financing sources and uses within the fund financial statements. The purpose of the transfers are to provide funding for capital improvement projects, capital outlay, and debt service.

NOTE 10 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the City made purchases of services and supplies from one related party business owned by a Council member totaling \$98.

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Construction Commitments</u> – As of December 31, 2020, the City had active construction projects related to a variety of projects including various reconstructions of streets and power plant relay replacement. Total remaining commitments under these contracts were \$1,522,037 at December 31, 2020.

<u>Federal and State Funds</u> – The City receives financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2020.

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Workers' compensation coverage is provided through a pooled self-insurance program through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT). The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT. The City is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through Workers Compensation Reinsurance Association (WCRA) as required by law. For workers' compensation, the City is not subject to a deductible. The City's workers' compensation coverage is retrospectively rated. With this type of coverage, final premiums are determined after loss experience is known. The amount of premium adjustment, if any, is considered immaterial and not recorded until received or paid.

Property and casualty insurance is provided through a pooled self-insurance program through the LMCIT. The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT. The City is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of various amounts. The City retains risk for the deductible portion of the insurance policies and for any exclusions from the insurance policies. These amounts are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

The City self-insures for a portion of the deductible related to its employee group health plan. This activity is accounted for in the Internal Service Insurance Fund. The City does not retain any risk of loss beyond the self-insured portion of the deductible. The amounts charged to expenses include administrative fees, claims paid, and accruals for claims incurred but not paid. The City recorded total expenses of \$1,002,698 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Liability for unpaid claims is included in the self-insurance fund as claims payable.

Beginning of the Year Liability, January 1, 2020	\$ 4,170	Beginning of the Year Liability, January 1, 2019	\$ 6,359
Incurred Claims Claims Paid	997,722 (994,969)	Incurred Claims Claims Paid	 945,212 (947,401)
End of the Year Liability, December 31, 2020	\$ 6,923	End of the Year Liability, December 31, 2019	\$ 4,170

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including disability and employee health insurance.

There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION

A. Plan Description

Firefighters of the City of Redwood Falls are members of the Redwood Falls Firefighters Relief Association. The Association is the administrator of the single-employer defined benefit pension plan available to firefighters. The plan is administered pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69, Chapter 424A, and the Association's by-laws. As of December 31, 2020, membership includes 29 active participants and 2 terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them. The plan issues a stand-alone financial statement.

B. Benefits Provided

Authority for payment of pension benefits is established in Minnesota Statutes §69.77 and may be amended only by the Minnesota State Legislature. Each member who is at least 50 years of age, has retired from the Fire Department, has served at least 10 years of active service with such department before retirement shall be entitled to a lump-sum service pension in the amount of \$3,100 for each year of active Fire Department service (including each year over 20) but not exceeding the maximum amount per year of service allowed by law for the minimum average amount of available financing per firefighter as prescribed by law.

Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes §424A.02, Subds. 2 and 4, members who retire with 10 years of service and have reached the age of 50 years are eligible for a retirement benefit. Members who retire before full retirement age and years of service requirements are eligible for a reduced benefit, based on the vesting schedule as set forth in Minnesota Statutes §424A.02, Subd. 2(c). During the time a member is on early vested pension, they will not be eligible for disability benefits.

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

If a member of the Volunteer Firefighters Relief Association (Association) shall become permanently or totally disabled, the Association shall pay the sum \$3,100 for each year the member was an active member of the City of Redwood Falls Fire Department. If a member who received a disability pension subsequently recovers and returns to active duty, the disability pension is deducted from the service pension. A death benefit is also available, which is payable to a survivor.

Minnesota Statutes Section 424A.10 provides for the payment of a supplemental benefit equal to 10% of a regular lump sum distribution up to a maximum of \$1,000. The supplemental benefit is in lieu of state income tax exclusion for lump sum distributions and will no longer be available if state tax law is modified to exclude lump-sum distributions from state income tax. The Association qualifies for these benefits.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69.772 specifies minimum support rates required on an annual basis. The minimum support rates from the municipality and from state aid are determined as the amount required to meet the normal cost plus amortizing any existing prior service costs over a 10-year period. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the municipal support are the same as those used to compute the accrued pension liability. The Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, there are no payroll expenditures (i.e. there are no covered payroll percentage calculations). The minimum contribution from the City of Redwood Falls and state aid is determined as follows:

Normal Cost

- + Amortization Payment on Unfunded Accrued Liability Prior to Any Change
- + Amortization Contribution on Unfunded Accrued Liability Attributed to Any Change
- + Administrative Expenses
- Anticipated State Aid
 - Projected Investment Earnings
- = Total Contribution Required

The Plan is funded in part by fire state aid and, if necessary, City contributions. The state of Minnesota distributed to the City \$47,968 in fire state aid paid by the City to the Relief Association for the year ended December 31, 2020. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City's statutorily-required contribution to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$25,222.

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2020, the City reported an asset of \$185,801 for the Association's net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

As a result of its requirement to contribute to the Relief Association, the City recognized expense of \$4,651 for the year ended December 31, 2020. At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	Out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic				•		
Experience	\$	-	\$	13,666		
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		6,126		-		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings						
on Pension Plan Investments		-		45,691		
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City						
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		-		-		
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		33,000				
Total	\$	39,126	\$	59,357		

\$33,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Association's pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	P	ension
	E	rpense
Year Ending December 31,	A	mount
2021	\$	(9,961)
2022		(8,368)
2023		(5,044)
2024		(25,189)
Thereafter		(4,669)

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumption

The actuarial total pension liability was determined as of January 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	1/1/19
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
	Closed
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	5.75%
Investment Rate of Return	5.75%
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield	3.50%
Age of Service Retirement	50

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These asset class estimates are combined to produce the portfolio long-term expected rates of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the current asset allocation percentage (or target allocation, if available) and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real and nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's asset allocation as of January 1, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Allocation at	Long-Term
January 1,	Expected Real
2020	Rate of Return
12.0 %	2.25 %
28.0	3.80
59.0	7.30
1.0	6.00
100.0 %	5.75 %
	January 1, 2020 12.0 % 28.0 59.0 1.0

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.75%. Assets were projected using expected benefit payments and expected asset returns. Expected benefit payments were discounted by year using expected assets return assumption for years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the municipal bond rate of return. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Asset Sensitivity

The following presents the City of Redwood Fall's proportionate share of the net pension asset of the Association, calculated using the discount rate of 5.75%, as well as what the Association's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.75%) or one percentage point higher (6.75%) than the current rate:

	1	l Percent			•	1 Percent
	[Decrease	Dis	count Rate		Increase
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(166,082)	\$	(185,801)	\$	(205,016)
Discount Rate		4.75 %		5.75 %		6.75 %

H. Plan's Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at https://ci.redwoodfalls.mn.us/city-departments/fire-department/, by writing to Redwood Falls City Hall at 333 S. Washington St. Redwood Falls, MN 56283 or by email at info@ci.redwoodfalls.mn.us.

Information about the change in the Plan's net pension asset is as follows:

	December 31, 2019 Measurement Date				
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost Interest Benefit Payments Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	42,132 51,920 (64,291) 29,761			
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year Total Pension Liability - End of Year (a)		892,975 922,736			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Nonemployer Contributions Net Investment Income Gain or Loss Benefit Payments Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		47,109 54,089 122,354 (64,291) 159,261			
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)		949,276 1,108,537			
Association's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - End of Year (a) - (b)	\$	(185,801)			

NOTE 14 CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The City has issued housing revenue notes for the purpose of providing capital financing to a private enterprise. Even though the debt bears the City's name, the City is not responsible for the payment of the original debt. The debt is secured by the payments agreed to be paid by the private enterprise under the terms of the agreement between the City and the enterprise. The general description of the transaction and the outstanding balance at December 31, 2020, is as follows:

		E	Balance at
Enterprise	Purpose	Dece	mber 31, 2020
Garnette Gardens	Construction of a Facility	\$	6,278,834
Country Village	Construction of a Facility		664,019

NOTE 15 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Under its wholesale power agreement, the City is committed to purchase its electric power and energy requirements from Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (SMMPA) and Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) until April 1, 2050 and December 1, 2050, respectively. The rates are subject to review annually.

Other

In the normal course of business, there could be various outstanding contingent liabilities such as, but not limited to, the following:

- Lawsuits alleging negligence in care
- Environmental pollution
- Violation of regulatory body's rules and regulations
- Violation of federal and/or state laws

No contingent liabilities such as, but not limited to those described above, are reflected in the accompanying financial statements. No such liabilities have been asserted and therefore, no estimate of loss, if any, is determinable.

NOTE 16 SUMMARY OF OTHER ITEMS

The City, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various claims, judgments, and litigations. The City estimates that the potential claims resulting from such litigation and not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements of the City. No liability or provision for loss has been recorded in the December 31, 2020 financial statements in relation to these matters.

NOTE 17 TAX ABATEMENTS

The City has a pay-as-you-go tax increment financing district with a local business to promote economic development within the City as authorized under Minnesota Statutes §469.174. The City is currently collecting tax increments that are paid through the property tax collection process. The district will stop collection in 2024. The requirement for the business to receive the excess tax increments from the City was to construct a 30,000 square foot addition to the existing manufacturing facility. The increment taxes are based on the increase of the property value after the improvements are made. The agreements call for 90% of the property tax increments collected to be returned to the developers. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City paid excess tax increment in the amount of \$1,276. No other commitments were made by the City as a part of this agreement. The district was decertified on December 28, 2020.

The City established a municipal redevelopment district in 2014 as authorized under Minnesota Statutes §§ 469.124 through 469.134. The Redevelopment TIF District permits the City to assist virtually any type of development or redevelopment project within the boundaries of the TIF District, as long as assistance aids in the removal of blighting conditions. The District has a maximum life of 25 years from the receipt of the first tax increment; that is, 26 TIF collections. The TIF revenues are paid to the City through the property tax collection process. Ninety percent (90%) of the tax increments generated from the TIF District must be used to finance the cost of correcting conditions that allow designation as a redevelopment district. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City paid excess tax increment in the amount of \$68,464. No other commitments were made by the City as a part of this agreement.

The City negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The City has tax abatement agreements with three entities as of December 31, 2020. Each agreement is negotiated under Minnesota Statutes sections 469.1812 through 469.1815. Under the statutes, the City may grant property tax abatements for the purpose of attracting and retaining business. The City abated taxes totaling \$46,309 for the year ending December 31, 2020.

- The City's share of the real property taxes generated from a Housing Project for a term of 8 years. The abatement amounted to \$40,182.
- The City's share of the property tax generated by an assisted living facility for a term of 15 years to end in 2020. The abatement amounted to \$-0-.
- The City's share of the property tax generated by the expansion of an assisted living facility for a term of 15 years. The abatement amounted to \$6,127.

As of December 31, 2020, the City has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes. The City is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governments.

NOTE 18 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 3, 2021, the City issued a \$2,860,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2021A with a net interest rate of 1.4844%. The first payment is due February 1, 2022. The proceeds will provide for the purchase of a fire truck, sewer linings and the North Redwood Watermain.

On March 11, 2021, the City was allocated an estimated \$565,186 in additional federal grants from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. Subsequent to this initial estimate, Redwood County revised the amount of allocation to the City to be \$521,115 based on updated population information.



CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, RELATED RATIOS, AND NOTES LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

		urement Date uary 1, 2020	 urement Date uary 1, 2019	surement Date uary 1, 2018
Total OPEB Liability	•			
Service Cost	\$	38,477	\$ 37,356	\$ 45,642
Interest		21,697	22,417	21,402
Assumption Changes		-	(20,396)	-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		-	(121,579)	-
Benefit Payments		(23,697)	(30,801)	(25,251)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		36,477	(113,003)	 41,793
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		544,231	657,234	615,441
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	580,708	\$ 544,231	\$ 657,234
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	4,034,499	\$ 3,916,989	\$ 4,180,713
City's OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		14%	14%	16%

Note 1: The table above will be expanded to 10 years of information as the information becomes available.

Note 2: No assets are accumulated in a trust.

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

	Measurement Date June 30, 2020		Measurement Date June 30, 2019		Measurement Date June 30, 2018		Measurement Date June 30, 2017		Measurement Date June 30, 2016		easurement Date ne 30, 2015
City - General Employee Plan City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City City's Total Net Pension Liability - General Employee Plan City's Covered Payroll City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	\$	0.0475% 2,847,842 87,701 2,935,543 3,385,893 84,11%	\$	0.0492% 2,720,158 84,496 2,804,654 3,480,782 78,15%	\$	0.0531% 2,945,770 96,729 3,042,499 3,576,608 82,36%	\$	0.0536% 3,421,789 43,005 3,464,794 3,455,396 99.03%	\$ 0.0536% 4,352,054 56,839 4,408,893 3,329,013	\$	0.0534% 2,767,466 - 2,767,466 3,140,523 88.12%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		79.06%		80.20%		79.50%		75.90%	68.90%		78.20%
City - Police and Fire Plan City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City City's Total Net Pension Liability - General Employee Plan City's Covered Payroll City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	\$	0.0722% 951,673 22,419 974,092 815,918 116.64% 87,19%	\$	0.0770% 819,742 - 819,742 812,177 100.93% 89.30%	\$	0.0687% 732,271 - 732,271 724,646 101.05% 88.80%	\$	0.0740% 999,088 - 999,088 761,498 131.20% 85.43%	\$ 0.0780% 3,130,276 - 3,130,276 748,809 418.03% 63.90%	\$	0.0770% 874,900 - 874,900 702,076 124.62% 86.60%

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN PERIODS

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
City - General Employee Plan Statutorily Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	265,431 (265,431)	\$	256,110 (256,110)	\$	265,811 (265,811)	\$	265,404 (265,404)	\$	254,391 (254,391)	\$	242,627 (242,627)	\$	224,719 (224,719)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Ъ		Þ		<u>\$</u>		<u> </u>		Þ		À		<u> </u>	
City's Covered Payroll	\$	3,539,080	\$	3,414,800	\$	3,544,147	\$	3,538,720	\$	3,391,880	\$	3,215,297	\$	3,099,577
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.55%		7.25%
Police and Fire Plan Statutorily Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	152,265 (152,265)	\$	140,334 (140,334)	\$	122,905 (122,905) -	\$	122,382 (122,382) -	\$	122,796 (122,796) -	\$	117,065 (117,065)	\$	106,258 (106,258)
City's Covered Payroll	\$	860,254	\$	866,259	\$	758,673	\$	755,444	\$	758,000	\$	716,591	\$	694,499
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		17.70%		16.20%		16.20%		16.20%		16.20%		16.34%		15.30%
Fire Relief Association Statutorily Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	2,081 (2,081)	\$	23,580 (23,580)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
City's Covered Payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA REDWOOD FALLS FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

	December 31, 2019 Measurement Date	December 31, 2018 Measurement Date	December 31, 2017 Measurement Date	December 31, 2016 Measurement Date	December 31, 2015 Measurement Date	December 31, 2014 Measurement Date
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Benefit Payments, Including Member Contribution Refunds Gain or Loss	\$ 42,132 51,920 - (64,291)	\$ 41,904 47,341 38,476 - (16,170)	42,204 14,361 (18,250)	\$ 38,783 42,899 10,210 (69,977) (1,217)	\$ 39,490 43,103 11,786 (202,897)	\$ 36,260 47,121 - -
Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year Total Pension Liability - End of Year (a)	29,761 892,975 922,736	781,424 892,975	78,140 703,284 781,424	20,698 682,586 703,284	(108,518) 791,104 682,586	83,381 707,723 791,104
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Municipal Contributions Nonemployer Contributions Net Investment Income Gain or Loss Benefit Payments Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	47,109 54,089 122,354 (64,291) 159,261	45,894 (44,878) - - 1,016	46,851 66,497 - (18,250) 95,098	47,601 58,342 - (69,977) 35,966	2,081 50,827 (6,135) - (202,897) (156,124)	23,580 46,418 59,490 - - 129,488
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)	949,276 1,108,537	948,260 949,276	853,162 948,260	817,196 853,162	973,320 817,196	843,832 973,320
Association's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - End of Year (a) - (b)	\$ (185,801)	\$ (56,301)	\$ (166,836)	\$ (149,878)	\$ (134,610)	\$ (182,216)
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	120.14%	106.30%	121.35%	121.31%	119.72%	123.03%
Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget er (Under)
REVENUES	 <u> </u>	 			,
Taxes:					
Current and Delinquent Property Tax	\$ 2,597,978	\$ 2,597,978	\$ 2,608,375	\$	10,397
Franchise Tax	165,600	165,600	164,423		(1,177)
Hotel/Motel Tax	35,000	35,000	28,533		(6,467)
Total Taxes	2,798,578	 2,798,578	2,801,331		2,753
Intergovernmental:					
Local Government Aid	1,642,960	1,642,960	1,646,797		3,837
General Government	-	-	313,398		313,398
Public Safety	146,600	146,600	225,266		78,666
Culture and Recreation	-	-	23,548		23,548
Highway	85,000	85,000	249,405		164,405
Total Intergovernmental	1,874,560	1,874,560	2,458,414		583,854
Charges for Services:					
Fire Protection	60,000	60,000	60,535		535
Swimming Pool Fees and Concessions	151,000	151,000	77,780		(73,220)
Park Fees	55,000	55,000	58,463		3,463
Administration Fees	1,000	1,000	550		(450)
Miscellaneous General Government Charges					
for Service	20,421	20,421	20,403		(18)
Recreation Fees	95,600	95,600	40,812		(54,788)
Community Center	465,350	465,350	274,454		(190,896)
Total Charges for Services	848,371	848,371	532,997		(315,374)
Fees, Licenses, and Permits					
Business	37,475	37,475	60,247		22,772
Nonbusiness	43,000	43,000	85,999		42,999
Total Fees, Licenses, and Permits	80,475	80,475	146,246		65,771
Fines and Forfeits	39,500	39,500	43,517		4,017
Investment Earnings	83,180	83,180	222,576		139,396
Contributions	6,500	6,500	9,091		2,591
Miscellaneous	 258,826	 258,826	 305,445		46,619
Total Revenues	5,989,990	5,989,990	6,519,617		529,627

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget er (Under)
EXPENDITURES					,
General Government					
Mayor and Council					
Current:					
Personal Services	\$ 32,083	\$ 32,083	\$ 32,512	\$	429
Materials and Supplies	400	400	34		(366)
Other Services and Charges	1,540	 1,540	710		(830)
Total Mayor and Council	 34,023	34,023	33,256		(767)
City Administration					
Current:					
Personal Services	161,559	161,559	161,125		(434)
Materials and Supplies	5,500	5,500	3,567		(1,933)
Other Services and Charges	55,575	 55,575	46,239		(9,336)
Total City Administration	 222,634	222,634	210,931		(11,703)
Elections					
Current:					
Personal Services	7,410	7,410	4,005		(3,405)
Materials and Supplies	900	900	1,947		1,047
Other Services and Charges	 234	234	159		(75)
Total Elections	8,544	8,544	6,111		(2,433)
Finance Department					
Current:					
Personal Services	317,169	317,169	308,407		(8,762)
Materials and Supplies	9,000	9,000	11,484		2,484
Other Services and Charges	 119,370	119,370	109,743		(9,627)
Total Finance Department	445,539	445,539	429,634		(15,905)
Management Information Systems					
Current:					
Materials and Supplies	24,495	24,495	72,631		48,136
Other Services and Charges	191,633	191,633	193,538		1,905
Capital Outlay	 130,000	130,000	207,843		77,843
Total Management Information Systems	346,128	346,128	474,012		127,884
Legal					
Current:					
Personal Services	122,412	122,412	95,340		(27,072)
Materials and Supplies	500	500	2,440		1,940
Other Services and Charges	 10,184	10,184	14,298		4,114
Total Legal	133,096	133,096	112,078		(21,018)

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget r (Under)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	 					
General Government (Continued)						
Buildings and Grounds						
Current:						
Personal Services	\$ 15,687	\$ 15,687	\$	11,355	\$	(4,332)
Materials and Supplies	2,500	2,500		51		(2,449)
Other Services and Charges	15	15		289		274
Capital Outlay				46,643		46,643
Total Buildings and Grounds	 18,202	 18,202		58,338		40,136
Total General Government	1,208,166	1,208,166		1,324,360		116,194
Public Safety						
Police						
Current:						
Personal Services	1,443,200	1,443,200		1,352,026		(91,174)
Materials and Supplies	44,940	44,940		78,388		33,448
Other Services and Charges	 247,675	247,675		242,004		(5,671)
Total Police	1,735,815	1,735,815		1,672,418		(63,397)
Fire Department						
Current:						
Personal Services	61,148	61,148		57,082		(4,066)
Materials and Supplies	20,200	20,200		23,234		3,034
Other Services and Charges	139,795	139,795		148,888		9,093
Capital Outlay	 			53,345		53,345
Total Fire Department	221,143	221,143		282,549		61,406
Protective Inspections						
Current:						
Personal Services	89,571	89,571		88,599		(972)
Materials and Supplies	900	900		121		(779)
Other Services and Charges	 11,542	11,542		11,578		36
Total Protective Inspections	 102,013	102,013		100,298		(1,715)
Total Public Safety	2,058,971	2,058,971		2,055,265		(3,706)

Highways and Streets Public Works Project Coordinator Current: Personal Services \$ 31,075 \$ 31,075 \$ 36,442 \$ 5,367 \$ 36,442 \$ 5,367 \$ 36,442 \$ 5,367 \$ 36,442 \$ 5,367 \$ 36,442 \$ 5,367 \$ 36,444 \$ 5,051 \$ (255)		 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fin	ance with al Budget er (Under)
Public Works Project Coordinator Current: Personal Services \$ 31,075 \$ 31,075 \$ 36,442 \$ 5,367 Materials and Supplies 900 900 375 (525) Other Services and Charges 5,344 5,344 5,051 (293) Total Public Works Project Coordinator Streets and Alleys Current: Personal Services 319,367 319,367 318,502 (865) Materials and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 539,927 557,575 17,648 Capital Outlay 48,873 48,873 Total Public Works Project Streets 31,030,794 1,030,794 1,038,692 57,898 Total Highways and Streets 1,068,113 1,068,113 1,130,560 62,447 Cutture and Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: Other Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 141,000 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Cutture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)					
Current: Personal Services \$ 31,075 \$ 36,442 \$ 5,367 Materials and Supplies 900 900 375 (525) Other Services and Charges 5,344 5,344 5,051 (293) Total Public Works Project Coordinator 37,319 37,319 41,868 4,549 Streets and Alleys 37,319 37,319 41,868 4,549 Current: Personal Services 319,367 319,367 318,502 (865) Materials and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 539,927 557,575 17,648 Capital Outlay - 48,873 48,873 48,873 48,873 1068,113 1,030,794 1,0	•					
Personal Services \$ 31,075 \$ 36,442 \$ 5,367 Materials and Supplies 900 900 375 (525) Other Services and Charges 5,344 5,344 5,051 (293) Total Public Works Project Coordinator 37,319 37,319 41,868 4,549 Streets and Alleys 319,367 319,367 318,502 (865) Materials and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 557,575 17,648 Capital Outlay - 48,873 48,873 Total Streets and Alleys 1,030,794 1,030,794 1,088,692 57,898 Total Highways and Streets 1,068,113 1,068,113 1,130,560 62,447 Culture and Recreation 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation 2,968 4,459 Other Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (4,492) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,118 507,140	Public Works Project Coordinator					
Materials and Supplies 900 900 375 (525) Other Services and Charges 5,344 5,344 5,041 (293) Total Public Works Project Coordinator 37,319 37,319 41,868 4,549 Streets and Alleys Current: Variance 319,367 319,367 318,502 (865) Materials and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 539,927 557,575 17,648 48,873 48,873 48,873 74,887 70,648 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758) 70,648 70,758 70,648 70,758 70,648 70,758 70,648 70,689 70,648 70,689 70,688						
Other Services and Charges 5,344 5,344 5,051 (293) Total Public Works Project Coordinator 37,319 37,319 41,868 4,549 Streets and Alleys 37,319 313,307 41,868 4,549 Current: Personal Services 319,367 319,367 318,502 (865) Materials and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 539,927 557,575 17,648 Capital Outlay - - - 48,873 <td< td=""><td>Personal Services</td><td>\$ - ,</td><td>\$ - ,</td><td>\$ 36,442</td><td>\$</td><td>- ,</td></td<>	Personal Services	\$ - ,	\$ - ,	\$ 36,442	\$	- ,
Total Public Works Project Coordinator 37,319 37,319 41,868 4,549 Streets and Alleys Current: Personal Services 319,367 319,367 318,502 (865) Materials and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 557,575 17,648 Capital Outlay - - - 48,873 48,873 Total Highways and Streets 1,030,794 1,030,794 1,038,692 57,898 Total Highways and Streets 1,068,113 1,068,113 1,130,560 62,447 Culture and Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: Other Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140<	Materials and Supplies					
Streets and Alleys Current: Current: Streets and Services Streets and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 539,927 557,575 17,648 Streets and Alleys 1,030,794 1,030,794 1,088,692 57,898 Total Highways and Streets 1,068,113 1,068,113 1,130,560 62,447 Culture and Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: Other Services and Charges 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Capital Outlay Streets and Charges Streets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 5,344				(293)
Current: Personal Services 319,367 319,367 318,502 (865) Materials and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 539,927 557,575 17,648 Capital Outlay - - 48,873 48,873 Total Streets and Alleys 1,030,794 1,030,794 1,038,692 57,898 Total Highways and Streets 1,068,113 1,130,560 62,447 Culture and Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: Other Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) </td <td></td> <td>37,319</td> <td>37,319</td> <td>41,868</td> <td></td> <td>4,549</td>		37,319	37,319	41,868		4,549
Personal Services 319,367 319,367 319,367 318,502 (865) Materials and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 539,927 557,575 17,648 Capital Outlay - - - 48,873 48,873 Total Streets and Alleys 1,030,794 1,030,794 1,088,692 57,898 Total Highways and Streets 1,068,113 1,068,113 1,130,560 62,447 Culture and Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: 0ther Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Current: Variation of the personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712	Streets and Alleys					
Materials and Supplies 171,500 171,500 163,742 (7,758) Other Services and Charges 539,927 539,927 557,575 17,648 Capital Outlay - - - 48,873 448,733 Total Streets and Alleys 1,030,794 1,030,794 1,038,692 57,898 Total Highways and Streets 1,068,113 1,068,113 1,130,560 62,447 Culture and Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: Current: Current: Value of Recreation 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Senior Citizens Center 48,73 48,73 48,73 48,73 48,73 48,74 62,447	Current:					
Other Services and Charges 539,927 539,927 557,575 17,648 Capital Outlay - - - 48,873 48,873 Total Streets and Alleys 1,030,794 1,030,794 1,088,692 57,898 Total Highways and Streets 1,068,113 1,068,113 1,130,560 62,447 Culture and Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: 0ther Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation 2urrent: 2urrent: 2urrent: 2urrent: 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool 2urrent: 2urrent: 2urrent: 3urrent 3urrent	Personal Services	319,367	319,367	318,502		(865)
Capital Outlay - - 48,873 48,873 Total Streets and Alleys 1,030,794 1,030,794 1,088,692 57,898 Total Highways and Streets 1,068,113 1,068,113 1,130,560 62,447 Culture and Recreation Current: Other Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services a	Materials and Supplies	171,500	171,500	163,742		(7,758)
Total Streets and Alleys Total Highways and Streets Total Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: Other Services and Charges Total Services Personal Services Total Parks & Recreation Total Pool Total Pool Total Services Total Pool Total Services Total Pool Total Pool Total Services Total Pool Total Culture and Recreation Total Culture and Recreation Total Culture and Recreation Total Current: Current: Current: Total Culture and Recreation Total Culture and Recreation Total Current: Current: Current: Current: Other Services and Charges Total Culture and Recreation Total Culture Services and Charges Total Culture Services and Charges Total Culture and Recreation Total Culture and Charges Total Culture and Recreation Total Culture and Recreation Total Culture and Recreation Total Culture and Charges Total Culture and Recreation Total Cu	Other Services and Charges	539,927	539,927	557,575		17,648
Total Highways and Streets Culture and Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: Other Services and Charges Personal Services and Charges Capital Outlay Total Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services and Charges Capital Outlay Total Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) 04,952) 04,952 04,963 04,965 04,965 04,965 04,965 05,550 05,550 02,968 02,582) 2,968 02,582) 2,968 02,582) 2,968 02,582) 898,744 898,744 817,306 81,438) 817,306 81,438) 817,306 81,438) 817,306 81,438) 817,306 81,438) 817,950 811,950 811,950 811,950 811,950 811,960,979 81,728,712 81,728,712 81,763,763 81,763	Capital Outlay	 	 _	48,873		48,873
Culture and Recreation Senior Citizens Center Current: Other Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Cu	Total Streets and Alleys	1,030,794	1,030,794	1,088,692		57,898
Senior Citizens Center Current: Other Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,4	Total Highways and Streets	 1,068,113	1,068,113	1,130,560		62,447
Current: Other Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794	Culture and Recreation					
Other Services and Charges 5,550 5,550 2,968 (2,582) Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,909,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Cha	Senior Citizens Center					
Parks & Recreation Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Current:					
Current: Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Other Services and Charges	5,550	5,550	2,968		(2,582)
Personal Services 898,744 898,744 817,306 (81,438) Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: <	Parks & Recreation					
Materials and Supplies 111,950 111,950 66,998 (44,952) Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Current:					
Other Services and Charges 608,018 608,018 507,140 (100,878) Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Personal Services	898,744	898,744	817,306		(81,438)
Capital Outlay 110,000 110,000 75,210 (34,790) Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Materials and Supplies	111,950	111,950	66,998		(44,952)
Total Parks & Recreation 1,728,712 1,728,712 1,466,654 (262,058) Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Other Services and Charges	608,018	608,018	507,140		(100,878)
Pool Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Capital Outlay	 110,000	 110,000	 75,210		(34,790)
Current: Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Current: 48,141 (26,622) Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Total Parks & Recreation	1,728,712	1,728,712	1,466,654		(262,058)
Personal Services 137,633 137,633 79,031 (58,602) Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Pool					
Materials and Supplies 41,300 41,300 22,340 (18,960) Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Current: 48,141 (26,622)	Current:					
Other Services and Charges 59,300 59,300 38,801 (20,499) Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: 0ther Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Personal Services	137,633	137,633	79,031		(58,602)
Total Pool 238,233 238,233 140,172 (98,061) Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Materials and Supplies	41,300	41,300	22,340		(18,960)
Total Culture and Recreation 1,972,495 1,972,495 1,609,794 (362,701) Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Other Services and Charges	 59,300	 59,300	38,801		(20,499)
Economic Development Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Total Pool	238,233	238,233	140,172		(98,061)
Current: Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Total Culture and Recreation	1,972,495	1,972,495	 1,609,794		(362,701)
Other Services and Charges 74,763 74,763 48,141 (26,622)	Economic Development					
	Current:					
Total Expenditures 6,382,508 6,382,508 6,168,120 (214,388)	Other Services and Charges	 74,763	 74,763	 48,141		(26,622)
	Total Expenditures	6,382,508	6,382,508	6,168,120		(214,388)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fi O	ariance with nal Budget ver (Under)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (392,518)	\$ (392,518)	\$ 351,497	\$	744,015
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	568,593 (35,000) 533,593	568,593 (35,000) 533,593	1,585,513 (2,044,443) (458,930)		1,016,920 (2,009,443) (992,523)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 141,075	\$ 141,075	\$ (107,433)	\$	(248,508)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			6,573,677		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 6,466,244		

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE — BUDGET AND ACTUAL — TIF #10-1 RUNNINGS DEVELOPMENT FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget er (Under)
REVENUES	 	_			
Local Tax Levies	\$ 69,350	\$ 69,350	\$ 68,464	\$	(886)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Economic Development	2,080	2,080	362		(1,718)
Debt Service					
Interest			 24,101		24,101
Total Expenditures	2,080	2,080	24,463		22,383
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 67,270	\$ 67,270	44,001	\$	(23,269)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year			 (814,369)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR			\$ (770,368)		

NOTE 1 BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 30, the Director of Finance and Administrative Services submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 3. The Director of Finance and Administrative Services is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within any department budget; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded budget in the following fund:

	Appr	opriations_	Exp	enditures	 Excess
TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment	\$	2,080	\$	24,463	\$ 22,383

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the year ended June 30:

A. General Employees Fund

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

A. General Employees Fund (Continued)

2020 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions

 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

A. General Employees Fund (Continued)

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a fiveyear period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00% per year with a provision to increase to 2.50% upon attainment of 90.00% funding ratio to 50.00% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00% and not more than 1.50%, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until
 the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees,
 disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The combined service annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80% for active members and 60.00% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA load are now 0.00% for active member liability, 15.00% for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00% for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed for 1.00% per year for all years to 1.00% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

A. General Employees Fund (Continued)

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015.
 The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

B. Police and Fire Fund

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

B. Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

2018 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Postretirement benefit increases were changed to 1.00% for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution.
- New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100% funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed from 10.80% to 11.30% of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 11.80% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Employer contributions were changed from 16.20% to 16.95% of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 17.70% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34% lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00% for vested and nonvested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00% for vested members and 2.00% for nonvested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00% for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00% to 60.00%.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

B. Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

2017 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% for all years to 1.00% per year through 2064 and 2.50% thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60% per annum to 7.50% per annum.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2037 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 5.60 %.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTE 4 OPEB – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

2020 Changes:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

None

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel) to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel).
- The retirement and withdrawal tables for Police and Fire Personnel were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.30% to 3.80%.
- These changes decreased the liability by \$20,396.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The discount rate was changed from 3.50% to 3.30%

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.





CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Special Revenue							
ASSETS		Library		Airport		Equipment placement		Port Authority
Cash and Investments	\$	351,312	\$	7,553	\$	192,369	\$	319,205
Accounts Receivable, Net	Ψ	5,208	Ψ	317	Ψ	192,309	Ψ	319,203
Property Taxes Receivable		16,727		-		_		2,287
Accrued Interest Receivable		1,445		_		717		4,752
Due from Other Governments		6,404		47,865		22,418		647
Prepaid Items		2,937		5,108		-		1,278
Property Held for Resale		_,007		-		_		1,920,892
Notes Receivable		_		_		_		-
Inventory		_		40,169		_		_
inventory				,				
Total Assets	\$	384,033	\$	101,012	\$	215,504	\$	2,249,061
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	6,338	\$	18,801	\$	-	\$	-
Contracts Payable		1,290		-		-		-
Accrued Salaries and Fringes		5,928		1,620		-		1,046
Due to Other Funds		1,022		1,040				-
Unearned Revenue		800		6,072		72,264		
Total Liabilities		15,378		27,533		72,264		1,046
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Taxes Collected for a Subsequent Period		1,990		-		-		291
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes		11,924		-		-		1,619
Unavailable Revenue - Loans		-		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Grants and Other		1,815		_		_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		15,729		-		-		1,910
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)								
Nonspendable:		0.00=		F 100				4.070
Prepaid Items		2,937		5,108		-		1,278
Inventory		-		40,169		-		-
Restricted For:		240.000						
Library		349,989		-		-		2 244 927
Port Authority Revolving Loans		-		-		-		2,244,827
Committed		-		28,202		143,240		-
Unassigned		-		20,202		143,240		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		352,926		73,479		143,240		2,246,105
		,		. 3, 3				_, ,
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	384,033	\$	101,012	\$	215,504	\$	2,249,061
,				,	-	-,		, ,,,,,,,

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

			wntown		#9-1				Special
R	Revolving		Loan		tronics		Hospital		Revenue
	Loan	P	rogram	Ехр	ansion		Building		Subtotal
\$	638,849	\$	31,879	\$	856	\$	1,182,921	\$	2,724,944
	-		-		-		-		5,525
	-		-		-		-		19,014
	3,951		251		-		-		11,116
	-		-		-		-		77,334
	-		-		-		10		9,333
	-		-		-		-		1,920,892
	2,240		26,682		-		-		28,922
									40,169
\$	645,040	\$	58,812	\$	856	\$	1,182,931	\$	4,837,249
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		1,470	\$	26,609
	_		_		_		, -		1,290
	_		-		_		-		8,594
	-		-		-		-		2,062
	-		-		-		-		79,136
	-		-		-		1,470		117,691
							-		
	-		_		_		_		2,281
	-		-		-		-		13,543
	2,240		26,682		-		-		28,922
			-		-				1,815
	2,240		26,682		-		-		46,561
	_		_		-		10		9,333
	_		_		-		-		40,169
	-		-		-		-		349,989
	-		-		-		-		2,244,827
	642,800		32,130		-		-		674,930
	-		-		856		1,181,451		1,353,749
	642,800		32,130		856		1,181,461		4,672,997
	072,000		02,100		330		1,101,701		7,012,001
\$	645,040	\$	58,812	\$	856	\$	1,182,931	\$	4,837,249
						_		_	

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

			Debt	Service		
ASSETS	C	mmunity Center Bonds	Busine	derosa ess Park onds	Debt Service Subtotal	
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-
Property Taxes Receivable		2,317		-		2,317
Accrued Interest Receivable		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		254		-		254
Prepaid Items		11		-		11
Property Held for Resale Notes Receivable		-		-		-
Inventory		_		_		_
inventory						
Total Assets	\$	2,582	\$	-	\$	2,582
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	371	\$	371
Contracts Payable		-		-		-
Accrued Salaries and Fringes		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		2,117		-		2,117
Unearned Revenue		0 117		274		2 400
Total Liabilities		2,117		371		2,488
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Taxes Collected for a Subsequent Period		254		_		254
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes		1,697		_		1,697
Unavailable Revenue - Loans		-		_		-
Unavailable Revenue - Grants		_		_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,951		-		1,951
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items		11		-		11
Inventory		-		-		-
Restricted For:						
Library		-		-		-
Port Authority		-		-		-
Revolving Loans		-		-		-
Committed		- (4.407)		(074)		(4.000)
Unassigned Total Fund Relences (Deficit)		(1,497)		(371)		(1,868)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	-	(1,486)		(371)		(1,857)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,582	\$	_	\$	2,582
resources, and raile Dalailes	Ψ	2,002	Ψ		Ψ	2,002

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

Capital Projects

Airport Fund		Total
\$ - - - - 148,419 - - -	\$	2,724,944 5,525 21,331 11,116 226,007 9,344 1,920,892 28,922 40,169
\$ 148,419	\$	4,988,250
\$ 34,187 - - 81,003	\$	61,167 1,290 8,594 85,182
		79,136
115,190		2,535 15,240 28,922
124,488 124,488	_	126,303 173,000
-		9,344
-		40,169
-		349,989 2,244,827
-		674,930
- (91,259)		1,353,749 (93,127)
(91,259)	_	4,579,881
\$ 148,419	\$	4,988,250

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Special Revenue								
DEVENUES		Library		Airport		Fire Equipment Replacement		Port Authority	
REVENUES	Φ.	070 400	Φ		Φ		Φ	00.000	
Local Tax Levies	\$	376,162	\$	- 84,840	\$	- 71,314	\$	86,263 85	
Intergovernmental		59,101				71,314		65	
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeits		2,818		224,228		-		-	
		1,827		- 050		7 040		-	
Investment Earnings (Loss)		10,079		859		7,212		11,164	
Contributions		6,144		4.450		-		-	
Miscellaneous		1,537		4,156		70.500		324	
Total Revenues		457,668		314,083		78,526		97,836	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government		-		-		-		-	
Public Safety		-		-		9,950		-	
Culture and Recreation		393,112		-		-		-	
Economic Development		-		-		-		53,862	
Airport		-		384,154		-		-	
Capital Outlay		413		7,737		-		-	
Debt Service:									
Principal		-		-		35,000		-	
Interest		-		-		1,706		-	
Fiscal Agent Fees						 _			
Total Expenditures		393,525		391,891		46,656		53,862	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		64,143		(77,808)		31,870		43,974	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		-		44,900		-		1,851,341	
Transfers Out		-		(32,900)		(53,124)		(60,501)	
Insurance Proceeds		-		100,057		-		-	
Issuance of Debt									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				112,057		(53,124)		1,790,840	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		64,143		34,249		(21,254)		1,834,814	
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		288,783		39,230		164,494		411,291	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	352,926	\$	73,479	\$	143,240	\$	2,246,105	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •									

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Special	Revenue	(Continued)	

R	evolving Loan	Downtown Loan Program	TIF #9-1 Daktronics Expansion	Hospital Building	Special Revenue Subtotal	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,276	\$ -	\$ 463,701	
	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	215,340	
	-	-	-	-	227,046	
	-	-	-	-	1,827	
	24,160	1,348	1	-	54,823	
	-	-	-	-	6,144	
	26,454	3,029		601,600	637,100	
	50,614	4,377	1,277	601,600	1,605,981	
	-	-	-	5,651	5,651	
	-	-	-	-	9,950	
	-	-	-	-	393,112	
	24,464	54	1,276	-	79,656	
	-	-	-	-	384,154	
	-	-	-	-	8,150	
	_	_	_	-	35,000	
	_	-	-	-	1,706	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	24,464	54	1,276	5,651	917,379	
	26,150	4,323	1	595,949	688,602	
	_	-	_	_	1,896,241	
	-	-	-	-	(146,525)	
	-	-	-	-	100,057	
				<u> </u>		
					1,849,773	
	26,150	4,323	1	595,949	2,538,375	
	616,650	27,807	855	585,512	2,134,622	
\$	642,800	\$ 32,130	\$ 856	\$ 1,181,461	\$ 4,672,997	

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Debt Service						
DEVENUE	Community Center Bonds		Ponder Business Bond	Park	Debt Service Subtotal		
REVENUES	Φ.	47.007	ф		Φ.	47.007	
Local Tax Levies	\$	47,637	\$	-	\$	47,637	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-	
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeits		-		-		-	
		(4.052)		-		(4.052)	
Investment Earnings (Loss)		(1,253)		-		(1,253)	
Contributions		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		10.004				-	
Total Revenues		46,384		-		46,384	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		-		-		-	
Public Safety		-		-		-	
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-	
Economic Development		-		-		-	
Airport		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay		-		-		-	
Debt Service:							
Principal		42,553	30	5,000		347,553	
Interest		4,129	1	6,618		20,747	
Fiscal Agent Fees		133		8,477		8,610	
Total Expenditures		46,815	33	0,095		376,910	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(431)	(33	0,095)		(330,526)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		-	6	0,501		60,501	
Transfers Out		-		-		-	
Insurance Proceeds		-		-		-	
Issuance of Debt		_	26	9,181		269,181	
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)			32	9,682		329,682	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(431)		(413)		(844)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		(1,055)		42		(1,013)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	(1,486)	\$	(371)	\$	(1,857)	

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Capital Projects

Airport Fund	Total
\$ 27,651 - (5,112) - 22,539	\$ 511,338 242,991 227,046 1,827 48,458 6,144 637,100 1,674,904
- - - - 34,187	5,651 9,950 393,112 79,656 384,154 42,337 382,553
- - 34,187	22,453 8,610 1,328,476
(11,648)	346,428
35,156 - - -	1,991,898 (146,525) 100,057 269,181
35,156	2,214,611
23,508	2,561,039
(114,767)	2,018,842
\$ (91,259)	\$ 4,579,881

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS	Central Garage Fund	Self- Insurance Fund	Total
	Tana	i dild	rotar
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net Special Assessments Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable Due from Other Governmental Units	\$ 712,647 6,168 598 1,622 2,385	\$ 76,657 60,547 - 315	\$ 789,304 66,715 598 1,937 2,385
Prepaid Items Total Current Assets	5,060 728,480	137,519	5,060 865,999
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Land Construction in Progress Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	51,900 63,257 1,401,265 3,987,256	-	51,900 63,257 1,401,265 3,987,256
Total Capital Assets	5,503,678	_	5,503,678
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	(2,334,492) 3,169,186		(2,334,492) 3,169,186
Total Assets	3,897,666	137,519	4,035,185
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related Other Postemployment Benefits Related Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,284 394 4,678		4,284 394 4,678
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued Salaries and Fringes Accrued Interest Payable Compensated Absences - Current Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation - Current Bonds Payable - Current Total Current Liabilities NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	9,381 1,258 2,161 8,900 5,830 394 53,000 80,924	6,923 - - - - - - - 6,923	16,304 1,258 2,161 8,900 5,830 394 53,000 87,847
Compensated Absences Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation Net Pension Liability Bonds Payable - Long-Term Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	6,967 6,238 57,297 727,000 797,502 878,426	- - - - - - - 6,923	6,967 6,238 57,297 727,000 797,502 885,349
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related Other Postemployment Benefits Related Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,571 1,615 8,186		6,571 1,615 8,186
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Total Net Position	2,389,186 626,546 \$ 3,015,732	130,596 \$ 130,596	2,389,186 757,142 \$ 3,146,328

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION — INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Central Garage Fund			Self- Insurance Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for Services	\$	661,316	\$	1,020,514	\$ 1,681,830
Miscellaneous		13,348			 13,348
Total Operating Revenues		674,664		1,020,514	1,695,178
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal Services		90,091		-	90,091
Professional Services		70,764		-	70,764
Supplies		152,387		-	152,387
Depreciation		383,561		-	383,561
Benefits or Claims		-		1,002,698	1,002,698
Miscellaneous		3,871			3,871
Total Operating Expenses		700,674		1,002,698	 1,703,372
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(26,010)		17,816	(8,194)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)					
Investment Earnings		17,351		2,558	19,909
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		25,926		-	25,926
Interest Expense		(19,487)		_	(19,487)
Total Other Income (Expense)		23,790		2,558	 26,348
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(2,220)		20,374	18,154
Transfers In		77,763			 77,763
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		75,543		20,374	95,917
Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,940,189		110,222	 3,050,411
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	3,015,732	\$	130,596	\$ 3,146,328

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Cash Receipts from Customers			Central Garage Fund	li	Self- nsurance Fund		Total
Cash Paid to Suppliers (288, 123) (999,945) (1,280,086) Cash Paid to Employees (90,760) - (90,760) Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 278,995 (39,792) 239,203 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds 77,342 - 77,342 Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 77,342 - 77,342 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets Purchase of Capital Assets Purchase of Capital Assets (95,699) - (95,699) Proceeds from Issuance of Refunding Bonds (780,000) 780,000 780,000 Proceeds from Issuance of Refunding Bonds (795,000) (133,701) - (795,009) Interest, Paying Agent Fees (23,002) - (29,002) Net Cash Flows Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities (133,701) - (133,701) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments 24,088 (37,176) 203,712 CASH AD CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 712,647 \$ 76,657 789,304 <td< td=""><td>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash Paid to Employees Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (90,760) (39,792) 239,203 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 77,342 (3	Cash Receipts from Customers	\$	667,878	\$	960,153	\$	1,628,031
Cash Paid to Employees Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (90,760) (39,792) 239,203 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 77,342 (3	Cash Paid to Suppliers						(1,298,068)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds 77,342 - 77,342 Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 77,342 - 77,342 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets (95,699) - (95,699) Proceeds from Issuance of Refunding Bonds 780,000 - 780,000 Pincipal Paid on Bonds (795,000) - (795,000) Interest, Paying Agent Fees (23,002) - (23,002) Net Cash Flows Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities (133,701) - (133,701) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments 19,252 2,616 20,868 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 240,888 (37,176) 203,712 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 471,759 113,833 585,592 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) \$ (26,010) 17,816 (8,194) </td <td>Cash Paid to Employees</td> <td></td> <td>(90,760)</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash Paid to Employees		(90,760)		-		
Transfers from Other Funds Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 77,342 - 77,342 Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 77,342 - 77,342 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 89,699 - 89,699 Purchase of Capital Assets (95,699) - 89,000 Principal Paid on Bonds 780,000 - 780,000 Interest, Paying Agent Fees (23,002) - (23,002) Net Cash Flows Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities (133,701) - (33,002) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 18,252 2,616 20,868 Interest on Investments 18,252 2,616 20,868 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 240,888 (37,176) 203,712 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 471,759 113,833 585,592 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 712,647 \$ 76,657 899,304 RECONCILLATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO 17,816 \$ (8,194) NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 17,816 \$ (8,194) Operating Income (Loss) to	Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		278,995		(39,792)		239,203
Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 77,342 - 77,342							
Purchase of Capital Assets							
Purchase of Capital Assets (95,699) . (95,699) . (95,699) . (95,699) . (95,699) . (95,699) . (95,699) . (95,000) .	Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		77,342		-		77,342
Proceeds from Issuance of Refunding Bonds 780,000 780,000 Principal Paid on Bonds (795,000) - (795,000) Interest, Paying Agent Fees (23,002) - (23,002) NET CASH Flows Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities (133,701) - (133,701) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments 18,252 2,616 20,868 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 240,888 (37,176) 203,712 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 471,759 113,833 585,592 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR * 712,647 * 76,657 * 789,304 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) * (26,010) 17,816 (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: * (26,010) 17,816 * (8,194) Depreciation 383,561 - 383,561 - 383,561 Receivables (5,975) (60,361) (66,			(05 000)				(05.000)
Principal Paid on Bonds					-		,
Interest, Paying Agent Fees (23,002) - (23,002) (133,701)							
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 18,252 2,616 20,868 Interest on Investments 18,252 2,616 20,868 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 240,888 (37,176) 203,712 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 471,759 113,833 585,592 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR 712,647 76,657 789,304 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NAT CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES (26,010) 17,816 (8,194) Operating Income (Loss) (26,010) 17,816 (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Nat Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 383,561 - 383,561 Opereciation 383,561 - 383,561 (66,336) (66,336) (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) Due from Other Governments (811) - (811) Prepaid Items (155) - (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (397) Deferred Outflo	·				-		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments 18,252 2,616 20,868 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 240,888 (37,176) 203,712 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 471,759 113,833 585,592 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR 712,647 76,657 789,304 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) (26,010) 17,816 (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to (26,010) 17,816 (8,194) Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 383,561 383,561 383,561 Opercease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) Receivables (5,975) (60,361) (811) Perpeal Items (155) (60,361) (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (307) (307) (307) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Interest on Investments 18,252 2,616 20,868 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 240,888 (37,176) 203,712 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 471,759 113,833 585,592 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR 712,647 76,657 789,304 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 5 17,816 (8,194) Operating Income (Loss) (26,010) 17,816 (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 383,561 5 383,561 Depreciation 383,561 5 383,561 (66,334) (66,336) Receivables (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) (66,336) (66,336) Receivables (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) (66,336) (66,336) (66,336) (66,336) (66,336) (66,336) (66,336) (66,336) (66,536) (66,536) (66,536) (66,536) (66,536) (66,536) (66,536) (66,536) (66,5	Net Cash Flows Osed by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(133,701)		-		(133,701)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 240,888 (37,176) 203,712 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 471,759 113,833 585,592 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR 712,647 76,657 789,304 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) \$ (26,010) 17,816 (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			40.050		0.040		00.000
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 471,759 113,833 585,592 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 712,647 \$ 76,657 789,304 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) \$ (26,010) 17,816 (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	Interest on investments		18,252		2,616		20,868
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 712,647 \$ 76,657 \$ 789,304 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) \$ (26,010) \$ 17,816 \$ (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: \$ (26,010) \$ 17,816 \$ (8,194) Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: \$ 383,561 \$ 383,561 \$ 383,561 \$ 383,561 \$ (66,386) \$ (66,386) \$ (66,386) \$ (66,386) \$ (66,386) \$ (66,386) \$ (66,386) \$ (66,386) \$ (66,386) \$ (66,386) \$ (66,672) \$ (66,672) \$ (66,722) \$	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		240,888		(37,176)		203,712
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) \$ (26,010) \$ 17,816 \$ (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: \$ 383,561 - 383,561 Depreciation 383,561 - 383,561 (66,336) (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) Due from Other Governments (811) - (811) - (811) Prepaid Items (155) - (155) - (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (26) (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) - (1,239) OPEB Liability 570 - 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		471,759		113,833		585,592
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) \$ (26,010) \$ 17,816 \$ (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to \$ (26,010) \$ 17,816 \$ (8,194) Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: \$ (26,010) \$ 383,561 \$ 383,561 \$ (387) \$ (60,361) \$ (66,336) \$ (66,336) \$ (66,336) \$ (66,336) \$ (66,336) \$ (66,336) \$ (66,336) \$ (811)	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	712,647	\$	76,657	\$	789,304
Operating Income (Loss) \$ (26,010) \$ 17,816 \$ (8,194) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 383,561 - 383,561 Depreciation 383,561 - 383,561 (10,000) (
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation 383,561 - 383,561 (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) Due from Other Governments (811) - (811) Prepaid Items (155) - (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (397) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (26) - (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)		\$	(26.010)	\$	17 816	\$	(8 104)
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 383,561 - 383,561 Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) Receivables (Due from Other Governments (811) (811) - (811) Prepaid Items (155) - (155) - (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (397) - (297) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (26) - (26) - (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability (1,239) - (4,850) - 4,850 OPEB Liability (1,239) 570 - 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) - (6,672) - (6,672) - (6,672) - (6,672) - (6,672) - (6,672) - (6,672) - (6,672) -		Ψ	(20,010)	Ψ	17,010	Ψ	(0,104)
Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: 383,561 - 383,561 Receivables (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) (66,336) Due from Other Governments (811) - (811) - (811) Prepaid Items (155) - (155) - (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (397) - (26) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (26) - (26) - (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: (68,384) (2,753) (65,631) Accounts Payable (68,384) (1,239) - (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability (1,239) - (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability (1,239) - (1,239) - (570) Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)							
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) Due from Other Governments (811) - (811) Prepaid Items (155) - (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (397) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (26) - (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317) (317)			383 561		_		383 561
Receivables (5,975) (60,361) (66,336) Due from Other Governments (811) - (811) Prepaid Items (155) - (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (397) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (26) - (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: - (26) Accounts Payable (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317) (317)	·		000,001				000,00
Due from Other Governments (811) - (811) Prepaid Items (155) - (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (397) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (26) - (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: - (26) Accounts Payable (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317) (317)			(5.975)		(60.361)		(66.336)
Prepaid Items (155) - (155) Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (397) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (26) - (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: - (26) Accounts Payable (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)					(00,00.)		
Deferred Outflows - Pension (397) - (397) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (26) - (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: - (397) - (26) Accounts Payable (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)					_		
Deferred Outflows - OPEB (26) - (26) Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: - (26) Accounts Payable (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)	•				_		
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Accounts Payable (1,239) - (1,239) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)					_		
Accounts Payable (68,384) 2,753 (65,631) Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317) (317)			(=0)				(==)
Other Accrued Liabilities (1,239) - (1,239) Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)			(68.384)		2.753		(65.631)
Net Pension Liability 4,850 - 4,850 OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)	•				_,. 55		
OPEB Liability 570 - 570 Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)					_		
Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,672) - (6,672) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)					_		
Deferred Inflows - OPEB (317) (317)					_		
	Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$		\$	(39,792)	\$	



CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF SOURCES AND USES OF PUBLIC FUNDS — DAKTRONICS INC. #9-1, TAX INCREMENT FINANCIAL DISTRICT (UNAUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

COURCES OF FUNDS		Budget		ccounted for in ior Years		2020	Actual Over (Under Budget		
SOURCES OF FUNDS	•	070 700	•	407.405	•	4.070	•	(4.40.044)	
Tax Increments Received	\$	272,702	\$	127,485	\$	1,276	\$	(143,941)	
Interest Earnings		20,000		-				(20,000)	
Total Sources of Funds		292,702		127,485		1,276		(163,941)	
USES OF FUNDS									
Site Improvements/Preparation Costs		235,000		118,838		1,162		(115,000)	
Note Payments									
Interest		30,432		855		1		(29,576)	
Administrative Expenses		27,270		1,708		45		(25,517)	
Professional Services				6,084		68		6,152	
Total Uses of Funds		292,702		127,485		1,276		(163,941)	
DISTRICT BALANCE	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF SOURCES AND USES OF PUBLIC FUNDS — MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT #10-1, TAX INCREMENT FINANCIAL DISTRICT (UNAUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budget	counted for in or Years	2020	Actual Over (Under) Budget		
SOURCES OF FUNDS						
Tax Increments Received	\$ 3,664,090	\$ 277,337	\$	68,464	\$	(3,318,289)
Interest Earnings	350,000	-		_		(350,000)
Total Sources of Funds	4,014,090	277,337		68,464		(3,668,289)
USES OF FUNDS						
Land/Building Acquisition	450,000	275,724		68,102		(106,174)
Site Improvements/Preparation Costs	250,000	-		-		(250,000)
Installation of Public Utilities	500,000	-		-		(500,000)
Streets and Sidewalks	1,955,259	-		-		(1,955,259)
Note Payments						,
Interest	492,422	-		-		(492,422)
Administrative Expenses	366,409	1,613		362		(364,434)
Total Uses of Funds	4,014,090	277,337		68,464		(3,668,289)
DISTRICT BALANCE	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF TAX LEVIES — LAST FIVE YEARS (UNAUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

	For 2020 (Collection	For 2019 Collection			For 2018 Collection			For 2017 Collection				For 2016 Collection				
	Net Tax	Net Tax	Net Tax	١	let Tax		Net Tax		Net Tax		Net Tax	1	Net Tax		Net Tax	N	et Tax
	Amount	Capacity	Amount	C	apacity		Amount	(Capacity		Amount		Capacity		Amount	Ca	apacity
General	\$ 2,780,869	88.105	\$ 2,647,035		87.275	\$	2,530,588		87.847	\$	2,444,319		90.163	\$	2,297,990		90.069
Bonds and Interest	 47,495	1.505	 46,840		1.545		59,437		2.064		58,621		2.163		60,277		2.330
Total	\$ 2,828,364	89.610	\$ 2,693,875		88.820	\$	2,590,025		89.911	\$	2,502,940		92.326	\$	2,358,267		92.399

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF TAX CAPACITY — LAST FIVE YEARS (UNAUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

	For 2020 Collection	For 2019 Collection	For 2018 Collection	For 2017 Collection	For 2016 Collection			
Real Property	\$ 3,189,044	\$ 3,065,006	\$ 2,915,596	\$ 2,750,255	\$	2,639,905		
Personal Property	56,475	57,841	54,301	51,091		46,056		
Tax Increment Districts	 76,828	 77,426	 75,926	 78,052		86,033		
Total	\$ 3,322,347	\$ 3,200,273	\$ 3,045,823	\$ 2,879,398	\$	2,771,994		

REPORTS RELATING TO GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redwood Falls Redwood Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota June 16, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redwood Falls Redwood Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2021.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above-referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance relating to the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota June 16, 2021



