

AGENDA FOR REGULAR CITY COUNCIL MEETING TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 2024 – 5:00 P.M.

1.	Pledge of Allegiance
2.	Call to Order - Roll Call and Establishment of Quorum
3.	Approval of Agenda - Council Changes - Staff Changes
4.	Approval of Minutes A. June 4, 2024
5.	Audience Participation (10-minute time limit for items <u>not</u> on the agenda)
6.	Consent Agenda
7.	Scheduled Public Hearings
8.	Old Business
9.	 Regular Agenda A. Planned Unit Development – 201 Normandale Road (Resolution #34) B. 2023 City Audit Presentation C. Wastewater Treatment Facility PFA Loan Financial Commitment (Resolution #35) D. Reflection Prairie Plat Correction E. Establish 2024 Solid Waste Review Committee
10.	Other Items and Communications A. Council Items B. Staff Items
11.	Paid Bills and Claims – For Informational Purposes A. City of Redwood Falls Accounts Payable Summary

12.

Adjournment

MINUTES REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 2024

Pursuant to due call and notice thereof, a regular meeting of the Redwood Falls City Council was called to order in the Municipal Chambers on Tuesday, June 4, 2024, at 5:00 p.m.

Roll call indicated Mayor Tom Quackenbush and Council Members Matt Smith, Denise Kerkhoff, Jim Sandgren, Larry Arentson, and John T. Buckley were present, constituting a quorum.

Also present were City Administrator Keith Muetzel, Finance Director Kari Klages, City Attorney Trenton Dammann, Public Works Project Coordinator Jim Doering, and Deputy City Clerk Caitlin Kodet.

A motion was made by Council Member Smith and seconded by Council Member Kerkhoff to approve the agenda. Motion passed by unanimous vote.

A motion was made by Council Member Arentson and seconded by Council Member Buckley to approve the May 21, 2024, minutes as presented. Motion passed by unanimous vote.

A motion was made by Council Member Sandgren and seconded by Council Member Arentson to approve the following items on the Consent Agenda:

- 1. City Assistance with Celebrate Redwood Falls Summer Splash Event
- 2. Parade Permit for Celebrate Redwood Falls Summer Splash Event
- 3. Declare Street Equipment Surplus Property and Authorize Sale

Motion passed by unanimous vote.

City Administrator Muetzel introduced Resolution No. 33 of 2024 – Resolution Designating The Port Authority To Implement And Administer A Property Assessed Clean Energy Improvement Financing On Behalf Of The City, And Providing For The Imposition Of Special Assessments As Needed In Connection With That Program.

Mr. Muetzel stated the State of Minnesota offers financing for the construction and installation of energy efficiency and conservation improvements through the Minnesota Property Assessed Clean Energy Program (MinnPACE). For eligible properties to access the funding program, a local municipality must enter into a Joint Powers Agreement authorizing the implementation and administration of the program within the boundaries of the City. The MinnPACE program provides energy efficiency loan funds that are repaid solely from special assessments levied by the City against the benefiting property. Under this repayment arrangement, the City agrees to collect the assessments representing the loan repayments and remit those payments to the lender. The energy efficiency loans do not constitute a liability or indebtedness of the City and the City has no repayment obligation.

Mr. Muetzel stated the developers of the Red Skye Lofts Project (100 Fallwood Road) desire to access funding from the MinnPACE Program and are requesting approval of the Joint Powers Agreement. The adoption of the agreement also makes this funding program available to any other eligible properties in Redwood Falls. City Staff recommends approval of the Joint Powers Agreement.

A motion was made by Council Member Buckley and seconded by Council Member Kerkhoff to waive the reading of Resolution No. 33 of 2024 – Resolution Designating The Port Authority To Implement And Administer A Property Assessed Clean Energy Improvement Financing On Behalf Of The City, And Providing For The Imposition Of Special Assessments As Needed In Connection With That Program. Motion passed by unanimous vote.

A motion was made by Council Member Smith and seconded by Council Member Arentson to approve Resolution No. 33 of 2024 – Resolution Designating The Port Authority To Implement And Administer A Property Assessed Clean Energy Improvement Financing On Behalf Of The City, And Providing For The Imposition Of Special Assessments As Needed In Connection With That Program. Motion passed by unanimous vote.

Finance Director Klages introduced the open Accounts Payable/Payroll Coordinator Position.

Ms. Klages stated the reassignment of Rachel Viergutz creates an Accounts Payable/Payroll Coordinator position vacancy. The vacancy was posted internally, and one application was received. An interview was completed by Finance Director Klages, HR Coordinator Sheila Stage, and City Administrator Muetzel. An offer was made to the applicant, but the offer was declined. The position will be posted publicly to allow for external candidates to apply. No action is currently being requested from Council.

Mayor Quackenbush stated the approved crosswalk on Industrial Drive has been installed. City Administrator Muetzel stated the crosswalk will be operational once the electrical work has been completed. The crosswalk was purchased by Schult Homes and Schult Homes will be reimbursing the City for installation costs. The City will be responsible for any future maintenance.

City Administrator Muetzel stated the City has recently received concerns regarding sign regulations and the City's sign ordinance regarding political signs. The City's sign ordinance regulates the location of signs, the size and number of signs, as well as the type of signs. Cities are not generally allowed to regulate the content of signs. In an election year, during a specified time before and after election day, Minnesota Statutes do not allow cities to enforce some sign ordinances restricting the number and size of noncommercial signs.

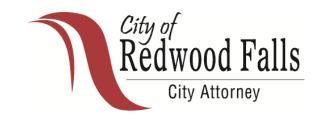
City Administrator Muetzel stated the Red Skye Lofts, located at 100 Fallwood Road, was issued the Certificate of Occupancy from the Building Official today.

Bills and Claims were presented to the Council for informational purposes. No questions, comments or concerns were raised.

There being no further business, a motion was made by Council Member Kerkhoff and seconded by Council Member Arentson to adjourn the meeting at 5:20 p.m. Motion passed by unanimous vote.

ATTEST:		
Keith Muetzel	Tom Quackenbush	
City Administrator	Mayor	

· mmp.cm



Trenton Dammann City Attorney Phone: (507)616-7400

Fax: (507)637-2417 tdammann@ci.redwood-falls.mn.us

AGENDA RECOMMENDATION

To: City Council

Meeting Date: June 18, 2024

Agenda Item: Resolution No. 34 of 2024 - Resolution Approving the Planned Unit Development (PUD) for

201 Normandale Road

Recommendation/Action Requested: Read the proposed Resolution or make a motion to waive the reading of the Resolution. Discuss the proposed Resolution. If there are no concerns, adopt proposed Resolution by motion in accordance with Chapter 4 of the City Charter.

Summary/Overview: The City received a request for a Planned Unit Development from Brian Ertel, owner of the Normandale Mobile Home Park located at 201 Normandale Road. Mr. Ertel has requested the Planned Unit Development overlay district because the current configuration of the park does not allow adequate space to complete the desired infrastructure improvements. Currently, the street and all underground utilities within the mobile home park are considered private property and maintained by the property owner. To bring the street and utilities to municipal standards, Mr. Ertel would need to reduce the front property line setbacks from the road to the structures.

The PUD request will not change the current zoning of the (R-M) Manufactured Home Park District but will allow for modifications to the front setback requirements and property configuration. A proposed concept map showing the setbacks and infrastructure layout is included. Mr. Ertel has worked with City Staff to ensure the proposed infrastructure meets the necessary requirements. Approval of the PUD allows Mr. Ertel to proceed with the final plat and development agreement.

If the PUD is approved, Mr. Ertel will improve the street, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water within the property. Once the street meets municipal standards, Mr. Ertel intends to dedicate the street to the City as a public right-of-way and continue to operate the property as a manufactured housing community.

The Planning Commission recommends approval of the Planned Unit Development with the findings of fact and conditions as outlined in Resolution No. 34.

Attachments: Land Use Application and Narrative

Site Map

Resolution No. 34 of 2024 with Exhibit A

Hello Keith / Matt,

Attached is the application and concept plan for PUD at Normandale MHC. The text below is intended to be the narrative for the Description of Request. Regarding payment for the application fee – I will pay that to the front desk using a credit card as done for utilities unless instructed otherwise. Please let me know if you have any questions.

BE

Narrative:

Applicant requests a Planned Unit Development zoning in conjunction with its redevelopment efforts to allow infrastructure to be built to municipal standards and turned over to City as permanent City right-of-way, street, sanitary sewer utility, water utility, and storm sewer utility, upon completion, while also allowing the property to continue operations as a manufactured housing community. At it's current configuration the property does not meet setback requirements of City code however, with slight modification in setback requirements and slight modification of property configuration, we would be able to meet municipal standards and maintain feasible operations at the property for the foreseeable future.

The attached concept shows the subject property with existing homes shown in blue, as well as the proposed setback. This proposed configuration also includes twenty generously sized lots for double wide homes that are more desirable among home buyers of today. The desire would be to start construction on the project this summer.

Sincerely,

Brian ErtelNormandale MHC



LAND USE APPLICATION

333 S. Washington Street · PO Box 526 · Redwood Falls, MN 56283 Office: 507-616-7400 · Fax: 507-637-2417 inspections@ci.redwood-falls.mn.us

SITE INFORMATION			
Site Address 201 Norman	dale Redwood	Falls	
Parcel ID# 88-001 - 414		Current Zoning Designation R - M	
Current Property Use MHP			
Proposed Property Use MHP			
PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION	ON	1	
Name Normandale	LLC	Phone 763-228-	1800
Address \$ 17503 Ge	orge Moran	Dr. Eden Prairie, MA	55347
APPLICANT INFORMATION			
Applicant/ Company Name	mandale, L	LC Phone 763-228	3-2800
Contact Person Brian Er	-tel Er	mail bertela CRE-MN-C	ion
Address 17503 Gears	ge Moran D	r., Eden Prairie MN 55	5347
TYPE OF REQUEST			
☐ Variance	\$250.00	☐ Vacate Easement or Right of Way	\$250.00
☐ Conditional Use	\$250.00	Zoning Amendment	\$250.00
☐ Interim Use	\$250.00	Planned Unit Development	\$250.00
☐ Minor Subdivision	\$250.00	□ Zoning Letter/ Certificate	\$50.00
☐ Preliminary Plat	\$250.00	☐ Appeal	\$250.00
☐ Final Plat	\$250.00	☐ Other	
DESCRIPTION OF REQUEST			
See Hadred	2 narrative	+ concept plan.	
300 000		Control of the Control	
* A separate detailed narrative of the	project may be required	to fully describe request. See Submittal Requirem	ents

FILING AND INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

The City requests that you make a pre-application meeting with the Zoning Administrator to discuss the application process, requirements, and deadlines. Additional items may be requested to help provide details and clarifications to the Planning Commission and City Council to make a decision on the request.

COMPLETE/ INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS

An incomplete application will delay the processing of land use requests. The application approval time commences and an application is considered officially filed when the City Planner has received and examined the application and determined that the application is complete. A decision on whether the application is complete or incomplete shall be made within fifteen (15) working days following the submittal of the application. When the application is deemed to be "complete" it shall be placed on the agenda of the first possible Planning Commission meeting provided that all required public notices have been sent and published.

PAYMENT OF FEES

Land use application fees for the type of request are attached to this application and must be paid to the City before an application is found to be complete. In addition to the application fees, the City retains engineering, legal, planning and other consultants who may be involved in the application review process and attend Planning Commission and City Council meetings for a particular application. All costs resulting from the review of the application by the City and it's consultants, including but not limited to engineering, legal, and planning must be paid by the applicant. The City may withhold final action on a land use application, withhold building permits, and/or rescind prior action until all miscellaneous fees have been paid. The City will notify the applicant of these fees before the expenses are incurred.

NOTICE OF MEETING ATTENDANCE

In order for the Planning Commission and the City Council to consider any application, the applicant or a designated representative must be present at the **both** scheduled meetings. If not, the matter may be tabled until the next available agenda.

AGENDA DEADLINE

The deadline for submittal of land use applications is the **20th of the month** to get on the next month regular scheduled meeting. There are no exceptions to this deadline. Failure to submit all application materials by the deadline date may delay the review process. The Planning Commission regular scheduled meeting is on the second Tuesday of each month at 5:00 PM in the City Council Chambers at City Hall. The City Council regularly meets on the first and third Tuesday of each month at 5:00 PM in the City Council Chambers at City Hall.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT & SIGNATURE

I hereby apply for zoning approval and certify the information herein is complete and accurate; that the work will be in conformance with the ordinances and codes of the City of Redwood Falls; that I understand that this is not a permit but only an application for zoning approval, and work will not start until zoning approval and all other applicable permits are issued and all work will be in accordance with the approved plan and permits.

I acknowledge that I have read all of the information listed in the Redwood Falls Land Use Application and fully understand that I am responsible for all costs, including any consultant fees, incurred by the City related to the processing and review of this application. If additional fees are required to cover costs incurred by the City, the City Administrator has the right to require additional payment from one or more of the undersigned, who shall be jointly liable for such fees.

Applicant Signature	Date 5-16-14
Property Owner Signature	Date 5 - 16 - 24
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY	
☐ Application Received Date	Application Fee
☐ Full Required Submittals Received Date	Other
	Other
Notes	Total





Legend

City Limits

Parcels (03/18/2024)

Road ROW

Lot Lines

Redw_cty20.sid

Red: Band_1

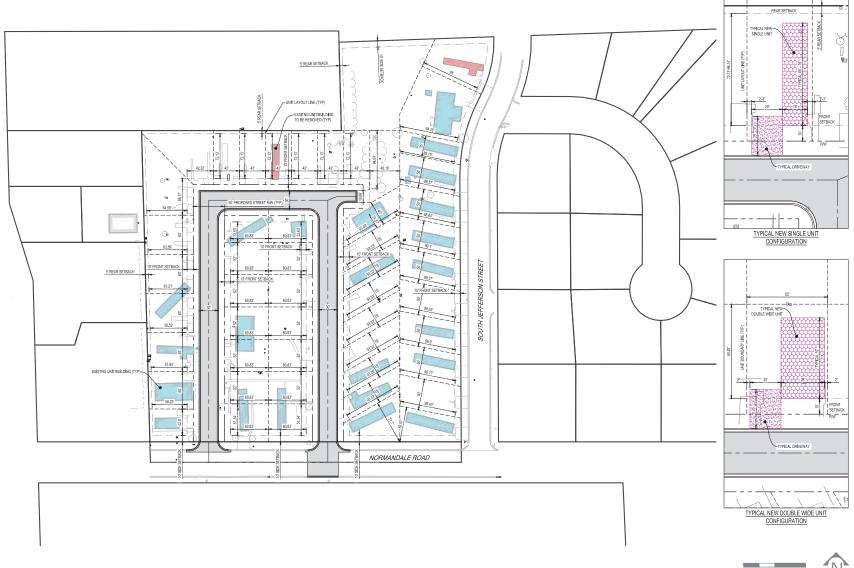
Green: Band_2

Blue: Band_3

201 Normandale Rd



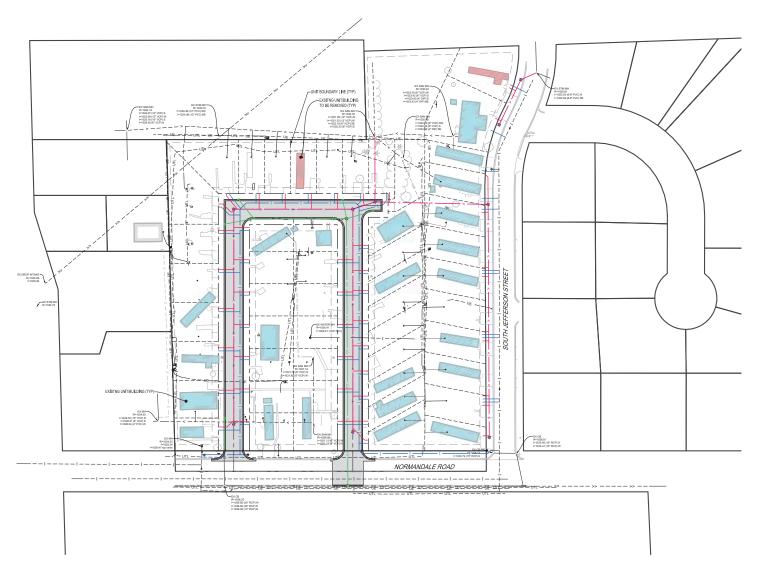
This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as one. This drawing is a compilation of records, information, and data located in various city, county, and state offices, and other sources affecting the area shown, and is to be used for reference purposes only. The City of Redwood Falls is not responsible for any inaccuracies herein contained.



SITE LAYOUT EXHIBIT







SITE UTILITY EXHIBIT





RESOLUTION NO. 34 OF 2024

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS APPROVING THE PROPOSED PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT FOR NORMANDALE MOBILE HOME PARK LOCATED AT 201 NORMANDALE ROAD

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 15.11 of the Redwood Falls Unified Development Ordinance ("UDO"), on May 16, 2024, an application for a Planned Unit Development ("PUD") was submitted by Mr. Brian Ertel ("Applicant"), representing Normandale, LLC, Owner of the property located at 201 Normandale Road, Redwood Falls, Minnesota with PID 88-001-4140, hereinafter, the ("Property"); and

WHEREAS, the legal description of the Property for the proposed PUD is detailed on Exhibit A attached hereto; and

WHEREAS, Applicant submitted a narrative statement and site plan with his PUD application for the Property, which was made to allow for adequate space to complete desired infrastructure improvements. The PUD will allow for the currently private owned street and underground utilities within the mobile home park to be developed to municipal standards; as a result, property line setbacks from the road to the structures will be reduced; and

WHEREAS, on June 11, 2024, the Planning Commission reviewed the application for PUD, held a public hearing where all public comment was heard, and voted to recommend to the City Council approval of the proposed PUD with required findings as listed in Section 15.14 of the Redwood Falls UDO; and

WHEREAS, the proposed PUD will result in the improvement of street, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water utilities within the Property; and

WHEREAS, the proposed PUD will serve the following objectives as listed in Section 15.02 of the Redwood Falls UDO: 1) An efficient use of land resulting in smaller networks of utilities and streets thereby lowering housing costs and public investments and the promotion of energy resource conservation; 2) A development pattern in harmony with the objectives of the Comprehensive Plan; and 3) A more desirable environment than would be possible through the strict application of zoning and subdivision regulations of the City.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the City Council of the City of Redwood Falls makes the following:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- (A) Adequate property control has been established and provided to protect the individual owner's rights and property values and to define legal responsibilities for maintenance and upkeep.
- (B) The interior circulation plan and access from and onto public right-of-way does not create congestion or dangers and is adequate for the safety of the project residents and general public.
- (C) A sufficient amount of usable open space is provided.
- (D) The arrangement of buildings, structures, and accessory uses does not unreasonably disturb the privacy of surrounding property owners or reduce the value of adjacent properties.
- (E) The architectural design of the project is compatible with the surrounding area.

- (F) The project will not place a burden on existing municipal infrastructure, including utility and drainage systems.
- (G) The development schedule ensures a logical development of the site, protecting the interests of project residents and the general public.
- (H) The planned unit development is in reasonable compliance with the intent and purpose of the Land Use Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA, Applicant's proposed PUD for 201 Normandale Road as described herein is hereby approved subject to the following conditions:

- 1) The official zoning map shall be amended to designate the property as a "PUD- Planned Unit Development" overlay district.
- 2) The PUD shall remain valid for a period of one (1) year from the date of approval. If an application for final plan approval has not been submitted within such period, the PUD shall be considered void unless a petition for a time extension has been granted by the City Council. Such extension request shall be submitted in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to expiration of the approval and shall state facts showing a good faith effort to initiate final development plans for the PUD. In the event that the PUD is allowed to expire, the Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing to remove the PUD designation from the Property.
- 3) Applicant shall proceed with final plans, including any necessary final plat, site plan, and building permit approvals, however, the City shall withhold approval of any final plat, site plan, or building permit required for the PUD if the proposal is inconsistent with the plan as approved, except as provided in Section 15.19 of the UDO.
- 4) Applicant shall provide the City with all necessary public utility easements to be incorporated within a final plat approval.
- 5) Applicant shall obtain all required permits and approvals before starting any ground disturbance, including entering into a development agreement with the City.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota this 18th day of June 2024.

ATTEST:	
Keith Muetzel City Administrator	Tom Quackenbush Mayor
(City Seal)	Subscribed and sworn to before me this
	day of, 2024. Notary Public

Exhibit A

Legal Description of Property

That part of Lot Seventy-six (76) of Auditor's Subdivision One (1) of Section One (1), Township One Hundred Twelve (112) North, of Range Thirty-six (36) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, described as follows:

Beginning at a point 180 feet south and 256 feet east of the northwest corner of said Lot 76, thence north parallel with the west line of said Lot 76 for a distance of 180 feet; thence east along the north line of said Lot 76 for a distance of 321.5 feet to the southeast corner of Lot 75 of said Auditor's Subdivision; thence north along the east line of Lot 75 of said Auditor's Subdivision for a distance of 144.2 feet to the southwest corner of Hylland's Addition to the City of Redwood Falls as platted; thence east along the south line of said Hylland's Addition for a distance of 246 feet to the west line of Jefferson Street as platted; thence southerly along the west line of Jefferson Street as dedicated in Book 73 of Miscellaneous Records, page 445, for a distance of 696.8 feet, more or less, to the south line of said Section 1; thence west along the south line of said Section 1 for a distance of 499 feet, more or less, to a point 256 feet east of the west line of said Lot 76; thence northerly for a distance of 354.2 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, subject to a street dedication along the south line as recorded in Book 112 of Deeds on page 412 and subject to easements of record.



City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota

Audit Presentation - Exit Conference Year Ending December 31, 2023



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Agenda

- Introduction
- Required Communications
- Internal Control & Legal Compliance Findings
- Financial Results







Introduction

Team of Professionals

Your service team understands the strategic, operational, and regulatory issues impacting your organization. Each engagement team member has in-depth experience in local government accounting and auditing and is committed to providing timely, quality client service.

	Role	Experience
Miranda Wendlandt, CPA, CFE	Engagement Principal — overall engagement responsibility including planning the engagement, developing the audit approach, supervising staff, and maintaining client contact throughout the engagement and throughout the year. Responsible for client satisfaction through the deployment of all required resources and continuous communication with management and the engagement team.	16+
Liz Mickelson, CPA	Engagement Manager — lead accountant on the engagement. Assist the engagement principal with planning the engagement and performing complex audit areas. Perform a technical review of all work performed and is responsible for the review of the financial report and all related reports.	8
Elizabeth VanHeel	Engagement In-Charge —responsible for the day-to-day activities for this engagement, including the supervision of all staff assigned.	6







Required Communications

Required Communications

- See separate letter provided to council
- Key points
 - Audit provides reasonable, but not absolute assurance
 - Audit includes some accounting estimates
 - We received full cooperation from management
- Results of the Audit
 - We issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the financial statements







Internal Control and Minnesota Legal Compliance Findings

Conclusions

- Internal Control Findings:
 - None noted

- Minnesota Legal Compliance Findings:
 - None noted

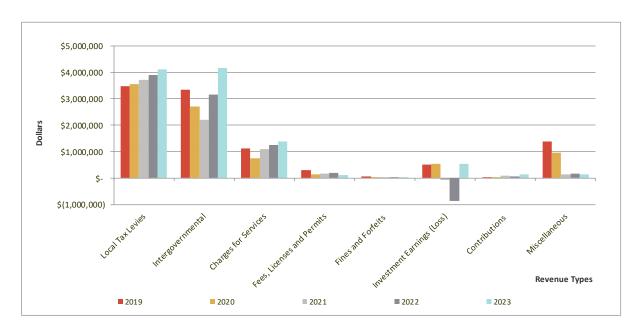
- Single Audit
 - Highway Planning & Construction
 - City complied with the specific requirements







Revenue Components – All Governmental Funds



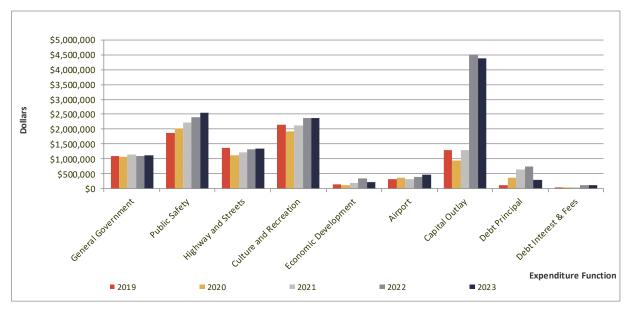
Local Tax Levies
Intergovernmental
Charges for Services
Fees, Licenses and Permits
Fines and Forfeits
Investment Earnings (Loss)
Contributions
Miscellaneous
Total Revenues

 2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
\$ 3,472,910	\$	3,562,233	\$	3,702,917	\$	3,895,312	\$	4,110,006
3,337,211		2,701,405		2,192,768		3,163,737		4,164,797
1,118,136		760,043		1,095,875		1,258,420		1,396,005
302,996		146,246		169,285		192,152		100,449
64,671		45,344		41,423		33,646		28,597
520,899		536,789		(66,650)		(860,109)		544,024
44,917		20,333		93,814		66,566		126,986
 1,388,125		962,545		143,156		174,051		142,956
\$ 10,249,865	\$	8,734,938	\$	7,372,588	\$	7,923,775	\$	10,613,820





Expenditure Components – All Governmental Funds

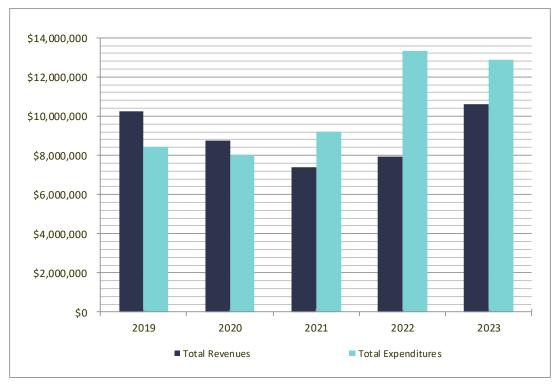


	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government	\$ 1,103,552	\$ 1,075,525	\$ 1,152,683	\$ 1,099,901	\$ 1,125,721
Public Safety	1,864,748	2,011,870	2,213,492	2,396,939	2,540,046
Highway and Streets	1,366,293	1,113,210	1,216,411	1,314,025	1,337,169
Culture and Recreation	2,139,885	1,927,696	2,118,938	2,381,820	2,366,617
Economic Development	151,492	128,159	186,355	339,815	229,688
Airport	320,783	384,154	319,048	402,352	471,682
Capital Outlay	1,299,452	956,384	1,289,996	4,504,090	4,383,241
Debt Principal	134,522	382,553	656,173	760,067	298,493
Debt Interest & Fees	50,445	55,164	47,823	121,784	126,030
Total Expenditures	\$ 8,431,172	\$ 8,034,715	\$ 9,200,919	\$13,320,793	\$12,878,687





All Governmental Funds Revenues & Expenditures

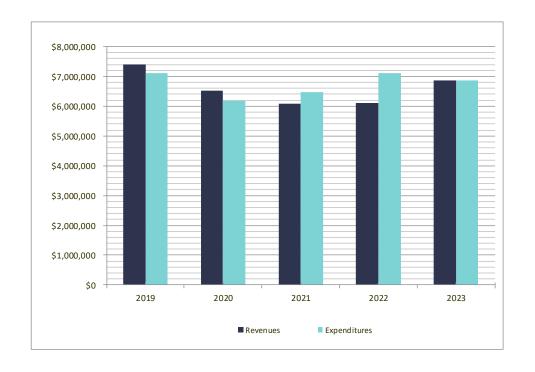


	2019	2020		2021		2022		2023
Total Revenues	\$ 10,249,865	\$	8,734,938	\$	7,372,588	\$	7,923,775	\$10,613,820
Total Expenditures	8,431,172		8,034,715		9,200,919		13,320,793	12,878,687
OFS/OFS	789,191		1,420,431		2,859,559		4,047,972	657,688
Net Change	\$ 2,607,884	\$	2,120,654	\$	1,031,228	\$	(1,349,046)	\$ (1,607,179)





General Fund Revenues & Expenditures



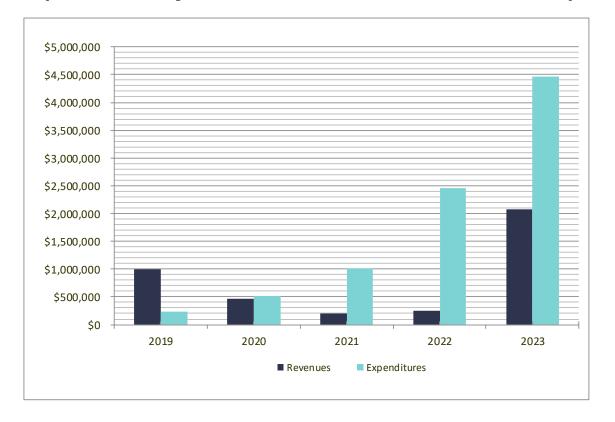
- As of 12/31, the City has 8.63 months of expenditures in unassigned fund balance
 - State Auditor's office recommends minimum of 3-5 months

	 2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenues	\$ 7,395,989	\$ 6,519,617	\$ 6,071,131	\$ 6,116,987	\$ 6,871,797
Expenditures	7,099,314	6,168,120	6,475,540	7,108,595	6,866,824
OFS/OFS	391,940	(458,930)	464,800	59,939	560,987
Net Change	688,615	(107,433)	60,391	(931,669)	565,960
Months Expenditures					
in Fund Balance	9.54	10.75	10.42	7.69	8.63





Capital Project Fund Revenues & Expenditures



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Project driven

- Projects included 4th St reconstruction, Drew Street and Reflections Project
 - Current year fund balance decreased \$2,307,369 primarily due to expenditures exceeding revenues

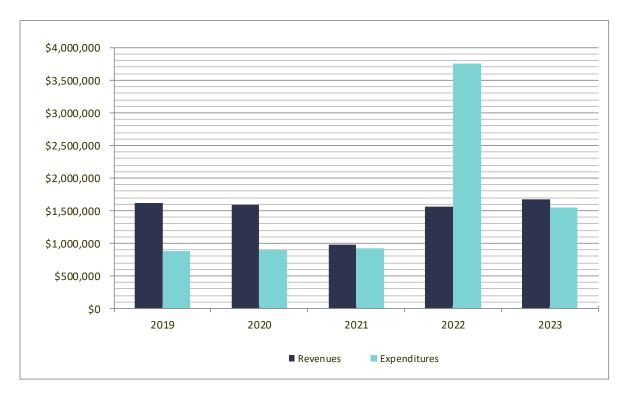
	2019	2020		2021	2022			2023	
Revenues	\$ 996,153	\$ 471,953	\$	193,039	\$	241,947	\$	2,069,516	
Expenditures	227,368	513,656		1,005,969		2,461,137		4,461,586	
OFS/OFS	337,932	(335,250)		(1,122,611)		5,024,656		84,701	
Net Change	1,106,717	(376,953)		(1,935,541)		2,805,466		(2,307,369)	





Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Revenues & Expenditures

Combines Library, Airport, Port Authority, Revolving Loan, Downtown Loan, TIF #10, Debt Service, Airport Fund, and Fire Equipment Replacement Fund.



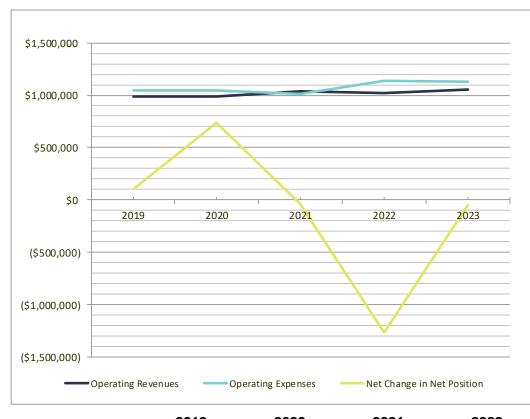
- Revenue increased due to additional debt service levy.
- Expenditures
 decreased due to
 fire equipment
 purchase in 2022.

	 2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenues	\$ 1,613,947	\$ 1,595,919	\$ 986,584	\$ 1,564,841	\$ 1,672,507
Expenditures	886,691	895,186	925,181	3,751,061	1,550,277
OFS/OFS	(58,931)	1,902,897	1,142,394	(1,036,623)	12,000
Net Change	668,325	2,603,630	1,203,797	(3,222,843)	134,230





Sewer Fund Operations



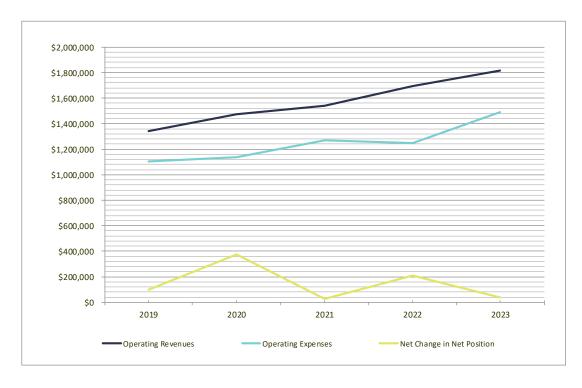
- Operating revenue exceeded expense by \$111,097
- Transfers out resulted in negative change in financial position

	 2019	2020	2021	2022		2023
Operating Revenues	\$ 990,129	\$ 1,034,360	\$ 1,022,651	\$ 1,058,139	\$	1,243,778
Operating Expenses	1,048,245	1,049,225	1,015,036	1,139,394		1,132,681
Operating Revenue/(Loss)	(58,116)	(14,865)	7,615	(81,255))	111,097
Net Change in Net Position	104,825	736,440	(36, 269)	(1,266,339))	(47,241)
Months Expenses						
in Net Position	26.54	28.07	27.58	9.38		1.39





Water Fund Operations



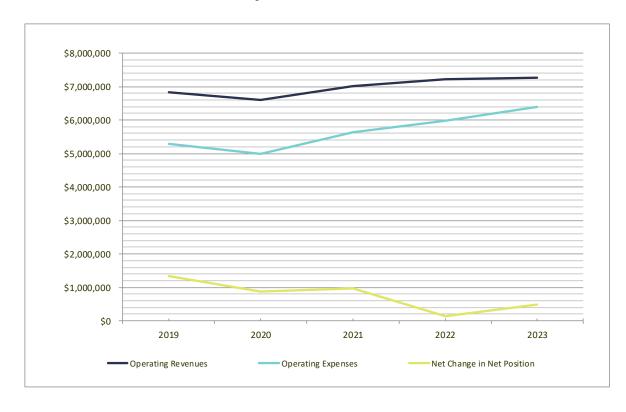
- This fund has reported operating revenue in excess of expense in each of the past 5 years
- 3.59 months of expenses in net position

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Operating Revenues	\$ 1,342,021	\$ 1,474,928	\$ 1,542,097	\$ 1,693,140	\$ 1,818,236
Operating Expenses	1,105,603	1,134,457	1,270,053	1,246,411	1,492,803
Operating Revenue/(Loss)	236,418	340,471	272,044	446,729	325,433
Net Change in Net Position	97,311	377,192	25,870	209,766	35,477
Months Expenses					
in Net Position	8.05	6.14	8.11	4.57	3.59





Electric Fund Operations



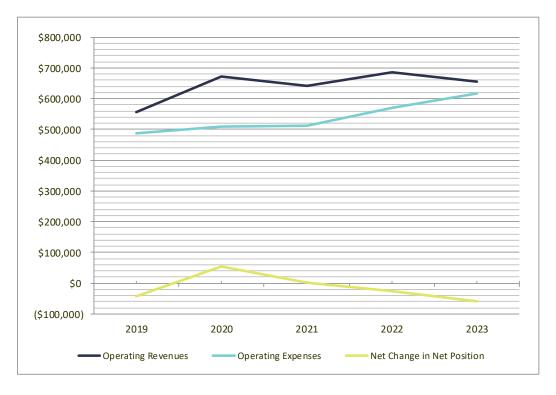
- Revenues exceed expenses in each of the past 5 years
- 3.13 months of expenses in net position
- Ending net position of \$14,916,408

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Operating Revenues	\$ 6,822,962	\$ 6,601,228	\$ 7,004,336	\$ 7,228,370	\$ 7,260,783
Operating Expenses	5,296,691	4,979,294	5,623,125	5,978,631	6,388,185
Operating Revenue/(Loss)	1,526,271	1,621,934	1,381,211	1,249,739	872,598
Net Change in Net Position	1,342,828	864,986	970,548	146,267	486,468
Months Expenses					
in Net Position	8.56	8.10	9.35	5.65	3.13





Liquor Fund Operations



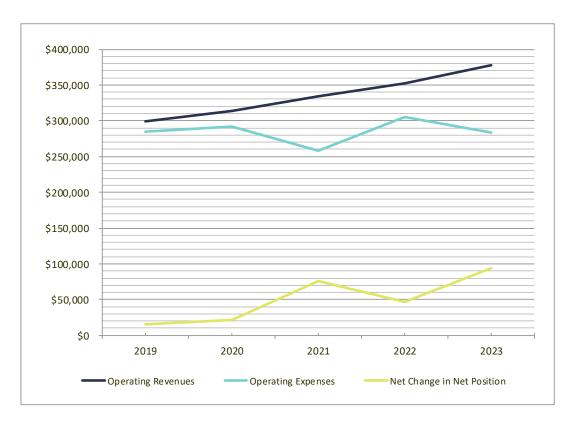
- Operating income in each of the past 5 years
- \$120,000 was transferred to other funds
- 2.13 months of expenses in net position
 - Ending net position \$497,065

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Operating Revenues	\$ 556,971	\$ 671,759	\$ 640,655	\$ 685,095	\$ 654,537
Operating Expenses	486,508	509,019	512,168	568,699	617,862
Operating Revenue/(Loss)	70,463	162,740	128,487	116,396	36,675
Net Change in Net Position	(40,897)	55,036	2,998	(25, 184)	(59,983)
Months Expenses					
in Net Position	5.01	3.99	3.29	3.09	2.13





Storm Sewer Fund Operations



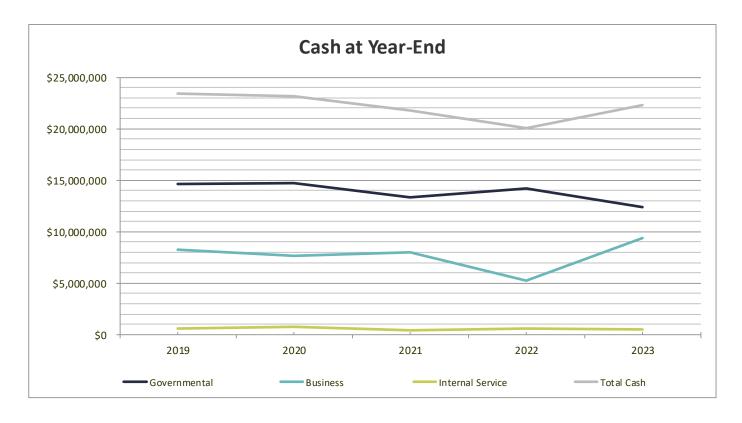
- Operating income exceeded expenses in each of the last 5 years
- Ending net position of \$3,559,841 which is an increase of \$347,651

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Operating Revenues	\$ 299,649	\$ 313,292	\$ 334,684	\$ 352,582	\$ 377,620
Operating Expenses	284,317	292,355	258,401	305,752	283,200
Operating Revenue/(Loss)	15,332	20,937	76,283	46,830	94,420
Net Change in Net Position	42,691	29,294	67,487	777,925	347,651
Months Expenses					
in Net Position	18.83	14.79	18.87	26.76	13.14





Cash Balances at Year-End

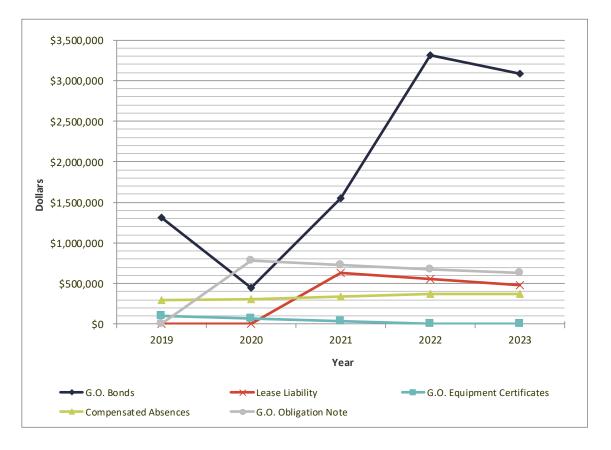


_	Governmental	Business	Internal Service	Total Cash
2019	14,594,280	8,218,879	585,592	23,398,751
2020	14,754,384	7,654,581	789,304	23,198,269
2021	13,347,934	7,995,990	424,784	21,768,708
2022	14,194,582	5,272,794	622,419	20,089,795
2023	12,410,468	9,415,724	485,942	22,312,134





Governmental Bonded Debt

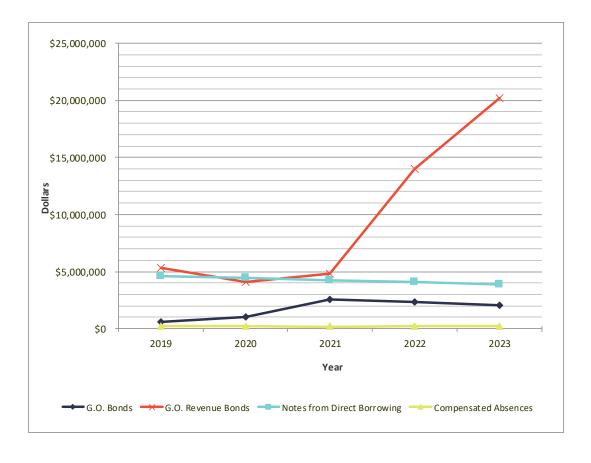


	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
G.O. Bonds	\$ 1,315,425	\$ 442,053	\$ 1,546,732	\$ 3,307,750	\$ 3,087,057
Lease Liability	-	-	628,340	552,603	474,803
G.O. Equipment Certificates	70,000	35,000	-	-	-
G.O. Obligation Note	-	780,000	727,000	677,000	626,000
Compensated Absences	290,942	304,097	337,009	373,402	374,646





Business-Type Bonded Debt



	2019		2020		2021	2022	2023	
G.O. Bonds	\$	594,574	\$ 1,061,9	947	\$ 2,537,268	\$ 2,328,251	\$ 2,058,943	
G.O. Revenue Bonds		5,300,000	4,058,0	000	4,852,000	14,017,000	20,213,000	
Notes from Direct Borrowing		4,593,000	4,421,0	000	4,244,000	4,062,000	3,874,000	
Compensated Absences		234,167	248,2	272	233,172	251,123	244,341	





Thank you for allowing us to serve you!

Contact Information: Miranda Wendlandt, CPA, CFE Principal 320-759-5124

Miranda.wendlandt@CLAconnect.com



CLAconnect.com











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Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redwood Falls Redwood Falls, Minnesota

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Redwood Falls (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2024. We have previously communicated to you information about our responsibilities under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Government Auditing Standards*, and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit in our statement of work dated November 1, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant audit findings or issues Qualitative aspects of accounting practices

Accounting policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by City of Redwood Falls are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The City changed accounting policies related to Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB Statement) No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. There was no material impact on the City's net position/fund balance and changes in net position/fund balance as a result of the adoption of this accounting standard.

We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no accounting estimates affecting the financial statements which were particularly sensitive or required substantial judgments by management.

Financial statement disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There were no particularly sensitive financial statement disclosures.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Significant unusual transactions

We identified no significant unusual transactions.

Difficulties encountered in performing the audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Uncorrected misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The attached schedule summarizes uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Uncorrected misstatements or the matters underlying uncorrected misstatements could potentially cause future-period financial statements to be materially misstated, even if management has concluded that the uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the financial statements under audit.

Corrected misstatements

Management did not identify and we did not notify them of any financial statement misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures.

Disagreements with management

For purposes of this communication, a disagreement with management is a disagreement on a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during our audit.

Management representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 11, 2024.

Management consultations with other independent accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Significant issues discussed with management prior to engagement

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to engagement as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our engagement.

Other audit findings or issues

We have provided a separate communication to you dated June 11, 2024, communicating internal control related matters identified during the audit.

Required supplementary information

With respect to the required supplementary information (RSI) accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the RSI, including whether the RSI has been measured and presented in accordance with prescribed guidelines, whether the methods of measurement and preparation have been changed from the prior period and the reasons for any such changes, and whether there were any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the RSI. We compared the RSI for consistency with management's responses to the foregoing inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. Because these limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence, we did not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Supplementary information in relation to the financial statements as a whole

With respect to the combining financial statements (collectively, the supplementary information) accompanying the financial statements, on which we were engaged to report in relation to the financial statements as a whole, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period or the reasons for such changes, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. We have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2024.

The schedule of city officials accompanying the financial statements, which is the responsibility of management, was prepared for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, accordingly, we did not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

* * *

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the mayor, city council, and management of City of Redwood Falls and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota June 11, 2024

City of Redwood Falls Summary of Uncorrected Misstatements December 31, 2023

Description		Debit		Credit	
Municipal Liquor Store Fund					
To properly beginning net position and expense in	based on projected error i	n physical	inver	ntory	
count in the prior year.				•	
Expense	\$	4,278			
Beginning Net Position			\$	4,278	
Water Fund					
To properly state balances related to the bond pr	remiums and related amo	rtization (c	ity ex	penses in	
year of bond issue).					
Expense	\$	13,326			
Bond Premium			\$	43,834	
Beginning Net Position	\$	30,508		,	
Sewer Fund					
To properly state balances related to the bond pr	remiums and related amo	rtization (c	itv ex	nenses in	
year of bond issue).			,	ponece in	
Expense	\$	10,684			
Bond Premium	*	,	\$	48,080	
Beginning Net Position	\$	37,396	*	40,000	
Storm Sewer Fund					
To properly state balances related to the bond pr	remiums and related amo	rtization (c	ity ex	penses in	
year of bond issue).					
Expense	\$	5,174			
Bond Premium		·	\$	21,305	
Beginning Net Position	\$	16,131	,	_,,,,,,	
Business-Type Activities					
To properly state balances related to the bond pr	remiums and related amo	rtization (c	ity ex	penses in	
year of bond issue).				,	
Expense	\$	29,184			
Bond Premium	*	,	\$	113,219	
Beginning Net Position	\$	84,035	*	,	
J	Ψ	3 1,000			

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS AS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, UNIFORM GRANT GUIDANCE, AND MINNESOTA STATUTES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



CPAs | CONSULTANTS | WEALTH ADVISORS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redwood Falls Redwood Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Redwood Falls (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota June 11, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM, REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE, AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redwood Falls Redwood Falls, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Redwood Fall's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2023. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities. each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We have issued our report thereon, dated June 11, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota June 11, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Redwood Falls
Redwood Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2024.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting — bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above-referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance relating to the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota June 11, 2024

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Section I – Summary	of Auditors'	Results		
Finan	cial Statements				
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified			
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:				
	Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	no
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	x	_ none reported
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	X	_ no
Feder	ral Awards				
1.	Internal control over major federal programs:				
	Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	_ no
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	X	none reported
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified			
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		yes	X	_ no
Identi	fication of Major Federal Programs				
	Assistance Listing Number	Name of Fe	deral Pr	ogram or Cl	uster
	20.205	Highway Pla	anning &	Construction	l
	threshold used to distinguish between A and Type B programs:	\$750,000	<u>)</u>		
Audite	ee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes	X	_no

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Section II – Financial Statement Findings				
None Noted	I				
	Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Program				
None Noted	i				
Sootie	on IV – Findings and Questioned Costs – Minnesota Legal Compliance Findings				
Secur					
None Noted					

2022-001: Financial Statement Findings, Material Audit Adjustment

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Direct from U.S. Department of Agriculture				
State and Private Forestry Cooperative Fire Assistance	10.698	22-DG-11094200-154	\$ 2,500	\$ -
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed Through Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and				
Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	CDAP-19-0022-0-FY20	92,749	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation				
Airport Improvement Program, COVID-19 Airports Programs,				
and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs	20.106	A8601-41	1,812	- (
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-27-0083-021-2022	11,491	-
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-27-0083-022-2023	67,501	
Total Airport Improvement Program			80,804	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	207-119-001	628,911	-
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			709,715	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 804,964	\$ -

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Redwood Falls under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Redwood Falls, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Redwood Falls.

NOTE 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City of Redwood Falls has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



CPAs | CONSULTANTS | WEALTH ADVISORS

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CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA CITY OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name	Position	Term Expires		
Tom Quackenbush	Mayor	December 31, 2026		
Denise Kerkhoff	Council Member	December 31, 2024		
Matt Smith	Council Member	December 31, 2024		
John T. Buckley	Council Member	December 31, 2024		
Larry Arentson	Council Member	December 31, 2026		
James Sandgren	Council Member	December 31, 2026		
Keith Muetzel	City Administrator			
Kari Klages	Finance Director			
Trenton Dammann	City Attorney			





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redwood Falls Redwood Falls, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability, related ratios and notes, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of the City's pension contributions, the fire relief association schedule of change in the net pension asset and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of city officials, which is the responsibility of management, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 11, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota June 11, 2024

This section of the annual financial statements of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota (the City) presents a discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$74,847,983. Of this amount \$13,499,742 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation and fiscal policies.

- The City's total net position increased by \$2,139,615, over 2022.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,844,257. Of this total amount, \$4,212,469 is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,831,995 or 70% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements are presented after the statement of activities. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's funds. The notes to the basic financial statements provide information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City of Redwood Falls begins with the statement of net position and the statement of activities. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "is the City as a whole better or worse off as a result of the years' activities?" The statement of net position and statement of activities both report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (Continued)

All of the current years' revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether the City's financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, to assess the overall health of the City of Redwood Falls.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the City of Redwood Falls' major funds begins with the funds' financial statements and provides detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants or other money. The City of Redwood Falls' two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different approaches.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City of Redwood Falls' basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader of the statements determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation after the financial statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – When the City of Redwood Falls charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows for proprietary funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-30 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 31 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 81-102 of this report. It consists of budgetary comparison information for certain of the City's governmental funds, the fire relief association schedule of change in the net pension asset and related ratios, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of pension contributions, and the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability, related ratios and notes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City of Redwood Falls' net position increased during 2023 by \$2,139,615. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (see Table 1) and changes in net position (see Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current and Other Assets	\$ 16,710,717	\$ 18,960,245	\$ 13,910,129	\$ 9,894,384	\$ 30,620,846	\$ 28,854,629
Capital Assets	33,292,882	29,784,573	49,912,458	47,180,398	83,205,340	76,964,971
Total Assets	50,003,599	48,744,818	63,822,587	57,074,782	113,826,186	105,819,600
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,815,154	3,098,175	382,443	599,421	3,197,597	3,697,596
Noncurrent Liabilities Outstanding	7,399,366	10,274,968	27,721,206	22,531,285	35,120,572	32,806,253
Other Liabilities	1,487,741	1,320,053	2,147,758	2,003,587	3,635,499	3,323,640
Total Liabilities	8,887,107	11,595,021	29,868,964	24,534,872	38,756,071	36,129,893
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,893,719	570,580	526,010	108,355	3,419,729	678,935
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,086,789	26,100,332	29,207,585	26,471,379	58,294,374	52,571,711
Restricted	2,169,371	2,406,560	884,496	513,359	3,053,867	2,919,919
Unrestricted	9,781,767	11,170,500	3,717,975	6,046,238	13,499,742	17,216,738
Total Net Position	\$ 41,037,927	\$ 39,677,392	\$ 33,810,056	\$ 33,030,976	\$ 74,847,983	\$ 72,708,368

Governmental Activities

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$1,360,535 or 3.4%. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, legislation, or other legal requirement was \$9,781,767 at December 31, 2023. A thorough analysis of governmental activities is discussed below.

Business-Type Activities

The net position of our business-type activities increased by \$779,080 or 2.4%, due to the City's proprietary funds continuing to show strong financial performance. The Proprietary funds made cash transfers to governmental funds totaling approximately \$716,000.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

The following table indicates the changes in net position for the City's governmental and business-type activities:

Table 2
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

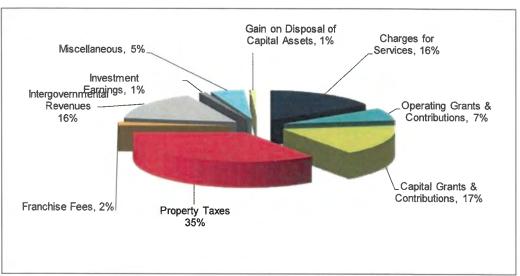
	Government	al Activities	Activities Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,724,864	\$ 1,729,327	\$ 13,343,621	\$ 12,974,490	\$ 15,068,485	\$ 14,703,817
Operating Grants						
and Contributions	726,907	655,803	-	3,796	726,907	659,599
Capital Grants and						
Contributions	1,920,379	1,018,552	348,228	1,137,787	2,268,607	2,156,339
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	3,838,375	3,603,967	-	-	3,838,375	3,603,967
Franchise Fees	222,615	246,873	-	-	222,615	246,873
Hotel Taxes	54,910	52,952	-	-	54,910	52,952
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,764,852	1,724,474	-	-	1,764,852	1,724,474
Investment Earnings (Loss)	550,195	(863,904)	422,523	(642,308)	972,718	(1,506,212)
Gain on Disposal of Assets	141,796	52,643	-	-	141,796	52,643
Miscellaneous	166,333	210,497	38,433	243,899	204,766	454,396
Total Revenue	11,111,226	8,431,184	14,152,805	13,717,664	25,264,031	22,148,848
Expenses						
General Government	1,609,367	1,492,317	-	-	1,609,367	1,492,317
Public Safety	2,981,973	2,740,172	-	-	2,981,973	2,740,172
Highways & Streets	1,860,453	1,900,909	-	-	1,860,453	1,900,909
Culture and Recreation	2,997,697	3,081,340	-	-	2,997,697	3,081,340
Economic Development	248,429	361,760	-	-	248,429	361,760
Airport	672,793	611,674	-	-	672,793	611,674
Community Development	-	4,489	-	-	-	4,489
Interest and Fiscal Charges	96,389	134,204		-	96,389	134,204
Municipal Liquor Store	-	-	2,607,579	2,529,525	2,607,579	2,529,525
Water Utility	-	-	1,763,475	1,503,421	1,763,475	1,503,421
Sewer Utility	-	-	1,346,961	1,313,577	1,346,961	1,313,577
Storm Sewer Utility	-	-	366,318	353,121	366,318	353,121
Electric Utility		-	6,572,982	6,098,677	6,572,982	6,098,677
Total Expenses	10,467,101	10,326,865	12,657,315	11,798,321	23,124,416	22,125,186
Change in Net Position Before						
Transfers	644,125	(1,895,681) 1,495,490	1,919,343	2,139,615	23,662
Transfers	716,410	2,117,935		(2,117,935)	-	
Change in Net Position	1,360,535	222,254		(198,592)	2,139,615	23,662
Net Position - Beginning of Year	39,677,392	39,455,138	33,030,976	33,229,568	72,708,368	72,684,706
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 41,037,927	\$ 39,677,392	\$ 33,810,056	\$ 33,030,976	\$ 74,847,983	\$ 72,708,368

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities

Revenues – The following chart visually illustrates the City's revenues by source for its governmental activities:

2023 REVENUES BY SOURCE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



Revenues – The City's governmental activities revenues increased by \$2,680,042 or 31.8%. The major components of this increase are explained as follows:

- Investment earnings increased in 2023 by \$1,414,000 due to improving market conditions and an increase in fair market value.
- Charges for Services decreased by \$5,000. This decrease was due to a decrease of \$23,000 in general government activities, \$59,000 in public safety, and \$24,000 at the airport. This was offset by an increase of \$103,000 in activity fees at the Redwood Area Community Center, Redwood Falls Aquatic Center, and the Redwood Falls Public Library.
- Operating grants and contributions increased in 2023 by \$71,000. This increase was due to the Minnesota Legislature enacting a one-time Public Safety Aid distribution payable in 2023. Redwood Falls received \$221,000 of these one-time funds. This increase was offset by a decrease of \$104,000 in pass through grants for the Small Cities Development Program as well as various other small grants and contributions.
- Capital grants and contributions increased in 2023 by \$902,000. This increase was due to a \$528,000 increase in grants and contributions towards street projects primarily related to the Reflection Ridge Business Park development and the 4th Street Reconstruction Project. There was also a \$382,000 increase in public safety grants and contributions related to the donation of a tactical vehicle.
- Franchise Fees decreased by \$24,000 and Lodging Tax revenues increased by \$2,000.
- Property taxes increased in 2023 by \$234,000 and Local Government Aid (LGA) increased by \$40,000.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Expenses – The City's expenses for governmental activities increased by \$140,236 or 1.4%. The major components of this increase are explained as follows:

- Personnel costs increased \$143,000 due to a 3% cost of living raise, as well as increased benefit costs and pension expenses. The largest increase was in Public Safety.
- Interest and fiscal charges decreased by \$38,000. This decrease was due to a combination of additional interest payments from bonds issued in 2022 as well as decreased fiscal charges because there were no bonds issued in 2023 related to governmental activities.
- Economic development expenses decreased \$113,000 primarily due to a decrease in pass through expenses related to the Small City Development Program.
- Other increases included \$93,000 in professional services, \$42,000 in miscellaneous other services and charges and \$14,000 in supplies.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues – The City's business-type operating revenues and other income increased 3.2%, or \$435,141 in 2023 when compared to 2022. The major components of this increase include an increase in charges for services of \$369,000. The increase includes \$125,000 in the water utility, \$185,000 in sewer, \$25,000 in storm sewer, \$33,000 in electric, and \$1,000 at the liquor store. The majority of these increases are a result of rate increases due to higher costs and ongoing infrastructure maintenance requirements. Investment earnings also increased \$1,065,000 due to an increase in fair market value. These increases were offset by a \$793,000 decrease in Capital grants and contributions due to funding received in 2022 for specific projects and \$206,000 decrease in miscellaneous revenues.

Expenses – There was an increase in business-type expenses of \$858,994 or 7.3% in 2023 when compared to 2022. The major components of this increase include an increase in personnel expenses of \$173,000 due to a 3% cost of living raise, as well as increased benefit costs and pension expenses. Other major cost increases include a \$209,000 increase in minor equipment and supplies, a \$362,000 increase in purchased power, and a \$185,000 increase in bond expenses, including interest and fiscal agent fees. This increase was offset by a \$74,000 decrease in depreciation expense.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

General Fund – The City's General Fund balance increased by \$565,960 from the 2022 balance. This decrease is attributable in part to the General Fund budgetary highlights discussed below.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Capital Project Fund – The Capital Project Fund balance decreased by \$2,307,369 and ended the year with a \$5,056,053 fund balance. This decrease is primarily due to the spend down of transfers and bond proceeds received in 2022 to be used for capital projects. It includes \$2,767,000 towards the Homes of Reflection Prairie and Reflection Ridge Business Park development project, \$1,311,000 towards road reconstruction projects and \$197,000 towards various other miscellaneous capital projects. There was also \$187,000 towards miscellaneous capital repairs and maintenance. This decrease was offset by \$1,607,000 in State and Federal Grants, \$105,000 in private contributions, \$124,000 in investment earnings, \$181,000 in tax proceeds, \$80,000 in transfers and \$56,000 in other miscellaneous revenues.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – The fund balances for the Nonmajor Governmental Funds increased by \$134,230 in total. The increase is primarily due to an increase in special revenue funds of \$123,000. This increase was made up of a \$53,000 increase in the Airport Operations fund due to higher than anticipated fuel sales, a \$52,000 increase in the TIF fund due to annual tax increments received, and a \$31,000 increase in the Revolving loan fund due to interest earnings. These increases were offset by a decrease in the Fire Equipment Replacement fund of \$23,000. Debt service funds also saw an increase of \$76,000 to save for future debt service payments. This was offset by a decrease of \$66,000 in the Airport Capital Project fund primarily due to expenses towards the updating of the Airport Masterplan.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenue was greater than budget in 2023 by \$636,554. The overbudget revenue was made up of several factors including investment earnings being approximately \$228,000 over budget due to improving market conditions. Other revenues that exceeded budget include public safety intergovernmental revenues which were approximately \$266,000 over budget due to federal grants and higher than anticipated state aid, as well as recreation fees being approximately \$71,000 higher than anticipated.

Expenditures were more than budget by \$54,638. A significant variance over budget includes approximately \$85,000 in public safety expenditures with the majority of this due to ongoing worker's compensation cases and resulting overtime.

Transfers out were higher than budget by \$72,044, which is the repayment of the MSAS advance to the TIF 10-1 fund that was transferred to the Capital Project Fund for future projects.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2023, the City of Redwood Falls, had \$144,493,626 invested (original cost) in a broad range of capital assets. Refer to Note 4 of the basic financial statements for a schedule showing the City's capital asset activity. This amount represents an increase (including additions and deductions) in gross capital assets of \$8,861,959 over last year.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the City of Redwood Falls, had \$30,947,739 in outstanding long-term debt. During 2023, \$6,640,000 of bonds were issued. Refer to Note 5 of the basic financial statements for a schedule showing the City's long-term debt activity.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City of Redwood Falls' appointed officials considered many factors when presenting the fiscal year 2024 budget and rates and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. One of the major factors continues to be personnel costs in the General Fund as the services provided are labor intensive. In addition, providing the costly infrastructure maintenance and improvements necessary for the citizenry continues to be a challenge due to aging infrastructure and high replacement costs. Inflation has created some uncertainty in revenue and expenditure forecasts, but the City continues its efforts with cost containment. Appointed and elected officials continue to work together to balance and prioritize to continue providing essential services to the community.

CONTACT INFORMATION

This annual report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota finances for citizens, customers and others. Questions concerning any of the information contained in this report and request for additional information should be addressed to the City of Redwood Falls, P.O. Box 526, 333 S Washington St., Redwood Falls, MN 56283, by email at info@ci.redwood-falls.mn.us or by phone at 507-616-7400.



CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 12,896,410	\$ 8,558,924	\$ 21,455,334
Cash and Investments - Restricted	-	856,800	856,800
Accounts Receivable, Net	223,709	1,378,818	1,602,527
Property Taxes Receivable	90,771	70.707	90,771
Special Assessments Receivable	29,971	73,767	103,738
Accrued Interest Receivable	24,489	45,142	69,631
Interfund Balances	(1,103,542)	1,103,542 244,116	981,461
Due from Other Governments	737,345	268,458	268,458
Inventories	170,808	1,364,654	1,535,462
Prepaid Items	2,537,648	1,354,654	2,537,648
Property Held for Resale Notes Receivable	408,351		408,351
Lease Receivable	170,269		170,269
Acquisition Costs, Net of Amortization	-	15,908	15,908
Net Pension Asset	13,176	-	13,176
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized:	,		
Land	2,722,453	1,597,267	4,319,720
Land Improvements	100,938	-	100,938
Construction in Progress	5,161,316	12,086,442	17,247,758
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized:			, ,
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	25,308,175	36,228,749	61,536,924
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets, Net of Amortization	511,312	-	511,312
Total Assets	50,003,599	63,822,587	113,826,186
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1 200	17 650	18,949
Loss on Refunding Bonds	1,290 2,794,224	17,659 353,284	3,147,508
Pension Related	19,640	11,500	31,140
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	2,815,154	382,443	3,197,597
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,615,154	302,443	3, 197,397
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	190,573	548,683	739,256
Contracts Payable	530,833	913,522	1,444,355
Accrued Salaries and Fringes	106,877	56,514	163,391
Accrued Interest Payable	37,857	256,169	294,026
Due to Other Governments	7,166	71,933	79,099
Deposits Payable	19,718	133,381	153,099
Unearned Revenue	312,595	19,475	332,070
Long-Term Liabilities:		4 005 070	4.470.000
Net Pension Liability	2,836,860	1,335,973	4,172,833
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Due Within One Year	10,895	6,380	17,275
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Due in More than One Year	271,227	141,701	412,928
Due Within One Year	577,813	1,542,788	2,120,601
Due in More than One Year	3,984,693	24,842,445 29,868,964	28,827,138 38,756,071
Total Liabilities	8,887,107	23,000,304	30,730,071
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related	2,578,505	425,343	3,003,848
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	159,162	100,667	259,829
Lease Related	156,052		156,052
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,893,719	526,010	3,419,729
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,086,789	29,207,585	58,294,374
Restricted for:	•		
Police Seizures	34,569	-	34,569
Public Safety	221,733	-	221,733
Gilwood Haven	237,627	-	237,627
Debt Service	41,459	856,800	898,259
Library	334,611	-	334,611
Port Authority	133,760	-	133,760
Revolving Loans	781,523	-	781,523
Capital Improvements	-	27,696	27,696
Transportation	370,913	-	370,913
Firefighter Pension	13,176		13,176
Unrestricted	9,781,767	3,717,975	13,499,742
Total Net Position	\$ 41,037,927	\$ 33,810,056	\$ 74,847,983
Total Hot Losition	41,031,321	33,010,030	74,047,000

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			_		Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs		Charges for Expenses Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Government	\$	1,609,367	\$	296,176	\$	6,262	\$	-	
Public Safety		2,981,973		166,824		426,459		562,217	
Highways and Streets		1,860,453		3,386		90,744		1,174,901	
Culture and Recreation		2,997,697		897,040		60,615		109,875	
Economic Development		248,429		18,507		82,066		_	
Airport		672,793		342,931		60,761		73,386	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		96,389		-		-		_	
Total Governmental Activities		10,467,101		1,724,864		726,907		1,920,379	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Municipal Liquor Store		2,607,579		2,643,204		_		-	
Water Utility		1,763,475		1,818,236		-		17,661	
Sewer Utility		1,346,961		1,243,778		_		30,487	
Storm Sewer Utility		366,318		377,620		_		300,080	
Electric Utility		6,572,982		7,260,783		_		_	
Total Business-Type Activities		12,657,315		13,343,621				348,228	
Total	\$	23,124,416	\$	15,068,485	\$	726,907	\$	2,268,607	

GENERAL REVENUES

Taxes

Transfers

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purpose Franchise Taxes Hotel/Motel Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues, Not Restricted to Specific Programs Investment Earnings Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues and Transfers

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Net Position - Beginning of Year

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position											
Primary Government Business-											
Governmental Type											
	Activities Activities Total										
_	710(171(100	_	710011100	-	10101						
\$	(1,306,929)	\$	-	\$	(1,306,929)						
	(1,826,473)		_		(1,826,473)						
	(591,422)		_		(591,422)						
	(1,930,167)		_		(1,930,167)						
	(147,856)		_		(147,856)						
	(195,715)		_		(195,715)						
	(96,389)		-		(96,389)						
	(6,094,951)		-		(6,094,951)						
	_		35,625		35,625						
	_		72,422		72,422						
	_		(72,696)		(72,696)						
	_		311,382		311,382						
	_		687,801		687,801						
_	-	_	1,034,534		1,034,534						
	(6,094,951)		1,034,534		(5,060,417)						
	3,838,375		-		3,838,375						
	222,615		_		222,615						
	54,910		-		54,910						
	1,764,852				1,764,852						
	550,195		422,523		972,718						
	141,796		-		141,796						
	166,333		38,433		204,766						
	716,410		(716,410)		-						
	7,455,486		(255,454)		7,200,032						
	1,360,535		779,080	Ī	2,139,615						
	39,677,392		33,030,976		72,708,368						
\$	41,037,927	\$	33,810,056	\$	74,847,983						

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS		General	_	Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	5,718,161 135,709	\$	5,248,650 45,666	\$	1,443,657 10,190	\$	12,410,468 191,565
Property Taxes Receivable		70,788		-		19,983		90,771
Special Assessments Receivable		29,971		-				29,971
Accrued Interest Receivable Advances to Other Funds		7,088		14,357		3,044		24,489
Due from Other Governments		619,526 52,293		500,238		177,442		619,526
Prepaid Items		108,952		108		57,260		729,973 166,320
Property Held for Resale		100,932		100		2,537,648		2,537,648
Notes Receivable		_		-		408,351		408,351
Lease Receivable		-				170,269		170,269
Total Assets	\$	6,742,488	\$	5,809,019	\$	4,827,844	\$	17,379,351
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			-					
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	108,446	\$	1,112	\$	65,053	\$	174,611
Contracts Payable		-		522,336		8,497		530,833
Accrued Salaries and Fringes		88,166		-		8,782		96,948
Due to Other Funds		43,506		-		2,295		45,801
Due to Other Governments		7,139		-		23		7,162
Advances from Other Funds		-		-		619,526		619,526
Deposits Payable Unearned Revenue		5,033		4.055		11,000		16,033
Total Liabilities	_	246,683 498,973	_	1,855 525,303	_	64,057 779,233	_	312,595
		490,973		525,505		119,233		1,803,509
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease Related						450.050		450.050
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes and		-		-		156,052		156,052
Special Assessments		73,938				13,443		97 291
Unavailable Revenue - Notes		73,930		-		123,351		87,381 123,351
Unavailable Revenue - Grants and Other		8,651		227,663		128,487		364,801
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		82,589		227,663		421,333		731,585
FUND BALANCES						,		,
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Items		108,952		108		57,260		166,320
Advance		619,526		-		· -		619,526
Property Held for Resale		-		-		2,537,648		2,537,648
Restricted for:								
Police Seizures		34,569		-		-		34,569
Public Safety Aid		221,733		-		-		221,733
Gilwood Haven		237,627		-		_		237,627
Debt Service		-		-		72,180		72,180
Library Port Authority		-		-		325,000 132,436		325,000
Revolving Loans		-		_		658,172		132,436 658,172
Transportation		_		282,913		-		282,913
Committed to:				,				202,010
Fire Equipment		-		-		341,398		341,398
Airport Operations		-		-		67,215		67,215
Economic Development		-		338,455		-		338,455
Capital Expenditures		-		1,307,034		-		1,307,034
Assigned to:								
Fire Relief Contribution		106,524				-		106,524
Capital Projects - Reflections		-		3,127,543		-		3,127,543
Airport Projects		4 924 005		-		55,495		55,495
Unassigned: Total Fund Balances	-	4,831,995	_	5,056,053	_	(619,526)	_	4,212,469
	_	6,160,926	_	5,056,053	_	3,627,278	_	14,844,257
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					12			
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	6,742,488	\$	5,809,019	\$	4,827,844	\$	17,379,351

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds	\$	14,844,257
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Land Land Improvements Construction in Progress Land Improvements, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Buildings, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Buildings, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Infrastructure, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Machinery and Shop Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Right-to-Use Assets, Net of Accumulated Amortization \$ 2,670,553 100,938 5,161,316 1,282,269 8,211,723 8,211,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,724 1,725 1,725 1,725 1,726 1,727 1,727 1,727 1,727 1,728 1,729 1,		30,295,506
Some of the City's property taxes, special assessments, and other revenues will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.		575,533
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. Accrued interest for general obligation bonds is included in the statement of net position.		(32,912)
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The portion of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds that are used by the governmental funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		2,237,233
The City's net pension asset and liability and related deferred outflows and inflows are recorded only on the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are: Net Pension Asset Net Pension Liability		13,176 (2,781,752)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related		2,779,652 (2,560,959)
The City's other postemployment liability and related deferred outflows are recorded only on the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are: Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Related Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB Related		(277,891) 19,155 (155,023)
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are: Bonds Payable, Excluding Internal Service Funds Unamortized Cost of Refunding Compensated Absences Payable Lease Liability (3,087,057) (357,478) (474,803))	
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		(3,918,048) 41,037,927
Town Hotel College of Continuous Programs	=	, ,

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

REVENUES		General		Capital Projects		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Local Tax Levies	\$	3,037,257	\$	181,100	\$	891,649	\$	4,110,006
Intergovernmental		2,292,481		1,607,276		265,040		4,164,797
Charges for Services		1,003,832		-		392,173		1,396,005
Fees, Licenses and Permits		100,449		-		_		100,449
Fines and Forfeits		24,836		-		3,761		28,597
Investment Earnings		321,567		124,108		98,349		544,024
Contributions		10,303		105,229		11,454		126,986
Miscellaneous		81,072		51,803		10,081		142,956
Total Revenues		6,871,797		2,069,516		1,672,507		10,613,820
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		1,125,721		-		-		1,125,721
Public Safety		2,495,044		-		45,002		2,540,046
Highways and Streets		1,200,727		136,442		-		1,337,169
Culture and Recreation		1,856,773		49,870		459,974		2,366,617
Economic Development		65,926		-		163,762		229,688
Airport		-		-		471,682		471,682
Capital Outlay Debt Service:		31,100		4,275,013		77,128		4,383,241
Principal		77,800		_		220,693		298,493
Interest		13,733		-		111,322		125,055
Fiscal Agent Fees				261		714		975
Total Expenditures		6,866,824		4,461,586		1,550,277		12,878,687
EXCESS OF REVENUES UNDER								
EXPENDITURES		4,973		(2,392,070)		122,230		(2,264,867)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		682,819		80,044		75,736		838,599
Transfers Out		(121,832)		-		(63,736)		(185,568)
Proceeds from Sale of Assets				4,657		_		4,657
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		560,987	\equiv	84,701		12,000		657,688
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		565,960		(2,307,369)		134,230		(1,607,179)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	-	5,594,966	_	7,363,422	_	3,493,048	_	16,451,436
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	6,160,926	\$	5,056,053	\$	3,627,278	\$	14.844.257

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(1,607,179)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. Capital Outlays Capital Contributions Depreciation and Amortization Expense (1,602,786)		3,360,398
Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due.		10,310
The governmental funds report repayment of long term debt as an expenditure, whereas in the statement of activities repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:		
Repayment of Bonds 220,693		
Amortization of Cost of Refunding (429)		
Repayment of Lease Liability 77,800		298,064
Delinquent property taxes, special assessments, and other receivables will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the governmental funds. In addition, other receivables not currently collectible are also unavailable in the governmental funds. Deferred Inflows - December 31, 2022 (964,915) Deferred Inflows - December 31, 2023 575,533		(389,382)
In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). During the current year, compensated absence payable increased.		885
OPEB expenditures on the governmental funds are measured by current year employer payment of benefits. OPEB expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in OPEB liability and related inflows and outflows of resources.		15,822
Pension expenditures on the governmental funds are measured by current year employer contributions. Pension expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net pension liability (asset) and related inflows and outflows of resources.		(364,648)
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge costs of certain activities to individual funds. The portion of net revenues of the internal service funds that are received for governmental funds is reported with governmental activities.		36,265
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,360,535
	_	

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

				Water Utility				lunicipal Liquor Store
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	948,486	\$	1,107,364	\$	5,750,055	\$	234,682
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		-		-		856,800		-
Accounts Receivable, Net		164,322		226,097		935,006		103
Special Assessments Receivable		57,069		7,126		6,346		-
Accrued Interest Receivable		9,455		4,826		26,640		2,471
Due from Other Funds		2,419		23,608		38,353		-
Due from Other Governmental Units		31,011		18,091		-		-
Inventories		-		-		-		268,458
Prepaid Items		10,038		124,014	_	1,221,121		8,529
Total Current Assets		1,222,800		1,511,126		8,834,321		514,243
NONCURRENT ASSETS Acquisition Costs, Net of Amortization Capital Assets:		-		-		15,908		-
Land		35,524		54,538		271,256		42,900
Construction in Progress		5,773,920		3,324,186		397,906		-
Buildings and Improvements		13,285,331		16,864,116		27,223,893		601,262
Machinery and Equipment		2,384,684		1,786,500		3,405,998		203,473
Total Capital Assets		21,479,459		22,029,340		31,299,053		847,635
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1.2	(9,484,395)		(6,241,103)	1	(15,054,184)		(460,269)
Net Capital Assets		11,995,064		15,788,237		16,244,869		387,366
Total Noncurrent Assets		11,995,064	\equiv	15,788,237		16,260,777		387,366
Total Assets		13,217,864		17,299,363		25,095,098		901,609
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Loss on Refunding Bonds		2,319		1,867		13,148		-
Pension Related		50,083		56,826		170,814		55,265
Other Postemployment Benefits Related		1,939		1,804		5,333		1,939
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		54,341		60,497		189,295		57,204

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Storm Sewer Utility		Totals	G	overnmental Activities Internal Service Funds
\$	518,337	\$	8,558,924	\$	485,942
	_		856,800		-
	53,290		1,378,818		32,144
	3,226		73,767		-
	1,750		45,142		99-
	395		64,775		-
	195,014		244,116		7,372
	-		268,458		-
	952	_	1,364,654	_	4,488
	772,964		12,855,454		529,946
	-		15,908		-
	1,193,049		1,597,267		51,900
	2,590,430		12,086,442		-
	2,318,437		60,293,039		1,395,395
	59,425	_	7,840,080	_	4,857,281
	6,161,341		81,816,828		6,304,576
	(664,419)	_	(31,904,370)	_	(2,795,888
	5,496,922	_	49,912,458		3,508,688
_	5,496,922	_	49,928,366	_	3,508,688
	6,269,886		62,783,820		4,038,634
	325		17,659		-
	20,296		353,284		14,572
	485		11,500		485
	21,106		382,443		15,057

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Ja	Sewer Utility	Water Utility		Electric Utility	N	lunicipal Liquor Store
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	26,516	\$ 101,584	\$	349,396	\$	65,805
Contracts Payable		391,964	232,545		142,615		-
Accrued Salaries and Fringes		8,390	9,875		24,939		9,532
Accrued Interest Payable		87,303	104,658		27,896		-
Due to Other Funds		10,031	4,974		287		1,822
Due to Other Governmental Units		-	2,039		45,341		24,553
Customer Deposits		-	-		133,381		-
Current Portion of Compensated Absences		21,374	24,217		45,361		17,773
Current Portion of Other Postemployment							
Benefits Liability		1,076	1,001		2,958		1,076
Current Portion of Bonds Payable		249,602	461,082		647,000		-
Total Current Liabilities		796,256	941,975		1,419,174		120,561
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES							
Compensated Absences		26,265	29,904		42,605		27,129
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		22,557	21,754		73,652		21,970
Net Pension Liability		189,392	214,893		645,946		208,993
Bonds Payable - Long-Term		5,959,575	8,485,476		7,915,949		_
Unearned Revenue		_	_		19,475		_
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		6,197,789	8,752,027		8,697,627		258,092
Total Liabilities		6,994,045	9,694,002		10,116,801		378,653
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension Related		60,299	68,416		205,654		66,539
Other Postemployment Benefits Related		16,556	17,886		45,530		16,556
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		76,855	86,302		251,184		83,095
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		6,042,022	7,133,558		12,394,973		387,367
Restricted for Capital Improvements		27,696	_		_		_
Restricted for Bond Reserve Funds		·	-		856,800		-
Unrestricted		131,587	445,998	_	1,664,635		109,698
Total Net Position	\$	6,201,305	\$ 7,579,556	\$	14,916,408	\$	497,065

Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidated Internal Service Funds Related to the Enterprise Fund Total Net Position of the Business-Type Activities

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

Storm Sewer Utility	Totals	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
\$ 5,382 146,398 3,778 36,312 - - - 4,958	\$ 548,683 913,522 56,514 256,169 17,114 71,933 133,381 113,683	\$ 15,962 9,929 4,945 1,860 4 3,685 7,199
269 71,421 268,518	6,380 1,429,105 3,546,484	269 52,000 95,853
4,755 1,768 76,749 2,350,787	130,658 141,701 1,335,973 24,711,787 19,475	9,969 3,962 55,108 574,000
2,434,059	<u>26,339,594</u> 29,886,078	738,892
24,435 4,139 28,574	425,343 100,667 526,010	17,546 4,139 21,685
3,249,665 - - 310,176	29,207,585 27,696 856,800 2,662,094	2,882,688 - - 410,426
\$ 3,559,841	32,754,175	\$ 3,293,114
	1,055,881	

\$ 33,810,056

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Sewer Utility		Water Utility		Electric Utility		Municipal Liquor Store
OPERATING REVENUE Sales Cost of Sales Charges for Services Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenue	\$	1,201,717 42,061 1,243,778	\$	1,795,520 22,716 1,818,236	\$	- 6,901,076 359,707 7,260,783	\$	2,643,204 (1,988,667) - - 654,537
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel Services Administration and General Supplies, Repairs, Services, and Rents Depreciation and Amortization Benefits or Claims Paid Miscellaneous Total Operating Expenses		412,209 237,029 234,100 195,781 - 53,562 1,132,681		473,928 159,262 423,777 428,272 - 7,564 1,492,803	_	1,291,870 270,245 3,907,042 919,028		460,648 37,909 32,817 23,103 - 63,385 617,862
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		111,097		325,433		872,598		36,675
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) Intergovernmental Revenues Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Revenues Interest Expense Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Total Other Income (Expense)	_	30,487 93,854 5,726 (217,385) - (87,318)		17,661 58,081 14,937 (275,288) - (184,609)	_	195,680 7,292 (192,317) - 10,655		14,116 10,276 (1,050) 23,342
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		23,779		140,824		883,253		60,017
TRANSFERS Transfers In Transfers Out Total Transfers and Capital Contributions	_	(71,020) (71,020)	_	(105,347) (105,347)		(396,785) (396,785)	_	(120,000) (120,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(47,241)		35,477		486,468		(59,983)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	6,248,546	_	7,544,079		14,429,940		557,048
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	6,201,305	\$	7,579,556	\$	14,916,408	\$	497,065

Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to the Enterprise Funds

Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

					overnmental Activities
	Storm				Internal
	Sewer				Service
_	Utility	_	Totals	_	Funds
\$		\$	2,643,204	\$	_
7	_		(1,988,667)		-
	375,142		10,273,455		2,004,676
	2,478		426,962		1,934
	377,620		11,354,954		2,006,610
	142,848		2,781,503		119,735
	35,039		739,484		56,429
	34,617		4,632,353		273,856
	57,960		1,624,144		381,728
	-		-		1,350,634
	12,736		137,247		2,073
	283,200		9,914,731		2,184,455
	94,420		1,440,223		(177,845)
	300,080		348,228		7,372
	60,792		422,523		34,904
	202		38,433		-
	(84,585)		(770,625)		(11,976)
	-		-		137,139
_	276,489		38,559	_	167,439
	370,909		1,478,782		(10,406)
	_		_		63,379
	(23,258)		(716,410)		
	(23,258)		(716,410)		63,379
	347,651		762,372		52,973
_	3,212,190			_	3,240,141
\$	3,559,841			\$	3,293,114

\$ 779,080

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Sewer Utility		Water Utility		Electric Utility		Municipal Liquor Store
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Receipts from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Employees Other Receipts Unrestricted Donations and Grant Receipts	\$	1,326,409 (521,000) (393,710) 5,726 30,487	\$	1,927,051 (573,751) (452,387) 14,937 17,661	\$	7,359,911 (4,289,803) (1,323,570) 7,292	\$	2,643,273 (2,168,212) (439,019) 10,276
Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities		447,912		933,511		1,753,830		46,318
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds		(71,020)		(105,347)		(396,785)		(120,000)
Unrestricted Donations and Grant Revenues Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	-	(71,020)	_	(105,347)	_	(396,785)	_	(120,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets		(902,511)		(328,633)		(2,134,566)		-
Cash Received for Capital Assets Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds Principal Paid on Bonds Interest, Paying Agent Fees		543,400 (107,378) (234,473)		629,200 (384,096) (282,150)	1	5,210,000 (404,000) (168,615)		- - (1,049)
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(700,962)		(365,679)		2,502,819		(1,049)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments Net Cash Flows Provided by	_	94,872	_	58,923	_	198,540	_	14,382
Investing Activities	_	94,872	_	58,923	_	198,540	_	14,382
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(229,198)		521,408		4,058,404		(60,349)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	_	1,177,684	_	585,956	_	2,548,451	_	295,031
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	948,486	\$	1,107,364	\$	6,606,855	\$	234,682

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Storm Sewer Utility		Totals	G	Activities Internal Service Funds
\$	391,594 (78,424) (136,351) 202	\$	13,648,238 (7,631,190) (2,745,037) 38,433 48,148	\$	1,999,392 (1,708,825) (111,435)
	177,021		3,358,592		179,132
	(23,258)		(716,410) - -		63,873 7,372
	(23,258)		(716,410)		71,245
	(812,431) 295,364 257,400 (5,834) (97,140)		(4,178,141) 295,364 6,640,000 (901,308) (783,427)		(358,494) - - (51,000) (12,379)
	(362,641)		1,072,488		(421,873)
	61,543	_	428,260	_	35,019
_	61,543	_	428,260	_	35,019
	(147,335)		4,142,930		(136,477)
-	665,672	_	5,272,794_	_	622,419
\$	518,337	\$	9,415,724	\$	485,942

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Sewer Utility	Water Utility	Electric Utility	unicipal Liquor Store
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME				
(LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 111,097	\$ 325,433	\$ 872,598	\$ 36,675
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to				
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	105 701	100.070	0.10.000	
Depreciation and Amortization	195,781	428,272	919,028	23,103
Operating Grants and Miscellaneous Revenue	36,213	32,598	7,292	10,276
Deferred Outflows:	(05.000)	(5.740)	05.740	(400)
Receivables	(65,262)	(5,718)	95,712	(103)
Due from Other Funds	(1,934)	(22,732)	(2,277)	-
Due from Other Governments	149,827	137,265	-	2.450
Inventories	(671)	(EO ESO)	(400 407)	3,150
Prepaid Items Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	(671)	(52,580)	(120,187)	(3,605)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	26,841 540	30,045 675	114,370 1,486	27,361 540
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and	540	6/5	1,400	540
Deferred Inflows:				
Accounts Payable	2,540	70,757	6,785	(41,611)
Accrued Salaries and Fringes	1,328	1.519	(1,650)	2,273
Due to Other Funds	1,822	174	37	172
Due to Other Governments	1,022	(1,499)	849	(3,368)
Unearned Revenue	_	(1,400)	2,933	(3,300)
OPEB Liability	(7,569)	(9,462)	(20,817)	(7,570)
Other Accrued Liabilities	4.725	5,111	(18,592)	(7,070)
Customer Deposits		-	2,760	_
Net Pension Liability	(67,391)	(75,095)	(306,042)	(66,825)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	54,706	57,179	184,917	60,531
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	5,319	11,569	14,628	5,319
Net Cash Flows Provided by			,	
Operating Activities	\$ 447,912	\$ 933,511	\$ 1,753,830	\$ 46,318
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets on Account	\$ 391,964	\$ 232,545	\$ 142,615	\$ _

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

_	Storm Sewer Utility	Totals	 vernmental Activities Internal Service Funds
\$	94,420	\$ 1,440,223	\$ (177,845)
	57,960 202	1,624,144 86,581	381,728 -
	14,000 (26) - (100) 11,038 135	38,629 (26,969) 287,092 3,150 (177,143) 209,655 3,376	(4,084) - (6,819) - 723 8,247 135
	(1,224) 1,577 - - (1,892) - (27,848) 22,157 1,330	37,247 5,047 2,205 (4,018) 2,933 (47,310) (8,756) 2,760 (543,201) 379,490 38,165	(31,092) 10,192 - 4 - (1,892) - 3,685 (21,066) 15,886 1,330
\$	171,729	\$ 3,353,300	\$ 179,132
\$	146,965	\$ 914,089	\$ -

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Redwood Falls (the City) is a public corporation formed under Minnesota Statutes §410. As such, the City is under home rule charter regulations and applicable statutory guidelines. The governing body consists of a six-member City Council, one of which is the Mayor. The governing body is elected by voters of the City to serve four-year staggered terms.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Redwood Falls and its component unit. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the Primary Government is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the Primary Government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the Primary Government is financially accountable for a component include whether or not the Primary Government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's board, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit.

Component Units

In conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Unit

The Port Authority was established to facilitate and assist economic development and increase the efficiency of business recruitment. The representatives of the Port Authority comprise of representatives of both city government and private enterprises. The Port Authority has the control, authority and operation of all existing and future tax increment development plans located within the City. The powers of the Port Authority are granted by state statute.

For financial reporting purposes, the Port Authority is reported as a blended component unit because it provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Other Organizations

The Redwood Falls Fire Relief Association (the Association) is organized as a nonprofit organization, legally separate from the City, to provide pension and other benefits to its members in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. Its board of directors is appointed by the membership of the Association and not by the City Council and the Association issues its own set of financial statements. Because the Association is fiscally independent of the City, the financial statements of the Association have not been included within the City's reporting entity. The City's portion of the costs of the Association's pension benefits is included in the General Fund under public safety.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities and business type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted net position; and (3) unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and proprietary) are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in a separate column in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges for services to customers. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of the City's major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Sewer Utility Fund

The Sewer Utility Fund is used to account for customer sewer service charges that are used to finance sewer operating expenses.

Water Utility Fund

The Water Utility Fund is used to account for customer water service charges that are used to finance water operating expenses.

Electric Utility Fund

The Electric Utility Fund is used to account for customer electrical service charges that are used to finance the electric utility operating expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Municipal Liquor Fund

The Municipal Liquor Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's liquor store.

Storm Sewer Utility Fund

The Storm Sewer Utility Fund is used to account for the operations of the storm sewer charges that are used to finance storm Serwer utility expenses.

Additionally, the City reports the following funds as well as other governmental nonmajor funds aggregated in the fund financial statements:

Internal Service Funds

The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City or to other entities, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains two internal service funds. The Central Garage Fund is used to account for the maintenance and purchase of public works equipment used in the maintenance of City infrastructure and facilities. The Insurance Fund accounts for activities of the City's group health plan.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available.

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. The City considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The City reports unearned revenue on its governmental fund balance sheets. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received prior to the incurrence of the qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

D. Cash and Investments

Cash and investment balances from all funds are pooled and invested to the extent available in investments authorized by Minnesota Statutes. Earnings from investments are allocated to individual funds on the basis of the fund's equity in the cash and investment pool. Interest earnings are accrued at the balance sheet date.

The City provides temporary advances to funds that have insufficient cash balances by means of an advance from another fund shown as interfund receivables in the advancing fund in the governmental fund financial statements, and an interfund payable in the fund with the deficit, until adequate resources are received. These interfund payables are eliminated for statement of net position presentation.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. All of the cash and investments allocated to the proprietary fund types have original maturities of 90 days or less. Therefore, the entire balance in such fund types is considered cash equivalents.

E. Cash and Investments - Restricted

At December 31, 2023, restricted cash and investments are assets set aside for a debt service reserve fund required under a bond agreement.

F. Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City has an allowance for uncollectible accounts which was \$22,000 for the General Fund, \$37,000 for the Electric Fund, and \$2,000 for the aggregate remaining funds at December 31, 2023.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Property Tax Revenue Recognition

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to Redwood County, Minnesota (the County) in December of each year for billing and collection in the following year. Such taxes become a lien against the property on the first Monday of January of the next year and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date.

The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the cities, the local school districts and other taxing authorities. These taxes are payable by property owners by May 15 and October 15 of each calendar year. These taxes are collected by the County and remitted to the City with each settlement.

Within the governmental fund financial statements, the City recognizes property tax revenue when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. In practice, current and delinquent taxes and state credits received by the City in July, December and the following January are recognized as revenue for the current year. Taxes and credits not received at the year-end are classified as delinquent and due from County taxes receivable. The portion of delinquent taxes not collected by the City in January is fully offset by unavailable revenue because it is not available to finance current expenditures. Unavailable revenue in governmental activities is susceptible to full accrual on the government-wide statements.

Special assessments are levied against benefited properties for the cost or a portion of the cost of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with state statutes. These assessments are collectible by the City over a term of years usually consistent with the term of the related bond issue. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

Within the fund financial statements, the revenue from special assessments is recognized by the City when it becomes measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. In practice, current and delinquent special assessments received by the City are recognized as revenue for the current year. Special assessments are collected by the County and remitted by December 31 (remitted to the City the following January) and are also recognized as revenue for the current year. All remaining delinquent special assessments receivable in governmental funding are completely offset by unavailable revenues. Unavailable revenue in governmental activities is susceptible to full accrual on the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Property Tax Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Once a special assessment roll is adopted, the amount attributed to each parcel is a lien upon that property until full payment is made or the amount is determined to be excessive by the City Council or court action.

If special assessments are allowed to go delinquent, the property is subject to tax forfeit sale and the first proceeds of that sale (after costs, penalties and expenses of sale) are remitted to the City in payment of delinquent special assessments. Generally, the City will collect the full amount of its special assessments not adjusted by City Council or court action. Pursuant to state statutes, a property shall be subject to a tax forfeit sale after three years unless it is homesteaded, agricultural, or seasonal recreational land, in which event the property is subject to such sale after five years.

H. Interfund Balances

Activity between funds that is representative of lending or borrowing arrangements is reported as either "due to/from other funds" (current portion) or "advances to/from other funds (noncurrent portion)." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

I. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out method.

J. Property Held for Resale

Property held for resale is for redevelopment purposes and for subsequent resale. Land held for resale is reported as an asset at the lower of cost or estimated fair value. Fair value estimates have been based on estimated realizable sales proceeds net of selling expenses.

K. Prepaid Items

Prepayments to vendors for services that will benefit future periods are recorded as prepaid items. Expense is allocated over the periods benefited using the consumption method. Additionally, prepaid supplies that are to be used on future projects or repairs are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, right-to-use, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, street lights, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The cost of infrastructure acquired prior to implementation of GASB 34 is included at estimated historical costs based on the current replacement cost of a similar asset and deflated through the use of price-level indexes at the time of implementation. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (entry price) on the date of donation. The City uses a capitalization threshold of \$25,000 for buildings, building improvements, and infrastructure, and \$5,000 for all other capital assets.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation and amortization on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities with accumulated depreciation and amortization reflected in the statement of net position. Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for City purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	10 to 50 Years
Infrastructure	10 to 50 Years
Machinery and Shop Equipment	5 to 10 Years
Office Equipment, Furniture, and	
Right-to-Use Equipment	3 to 20 Years

Right-to-use lease assets are initially measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Capital Assets (Continued)

SBITA assets are initially measured as the sum of the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term, payments associated with the SBITA contract made to the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, when applicable, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any SBITA vendor incentives received form the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the SBITA term. SBITA assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The category of deferred outflow of resources reported in the statement of net position is related to debt refunding, pensions, and other postemployment benefits. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred outflows on pension and other postemployment benefits are more fully discussed in Note 7 and 8.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City's deferred inflows of resources reported on the statement of net position relate to pension and other postemployment benefits, which are more fully discussed in Note 7 and 8. The statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet also report a deferred inflow of resources related to leases. The lease related deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the start of the lease term that relates to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, deferred inflows of resources also include revenues not collected within the availability period after the fiscal year-end. The City has reported deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenues for property taxes, loans, grants, and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amounts become available.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay and the portion of sick pay allowable as severance pay is accrued as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion is calculated based on historical trends.

O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Long-Term Obligations

In the entity-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and proprietary funds. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year that the related debt was issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as another financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issue costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Q. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the City's Retiree Benefits Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis of as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

R. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report components of fund balance to provide information about fund balance availability for appropriation.

- **Nonspendable Fund Balance**. Represents amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance. Represents amounts available for appropriation but intended for a specific use and is legally restricted by outside parties.
- Committed Fund Balance. Represents constraints on spending that the government imposes upon itself by high-level formal action (resolution) prior to the close of the period. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Fund Balance. Represents resources intended for spending for a
 purpose set by the governing body itself or by some person or body delegated to
 exercise such authority in accordance with policy established by the board. The City
 Council authorizes the Director of Finance & Administrative Services to assign fund
 balance that reflects the City's intended use of those funds.
- Unassigned Fund Balance. The residual classification for the government's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. It is the City's policy that at the end of each fiscal year, the City will maintain an assigned and unassigned portion of the fund balance for cash flow not less than 50% of next year's General Fund budgeted operating expenditures.

In accordance with the City's fund balance policy, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available; it is the City's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted fund balance. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance is available, it is the City's policy to use committed first, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

S. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and right-to-use assets, net of accumulated amortization, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt or lease liability used to build or acquire the assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statement when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

T. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

U. Adoption Of New Accounting Standards

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This standard defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA); establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.

The City adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2023, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 30, the Finance Director submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 3. The Finance Director is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within any department budget; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds.

B. Deficit Fund Balance

The City has deficit fund balance at December 31, 2023 in the following funds:

	Fu	nd Balance
		(Deficit)
TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment	\$	(619,526)

The City intends to fund this deficit through transfers/advances from other funds, additional property tax levies and various other sources.

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded budget in the following funds:

	Ap	propriations	_=>	penditures	Excess
General Fund	\$	6,812,186	\$	6,866,824	\$ 54,638

The over expenditures were approved by council and funded by existing fund balance.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheet — governmental funds as Cash and Investments. In accordance with Minnesota Statutes the City maintains deposits at financial institutions which are authorized by the City Council.

Custodial Credit Risk — Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City, including its blended component unit, does not have a specific deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows Minnesota Statutes for deposits. Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes: U.S. government treasury bills, notes, or bonds; issues of a U.S. government agency; general obligations of a state or local government rated "A" or better; revenue obligations of a state or local government rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank; and time deposits insured by a federal agency.

Minnesota Statutes require securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or at an account at a trust departments of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the depository.

The City's deposits in banks at December 31, 2023 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance and collateral in accordance with Minnesota Statutes.

B. Investments

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes and the City's investment policy as follows:

- Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating; is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency; and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less.
- General obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rate "A" or better.
- Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

In addition to the above, Minnesota Statutes authorize cities to invest, under certain conditions, in commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts, repurchase agreements, and securities lending agreements, however, the City investment policy does not allow these types of investments.

Fair Value Measurements

The City uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures.

The City follows an accounting standard that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with this standard, the City has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the statement of net position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities. The inputs include those traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, as well as U.S. treasury and other U.S. government and agency mortgage-backed securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants and would use in pricing the asset.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

The following information provides disclosures related to the City's December 31, 2023 investment balances:

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy does not specifically restrict investments as to maturities.

Investments Held with Broker

Information about the sensitivity of the City's broker-held investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		12 Months		13 to 24		25 to 60		-	More than
Type	Total	otal or Less		Months		Months Months		6	30 Months
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 4,422,931	\$	146,239	\$	572,198	\$	1,613,860	\$	2,090,634
Municipal Securities	9,052,913		1,568,749		2,795,223		2,183,809		2,505,132
Money Markets	1,275,579		1,275,579		-		-		-
External Investment Pool	6,103,740		6,103,740				-		-
Total	\$ 20,855,163	\$	9,094,307	\$	3,367,421	\$	3,797,669	\$	4,595,766

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City's investment policy does not further limit its investing options beyond state statute.

The following chart summarizes year-end ratings for the City's investments as rated by Moody's Investors Service:

	Credit	
Type	Quality Rating	Amount
U.S. Government Agencies	Aaa	\$ 4,422,931
Municipal Securities	Aaa	1,658,719
Municipal Securities	Aa1	1,846,981
Municipal Securities	Aa2	3,316,748
Municipal Securities	Aa3	1,422,613
Municipal Securities	A1	310,847
Municipal Securities	A3	497,005
Total		\$ 13,475,844

The external investment pool and money markets are not rated.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City will minimize custodial credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities listed in the investment policy and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the City will do business in accordance with this investment policy.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount that it may invest in any one issuer. The following securities exceed 5% of the City's investment portfolio:

Туре	Amount	Percentage
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 2,262,370	10.8 %
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bond	1,669,597	8.0

Fair Value Measurement

City Investments are measured as follows:

	December 31,		Fair V	Value Measurement Using					
		2023	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
Investments by Fair Value Level:									
U.S. Government Agencies	\$	4,381,297	\$ 	\$	4,381,297	\$	-		
U.S. Government Agencies -									
Mortgage Backed		41,634	-		41,634		-		
Municipal Bonds		9,052,913	-		9,052,913		-		
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$	13,475,844	\$ -	\$	13,475,844	\$			
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:									
Money Market	\$	1,275,579							
External Investment Pool	,	6,103,740							
Total Investments	\$	20,855,163							

The City's investment with the 4M fund is regulated by Minnesota Statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities. The 4M fund is an unrated external investment pool and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares. The pool is valued at amortized cost. For this investment pool, there are no restrictions on withdrawals from the 4M Liquid Asset Fund, which may be affected on a same day basis. All investments in the 4M PLUS Fund must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to a penalty equal to 7 days interest on the amount withdrawn.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The Limited Term Duration Fund (LTD) requires a minimum balance of \$50,000 and redemption from the LTD Fund may only be made on the third Wednesday of each month upon at least two weeks advance notice. Term Series investments are designed to be held to maturity. If an investment made in a Term Series is withdrawn prior to the maturity date, seven days' notice of redemption is required, and a penalty will likely be assessed. The penalty, which may be substantial, could include the amount necessary to recoup for the Series any penalty charges, losses and other costs attributable to the early redemption.

Financial Statement Presentation

Deposits and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:

	Cash and					
	Cash and Investments		Investments - Restricted			
					Total	
Enterprise Funds	\$	8,558,924	\$	856,800	\$	9,415,724
Governmental Funds		12,410,468		-		12,410,468
Internal Service Funds		485,942		-		485,942
Total Primary Government	\$	21,455,334	\$	856,800	\$	22,312,134
Petty Cash and Change Fund	\$	2,870				
Investments		20,855,163				
Deposits		1,454,101				
Total Deposits and						
Investments	\$	22,312,134				

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset and right-to-use asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Transfers		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities, Including Internal										
Service Funds										
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:										
Land	\$	2,709,157	\$	13,296	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,722,453
Land Improvements		100,938		-		-		-		100,938
Construction in Progress	_	2,471,627	_	4,212,384	_	(1,522,695)		-		5,161,316
Total Capital Assets, Not Being										
Depreciated		5,281,722		4,225,680		(1,522,695)		-		7,984,707
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:										
Land Improvements		2,393,031		14,614		-		-		2,407,645
Buildings		18,688,704		_		-		-		18,688,704
Infrastructure		21,289,545		1,527,795		(225,628)		_		22,591,712
Machinery and Shop Equipment		9,576,824		1,568,442		(752,027)		27,695		10,420,934
Office Equipment and Furniture		189,981		-		-		-		189,981
Library Books		677,362				(284,247)				393,115
Total Capital Assets, Being										
Depreciated		52,815,447		3,110,851		(1,261,902)		27,695		54,692,091
Accumulated Depreciation for:										
Land Improvements		(1,002,868)		(122,508)		_		_		(1,125,376)
Buildings		(8,577,754)		(503,832)		-		-		(9,081,586)
Infrastructure		(13,202,559)		(642,577)		225,628		-		(13,619,508)
Machinery and Shop Equipment		(4,662,072)		(620,319)		335,736		(27,695)		(4,974,350)
Office Equipment and Furniture		(189,981)		_		-		_		(189,981)
Library Books		(677,362)				284,247				(393,115)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(28,312,596)		(1,889,236)		845,611		(27,695)	_	(29,383,916)
Total Capital Assets, Being	-	(2010.21000)		(1,1000)	_			(=:,000)	_	(20,000,0.0)
Depreciated, Net		24,502,851		1,221,615		(416,291)				25,308,175
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets:										
Leased Buildings		621,480		-		-		-		621,480
Leased Equipment		6,860		-		-		-		6,860
Subscription Based Asset		-		61,273		-		-		61,273
Total Intangible										
Right-to-Use Assets		628,340		61,273		-		-		689,613
Accumulated Amortization for:										
Leased Buildings		(81,063)		(81,063)		-		-		(162,126)
Leased Equipment		(1,960)		(1,960)		-		_		(3,920)
Subscription Based Asset		-		(12,255)		-				(12,255)
Total Accumulated Amortization		(83,023)		(95,278)		-		_		(178,301)
Total Intangible Right-to-Use										
Assets, Net	_	545,317	_	(34,005)	_	-	_		_	511,312
Governmental Activities				F 440 000		/4 000 000	٨			00 004 454
Capital Assets, Net	\$	30,329,890	\$	5,413,290	<u>\$</u>	(1,938,986)	\$		\$	33,804,194

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense, Governmental Activities	\$ 1,984,514
Airport	 200,777
Culture and Recreation	590,121
Highways and Streets	880,344
Public Safety	247,936
General Government	\$ 65,336
Governmental Activities	

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Business-Type Activities					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,588,778	\$ 8,489	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,597,267
Construction in Progress	12,413,507	4,168,820	(4,495,885)		12,086,442
Total Capital Assets, Not Being					
Depreciated	14,002,285	4,177,309	(4,495,885)	-	13,683,709
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	55,793,837	4,529,475	(30,273)	-	60,293,039
Machinery and Shop Equipment	7,738,376	129,399		(27,695)	7,840,080
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated	63,532,213	4,658,874	(30,273)	(27,695)	68,133,119
Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(24,484,379)	(1,415,032)	30,273	-	(25,869,138)
Machinery and Shop Equipment	(5,869,721)	(193,206)		27,695	(6,035,232)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(30,354,100)	(1,608,238)	30,273	27,695	(31,904,370)
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated, Net	33,178,113	3,050,636			36,228,749
Business-Type Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 47,180,398	\$ 7,227,945	\$ (4,495,885)	\$ -	\$ 49,912,458

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type functions as follows:

• •	_	
Business-Type Activities	\$	1,608,238
Total Depreciation Expense,		
Electric Utility	_	903,122
Storm Sewer Utility		57,960
Sewer Utility		195,781
Water Utility		428,272
Municipal Liquor Store	\$	23,103
Business-Type Activities		

NOTE 5 CITY INDEBTEDNESS

City indebtedness at December 31, 2023 is comprised of the following:

	lssue Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate		Original Issue	De	Payable cember 31, 2023
Governmental Activities, Including Internal				_			
Service Funds							
General Obligation Bonds: Refunding Bonds - Series 2014A General Obligation Bonds -Series 2020B	2/27/14	2/1/2024	.35 - 2.50%	\$	484,042	\$	39,894
Refunding General Obligation Bonds -Series 2021A	10/1/2020 5/6/2021	2/1/2029 2/1/2042	.55 - 1.3% 1.0 - 2.0%		269,181 1,184,810		142,163 1,060,000
General Obligation Street Reconstruction Bonds -Series 2022A	6/1/2022	2/1/2043	3.5-3.875%		1,845,000		1,845,000
General Obligation Notes: Capital Impr Plan Note - Series 2020A Refunding	5/11/2020	2/1/2034	1.90%		780,000		626,000
Total Bonds and Notes	0/11/2020	2) 1) 200 4	1.5070	_	4,563,033		3,713,057
Lease Liability Compensated Absences Payable					628,340		474,803 374,646
Total Governmental Activities				\$	5,191,373	\$	4,562,506
Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds: Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A							
- Water Portion - Sewer Portion	2/27/2014 2/27/2014	2/1/2024 2/1/2024	.35 - 2.50% .35 - 2.50%	\$	818,675 517,283	\$	67,473 42,633
General Obligation Bonds -Series 2020B Refunding							
- Water Portion	10/1/2020	2/1/2029	.55 - 1.3%		233,313		141,159
- Sewer Portion	10/1/2020	2/1/2029	.55 - 1.3%		301,291		182,291
- Storm Sewer Portion	10/1/2020	2/1/2029	.55 - 1.3%		50,215		30,387
General Obligation Bonds -Series 2021A - Water Portion - Sewer Portion	5/6/2021 5/6/2021	2/1/2042 2/1/2042	1.0 - 2.0% 1.0 - 2.0%		1,143,607 531,583		1,088,864 506,136
General Obligation Revenue Bonds:	*********				,		
Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A	3/5/2013	12/1/2027	1 - 2.5%		2,065,000		610,000
	10/1/2018	2/1/2034	3 - 3,25%				
Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A	11/19/2019	12/1/2034	2.35%		720,000		565,000
Electric Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A Electric Revenue Bonds, Series 2021B	10/5/2019	12/1/2031	1,90%		2,415,000		1,683,000
	10/5/2021	12/1/2036	1.5076		1,205,000		1,065,000
Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2022A - Water Portion	6/1/2022	2/1/2043	3.5-3.875%		439,622		439,622
- Sewer Portion	6/1/2022	2/1/2043	3.5-3.875%		797,781		797,781
- Storm Sewer Portion	6/1/2022	2/1/2043	3.5-3.875%		412,597		412,597
Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2022B							
- Water Portion	6/1/2022	2/1/2048	3.5-4%		2,141,240		2,141,240
- Sewer Portion - Storm Sewer Portion	6/1/2022	2/1/2048	3.5-4% 3.5-4%		4,136,936		4,136,936
***************************************	6/1/2022	2/1/2048	3,5-470		1,721,824		1,721,824
Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A - Water Portion	9/1/2023	2/1/2044	3.89%		629,200		629,200
- Sewer Portion	9/1/2023	2/1/2044	3.89%		543,400		543,400
- Storm Sewer Portion	9/1/2023	2/1/2044	3.89%		257,400		257,400
Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2023B	12/6/2023	12/1/2038	5.00%		5,210,000		5,210,000
Notes from Direct Borrowings: General Obligation Water Revenue Bond of 2009	11/17/2009	8/20/2039	2.936%		6,526,070	_	3,874,000
Total Bonds Unamortized Bond Discount					32,817,037 (107,447)		26,145,943 (5,051)
Compensated Absences Payable				_	-	_	244,341
Total Business-Type Activities				\$	32,709,590	\$	26,385,233

NOTE 5 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of changes in City indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance December 31, 2022		Additions		Reductions		Balance December 31, 2023		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities: Bonds/Notes Payable: General Obligation Bonds General Obligation Notes Lease Liability Compensated Absences Payable Total	\$	3,307,750 677,000 552,603 373,402 4,910,755	\$	- - 349,341 349,341	\$	220,693 51,000 77,800 348,097 697,590	\$	3,087,057 626,000 474,803 374,646 4,562,506	\$	261,894 52,000 79,917 184,002 577,813
Business-Type Activities: Bonds/Notes Payable: General Obligation Bonds General Obligation Revenue Bonds G.O. Notes from Direct Borrowings		2,328,251 14,017,000 4,062,000 251,123		6,640,000 - 210,969		269,308 444,000 188,000 217,751		2,058,943 20,213,000 3,874,000 244,341		249,105 987,000 193,000 113,683
Compensated Absences Payable Unamortized Bond Discount Total Total Indebtedness	\$	251,123 (6,263) 20,652,111 25,562,866	\$	6,850,969 7,200,310	\$	(1,212) 1,117,847 1,815,437	\$	(5,051) 26,385,233 30,947,739	\$	1,542,788

The City's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to the Water Fund debt of \$3,874,000 contain (1) a provision that if the City is unable to make a payment when due, an interest penalty may be imposed and one or more of the following remedies may be exercised: (a) withhold approval of any disbursement request; (b) reject any pending application by the City for financial assistance; (c) to the extent permitted by law, demand immediate payment of the note in full and upon such demand, the outstanding principal amount of the note will be immediately due and payable with interest accrued thereon to the date of payment; (d) exercise any other remedy availability under law; and (2) a provision that if the City fails to comply with any other provision within the note agreement an immediate increase in the interest rate on the loan by eliminating all interest rate discounts that were originally applied, in addition, the default remedies for failure to make a payment as listed above may be exercised.

All long-term bonded indebtedness outstanding at December 31, 2023, is backed by the full faith and credit of the City, including special assessment bond issues.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences payable is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 5 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Description and Restrictions of Long-Term Debt

2009 General Obligation Revenue Note – On November 17, 2009, the City issued a note to the Minnesota Public Facilities Authority for \$6,526,070. The total amount drawn on this note was \$6,083,071. The note has a final maturity of August 20, 2039. The outstanding balance of the note bears interest at 2.936% annually. The note was issued in connection with the financing of a drinking water project.

Electric Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A – On March 5, 2013, the City Council issued \$2,065,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A. The bond has a final maturity of December 1, 2027. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest at 1.00% to 2.50% annually. The bond was issued in connection with funding capital improvements to the hydroelectric power generation and distribution system.

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A – On February 27, 2014, the City issued \$1,820,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A, which were used to prepay the February 1, 2014, through February 1, 2024, maturities of the City's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A.

General Obligation Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A — On October 1, 2018, the City Council issued \$720,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A. The bond has a final maturity of February 1, 2034. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest ranging from 3.00% to 3.25% annually.

Electric Utility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A – On November 19, 2019, the City Council issued \$2,415,000 of Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A. The bond has a final maturity of December 1, 2031. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest at 2.35% annually. The bond refunded the series 2011B Electric Utility Revenue Bonds. The difference in cash flows between the old and new debt will be a savings of \$139,956 over the life of the bond. The economic gain on refunding calculated on a present value basis totaled \$115,408.

General Obligation Capital Improvement Plan Refunding Note, Series 2020A – On May 11, 2020, the City Council issued \$780,000 of General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2020A. The bond has a final maturity of February 1, 2034. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest at 1.90% annually. The bond refunded the series 2013B General Obligation Improvement Plan Bonds. The difference in cash flows between the old and new debt will be a savings of \$117,533 over the life of the bond. The economic gain on refunding calculated on a present value basis totaled \$111,817.

NOTE 5 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Description and Restrictions of Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2020B – On October 1, 2020, the City Council issued \$854,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2020B. The bond has a final maturity of February 1, 2029. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest ranging from .55% to 1.30% annually. The bond refunded the series 2013C General Obligation Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds and the 2008A PIR bonds. The difference in cash flows between the old and new debt will be a savings of \$57,995 over the life of the bond. The economic gain on refunding calculated on a present value basis totaled \$56,487.

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021A – On May 6, 2021, the City Council issued \$2,860,000 of General Obligation Bond, Series 2021A. The bond has a final maturity of February 1, 2042. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest ranging from 1.0% to 2.0% annually. The bond was issued in connection with funding water and sewer projects and acquiring a fire truck.

Electric Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2021B – On October 5, 2021, the City Council issued \$1,205,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2021B. The bond has a final maturity of December 1, 2036. The outstanding balance of the bond bears interest of 1.9% annually. The bond was issued in connection with funding improvements to the City's electric utility.

General Obligation Street Reconstruction & Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2022A – On June 1, 2022, the City Council issued \$3,495,000 of General Obligation Street Reconstruction & Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2022A. The bond has final maturity of February 1, 2043. The outstanding balance of the bonds bears interest ranging from 3.5% to 3.875% annually. The bond was issued in connection with funding the Drew Street utility and street reconstruction project.

General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2022B – On June 1, 2022, the City Council issued \$8,000,000 of General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2022B. The bond has final maturity of February 1, 2048. The outstanding balance of the bonds bears interest ranging from 3.5% to 4.0% annually. The bond was issued in connection with funding the first phase of the Reflection Prairie Addition residential development and the Reflection Ridge Business Park.

General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A – On September, 1, 2023, the City Council issued \$1,430,000 of General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A. The bond has final maturity of February 1, 2032. The outstanding balance of the bonds bears interest of 3.89% annually. The bond was issued in connection with funding utility improvements associated with the 4th Street reconstruction project.

General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2023B – On December 6, 2023, the City Council issued \$5,210,000 of General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2023B. The bond has final maturity of December 1, 2038. The outstanding balance of the bonds bears interest of 5.0% annually. The bond was issued in connection with funding underground electrical projects.

NOTE 5 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Minimum annual principal and interest payments required to retire long-term debt, not including compensated absences payable are as follows:

			Governmental Activities										
	General Obligation Bonds			General Obligation Notes				Lease Liability					
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	F	Principal	I	nterest	
2024	\$	261,894	\$	77,215	\$	52,000	\$	11,400	\$	79,917	\$	11,615	
2025		267,000		72,997		53,000		10,403		81,615		9,442	
2026		238,163		68,720		54,000		9,386		82,389		7,242	
2027		210,000		64,620		55,000		8,351		84,641		4,990	
2028		215,000		60,495		55,000		7,306		86,955		2,676	
2029-2033		840,000		239,645		295,000		20,093		59,286		467	
2034-2038		495,000		151,685		62,000		589		_		-	
2039-2043		560,000		54,990		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	3,087,057	\$	790,367	\$	626,000	\$	67,528	\$	474,803	\$	36,432	

					Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities					
					General Obligation G.O. No						tes from	
	General Obligation Bonds			Revenue Bonds				Direct Borrowings				
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2024	\$	249,105	\$	27,838	\$ 987,000	\$	749,745	\$	193,000	\$	113,741	
2025		136,000		25,313	1,072,000		724,315		199,000		108,074	
2026		110,838		24,007	1,099,000		688,225		205,000		102,232	
2027		138,000		22,590	1,128,000		650,742		211,000		96,213	
2028		141,000		21,098	1,011,000		611,879		217,000		90,018	
2029-2033		469,000		86,857	5,082,000		2,495,266		1,183,000		350,793	
2034-2038		435,000		56,974	4,844,000		1,534,204		1,368,000		166,559	
2039-2043		380,000		15,500	2,745,000		721,272		298,000		8,749	
2044-2048		_		-	2,245,000		222,500		-		-	
Total	\$	2,058,943	\$	280,177	\$ 20,213,000	\$	8,398,148	\$	3,874,000	\$	1,036,379	

NOTE 6 LEASES

<u>Lessee</u>

On September 2, 2014, the City entered into a long-term, noncancelable lease agreement with the County of Redwood for the leasing of office space. The lease will expire on August 31, 2029.

On July 9, 2020, the City entered into a long-term, noncancelable lease agreement with Quadient Leasing Inc. for the leasing of a postage meter. The lease will expire on July 14, 2025.

NOTE 6 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Lessee (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to maturity under lease agreements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending December 31,	P	rincipal	1	nterest				
2024	\$	79,917	\$	11,615				
2025		81,615		9,442				
2026		82,389		7,242				
2027		84,641		4,990				
2028		86,955		2,676				
2029		59,286		467				
Total	\$	474,803	\$	36,432				

Lessor

The City, acting as lessor, entered into a long-term, noncancelable lease agreement on January 1, 2022, with National Mentor Healthcare, LLC, for the leasing of a 2,000 square foot premise. The lease will expire on February 28, 2027.

The City, acting as lessor, entered into a long-term, noncancelable lease agreement on June 3, 2019, with Cubik Promotions, Inc., for the leasing of a 1,700 square foot premise. The lease will expire on June 3, 2024.

The City, acting as lessor, entered into a long-term, noncancelable lease agreement on January 1, 2016, with North Memorial Health Care, for the leasing of a hangar facility. The lease will expire on December 31, 2026.

The City, acting as lessor, entered into a long-term, noncancelable lease agreement on November 8, 2020, with Dale and Jason Mathiowetz, a partnership, for the leasing of certain parcels of real property. The lease will expire after the 2023 growing season.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized \$87,906 and \$5,123 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

Principal and interest payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
Year Ending December 31,	P	rincipal	Interest						
2024	\$	57,673	\$	3,327					
2025		53,967		2,033					
2026		55,299		701					
2027		3,330		3					
Total	\$	170,269	\$	6,064					

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

1. General Employees Plan Benefits (Continued)

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

1. General Employee Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2023, were \$287,973. The contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

C. Contributions (Continued)

2. Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 17.70% for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2023, were \$188,415. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

1. General Employee Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$2,756,800 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$75,907.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was .0493% at the end of the measurement period and .0486% for the beginning of the period.

City	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	
Liability	\$ 2,756,800
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Pension Liability with the City	75,907
Total	\$ 2,832,707

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$414,097 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$7,888 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's pension expense for the annual \$16 million contribution.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

1. General Employee Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	O	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences Between Expected and Actual						
Experience	\$	90,534	\$	18,991		
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		446,288		755,616		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual						
Investment Earnings		-		103,095		
Changes in Proportion		48,441		-		
City Contributions Subsequent to the						
Measurement Date	1	143,746		-		
Total	\$	729,009	\$	877,702		

The \$143,746 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	City Pension	
	E	xpense
Year Ending December 31,		Amount
2024	\$	95,033
2025		(402,604)
2026		74,936
2027		(59,804)

2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$1,416,033 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0820% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0780% percent for the beginning of the period.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

The state of Minnesota contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that meets the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9 million direct state was paid on October 1, 2022. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$57,037.

Liability	\$ 1,416,033
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Pension Liability with the City	 57,037
Total	\$ 1,473,070

The state of Minnesota is included as a nonemployer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer, current reporting period only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements.

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$434,503 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City recognized (\$3,435) as grant revenue and pension expense for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense for the contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The state of Minnesota is not included as a nonemployer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$7,380 for the year ended December 31, 2023, as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources.

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual		
Economic Experience	\$ 390,448	\$ -
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	1,643,187	1,990,963
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Investment Earnings	-	67,977
Changes in Proportion	125,761	27,439
City Contributions Subsequent to the		
Measurement Date	97,042	- <u> </u>
Total	\$ 2,256,438	\$ 2,086,379

The \$97,042 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

City Pension	
Expense	
Amount	
96,134	
25,838	
368,294	
(75,861)	
(341,388)	

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

3. Summary

The aggregate amount of net pension liability, net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for the City's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below. These liabilities are typically liquidated by the individual activity in which the employees costs are associated.

	General			
	Employees	Police and		
	Fund	Fire Fund	Fire Relief	Total
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,756,800	\$ 1,416,033	\$ -	\$ 4,172,833
Net Pension Asset	-	-	13,176	13,176
Deferred Outflows of Resources	729,009	2,256,438	162,061	3,147,508
Deferred Inflows of Resources	877,702	2,086,379	39,767	3,003,848
Pension Expense (Revenue)	414,438	431,068	54,109	899,615

E. Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense (revenue) for all plans recognized by the City for the year ended December 31, 2023, was \$914,542, which includes \$54,109 for the volunteer firefighters relief association (additional information in Note 13).

F. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5 %	5.1 %
International Equity	16.5	5.3
Fixed Income	25.0	0.75
Private Markets	25.0	5.9
Total	100.0 %	

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

G. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.0%. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0% was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25% for the General Employees Plan and 2.25% for the Police and Fire Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the General Employees Plan. The Police and Fire Plan benefit increase is fixed at 1% per year and that increase was used in the valuation.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 27 years of service. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75% after one year of service to 3.0% after 24 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan are based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023, actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2020 was adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2023:

General Employee Fund

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

• The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

G. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

- The investment return assumption was changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.4 percent to 7.0 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- Additional one-time direct state aid contribution of 19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- Vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014, was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50 percent vesting after five years, increasing incrementally to 100 percent after 10 years.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0 percent will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023, prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a psychological condition relating to the member's occupation.
- The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used for the General Employees Plan to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund and the Police and Fire Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

In the Police and Fire Fund, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2060. Beginning in fiscal year ended June 30, 2061, for the Police and Fire Fund, projected benefit payments exceed the funds' projected fiduciary net position. Benefit payments projected after were discounted at the municipal bond rate of 3.69% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The resulting equivalent single discount rate of 5.40% for the Police and Fire Fund was determined to give approximately the same present value of projected benefits when applied to all years of projected benefits as the present value of projected benefits using 6.5% applied to all years of projected benefits through the point of asset depletion and 3.69% thereafter.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

I. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Description	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Current Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
City's Proportionate Share of the General Employee Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,877,002	\$ 2,756,800	\$ 1,012,855
	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Current Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
City's Proportionate Share of the Police and Fire Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,809,579	\$ 1,416,033	\$ 270,352

J. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City operates a single-employer retiree defined benefit plan (the Plan) that provides health insurance to eligible employees and their spouses through the City's health insurance plan. There are 64 active participants and 1 retired participant as of January 1, 2023. There are no inactive plan members entitled to but not receiving benefits.

Benefit and eligibility provisions are established through negotiations between the City and various unions representing City employees and are generally renegotiated in two-or three-year bargaining periods. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Funding Policy

The City has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75. Contribution requirements are negotiated between the City and union representatives. Qualified employees may choose to participate in the City's insurance plan after retirement, with no contribution from the City. The City provides these benefits to retirees as required by Minnesota Statutes §471.61 subdivision 2b. The City is funding this liability on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended 2023, the City contributed \$17,275 to the plan.

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The City's OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2023, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023.

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Salary Health Care Trend Rates 2.5%
Service graded table
6.5%, decreasing to
5.0% over 6 years,
then to 4.0% over
next 48 years

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2023, valuation are based on input from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data. Each assumption was reviewed for reasonableness with the source information as well as for consistency with the other economic assumptions.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.0%. The discount rate is equal to the 20-Year AA rated Municipal Bond Yield.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Since the most recent OPEB valuation, the following changes in assumptions have been made:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.00% to 4.00%.
- The salary increase rates for public safety employees were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- The retirement and withdrawal rates for public safety employees were updated to reflect the latest experience study.

D. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$ 549,426
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	36,111
Interest	11,482
Assumption Changes	(62,135)
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	(81,669)
Benefit Payments	(23,012)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(119,223)
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ 430,203

The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Decrease Discount Rate		1%	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	466,243	\$	430,203	\$	396,607

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

D. Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates:

	1%	Decrease	Cur	rent Trend	1%	6 Increase
Medical Trend Rate						
Total OPEB Liability	\$	379,618	\$	430,203	\$	490,241

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of (\$9,663). The OPEB liability is typically liquidated by the individual activity in which the employees costs are associated.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows	
<u>Description</u>	Re	sources	of F	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Liability	\$		\$	200,743
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		13,865		59,086
Benefits Paid Subsequent to the Measurement				
Date		17,275		_
Total	\$	31,140	\$	259,829

\$17,275 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City payment of benefits subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2024.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	OPE	B Amount
2024	\$	(57,256)
2025		(57,250)
2026		(36,973)
2027		(36,973)
2028		(36,972)
Thereafter		(20,540)

NOTE 9 INTERFUND

Due To/Due From

Individual fund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2023, are as follows:

	Receivable	Payable	
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 43,506	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Special Revenue Funds:			
Library	-	1,234	
Airport	-	1,061	
Enterprise Funds:			
Sewer Utility	2,419	10,031	
Water Utility	23,608	4,974	
Electric Utility	38,353	287	
Municipal Liquor Store	-	1,822	
Storm Sewer Utility	395	-	
Internal Service Fund:			
Central Garage	-	1,860	
Total	\$ 64,775	\$ 64,775	

Interfund receivables represent the elimination of negative cash between funds, as well as interfund borrowing to finance improvement projects and interfund utility bills.

Advances

Advances at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	R	eceivable	Payable
General Fund	\$	619,526	\$ -
TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment Fund		-	619,526
Total	\$	619,526	\$ 619,526

Interfund advances represent the money borrowed from the General Fund to help fund the Eastwood/Union Drive – Runnings project. The interfund advance will be paid back through revenue collected by the TIF District through year ended 2041.

NOTE 9 INTERFUND (CONTINUED)

Transfers

Individual fund transfers for fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

	Transfer In		Transfer Out	
General Fund	\$	682,819	\$	(121,832)
Capital Projects Fund		80,044		_
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
Special Revenue Funds:				
Airport		20,000		(8,000)
Port Authority		-		(55,736)
Debt Service Funds:				
Ponderosa Business Park Bonds		55,736		-
Enterprise Funds:				
Sewer Utility		-		(71,020)
Water Utility		-		(105,347)
Electric Utility		-		(396,785)
Municipal Liquor Store		-		(120,000)
Storm Sewer Utility		-		(23,258)
Internal Service Funds:				
Central Garage		63,379		
Total	\$	901,978	\$	(901,978)

Interfund transfers are other financing sources and uses within the fund financial statements. The purpose of the transfers are to provide funding for capital improvement projects, capital outlay, and debt service.

NOTE 10 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the City made purchases of services and supplies from one related party business owned by a Council member totaling \$14,577.

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Construction Commitments</u> – As of December 31, 2023, the City had active construction projects related to a variety of projects including various reconstructions of streets wastewater facility and land development. Total remaining commitments under these contracts were as follows at December 31, 2023:

Port Authority Fund	\$ 4,389
Airport Fund	91,697
Capital Projects Fund	2,444,326
Water Fund	401,377
Sewer Fund	845,516
Storm Sewer Fund	430,990
Electric Fund	132,781
Total Construction Commitments	\$ 4,351,076

<u>Federal and State Funds</u> – The City receives financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2023.

<u>Purchased Power</u> – Under its wholesale power agreement, the City is committed to purchase its electric power and energy requirements from Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (SMMPA) and Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) until April 1, 2050, and December 1, 2050, respectively. The rates are subject to review annually.

Other – In the normal course of business, there could be various outstanding contingent liabilities such as, but not limited to, the following:

- Lawsuits alleging negligence in care
- Environmental pollution
- Violation of regulatory body's rules and regulations
- Violation of federal and/or state laws

No contingent liabilities such as, but not limited to those described above, are reflected in the accompanying financial statements. No such liabilities have been asserted and therefore, no estimate of loss, if any, is determinable.

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Workers' compensation coverage is provided through a pooled self-insurance program through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT). The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT. The City is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association (WCRA) as required by law. For workers' compensation, the City is not subject to a deductible. The City's workers' compensation coverage is retrospectively rated. With this type of coverage, final premiums are determined after loss experience is known. The amount of premium adjustment, if any, is considered immaterial and not recorded until received or paid.

Property and casualty insurance is provided through a pooled self-insurance program through the LMCIT. The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT. The City is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of various amounts. The City retains risk for the deductible portion of the insurance policies and for any exclusions from the insurance policies. These amounts are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

The City self-insures for a portion of the deductible related to its employee group health plan. This activity is accounted for in the Internal Service Insurance Fund. The City does not retain any risk of loss beyond the self-insured portion of the deductible. The amounts charged to expenses include administrative fees, claims paid, and accruals for claims incurred but not paid. The City recorded total expenses of \$1,350,634 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Liability for unpaid claims is included in the self-insurance fund as claims payable.

Beginning of the Year Liability, January 1, 2023	\$ 15,618
Incurred Claims Claims Paid	1,350,620 (1,357,290)
End of the Year Liability, December 31, 2023	\$ 8,948
Beginning of the Year Liability, January 1, 2022	\$ 10,070
Incurred Claims	1,306,496
Claims Paid	 (1,300,948)
End of the Year Liability, December 31, 2022	\$ 15,618

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including disability and employee health insurance.

There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION

A. Plan Description

Firefighters of the City of Redwood Falls are members of the Redwood Falls Firefighters Relief Association. The Association is the administrator of the single-employer defined benefit pension plan available to firefighters. The plan is administered pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69, Chapter 424A, and the Association's by-laws. As of December 31, 2023, membership includes 31 active participants and 5 retirees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them. The plan issues a stand-alone financial statement.

B. Benefits Provided

Authority for payment of pension benefits is established in Minnesota Statutes §69.77 and may be amended only by the Minnesota State Legislature. Each member who is at least 50 years of age, has retired from the Fire Department, has served at least 20 years of active service with such department before retirement shall be entitled to a lump-sum service pension in the amount of \$3,450 for each year of active Fire Department service (including each year over 20) but not exceeding the maximum amount per year of service allowed by law for the minimum average amount of available financing per firefighter as prescribed by law.

Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes §424A.02, Subds. 2 and 4, members who retire with 10 years of service and have reached the age of 50 years are eligible for a retirement benefit. Members who retire before full retirement age and years of service requirements are eligible for a reduced benefit, based on the vesting schedule as set forth in Minnesota Statutes §424A.02, Subd. 2(c). During the time a member is on early vested pension, they will not be eligible for disability benefits.

If a member of the Volunteer Firefighters Relief Association (Association) shall become permanently or totally disabled, the Association shall pay the sum \$3,450 for each year the member was an active member of the City of Redwood Falls Fire Department. If a member who received a disability pension subsequently recovers and returns to active duty, the disability pension is deducted from the service pension. A death benefit is also available, which is payable to a survivor.

Minnesota Statutes Section 424A.10 provides for the payment of a supplemental benefit equal to 10% of a regular lump sum distribution up to a maximum of \$1,000. The supplemental benefit is in lieu of state income tax exclusion for lump sum distributions and will no longer be available if state tax law is modified to exclude lump-sum distributions from state income tax. The Association qualifies for these benefits.

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69.772 specifies minimum support rates required on an annual basis. The minimum support rates from the municipality and from state aid are determined as the amount required to meet the normal cost plus amortizing any existing prior service costs over a 10-year period. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the municipal support are the same as those used to compute the accrued pension liability. The Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, there are no payroll expenditures (i.e., there are no covered payroll percentage calculations). The minimum contribution from the City of Redwood Falls and state aid is determined as follows:

Normal Cost

- + Amortization Payment on Unfunded Accrued Liability Prior to Any Change
- + Amortization Contribution on Unfunded Accrued Liability Attributed to Any Change
- + Administrative Expenses
- Anticipated State Aid
- Projected Investment Earnings
- Total Contribution Required

The Plan is funded in part by fire state aid and, if necessary, City contributions. The state of Minnesota distributed to the City \$55,876 in fire state aid paid by the City to the Relief Association for the year ended December 31, 2023. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. There was no statutorily required contribution to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2023.

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported an asset of \$13,176 for the Association's net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023.

As a result of its requirement to contribute to the Relief Association, the City recognized expense of \$54,109 for the year ended December 31, 2023. At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

		Deferred	D	eferred
	O	utflows of	1	nflows
Description	R	esources	of F	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic				
Experience	\$	2,983	\$	23,957
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		13,975		15,810
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		145,103		-
Total	\$	162,061	\$	39,767

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Association's pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	
	E	xpense
Year Ending December 31,		mount
2024	\$	8,822
2025		33,295
2026		42,740
2027		44,862
2028		(4,521)
Thereafter		(2,904)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial total pension liability was determined as of January 1, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	1/1/23 Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
	Closed
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	5.75%
Investment Rate of Return	5.75%
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield	N/A
Age of Service Retirement	50

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These asset class estimates are combined to produce the portfolio long-term expected rates of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the current asset allocation percentage (or target allocation, if available) and by adding expected inflation.

The current year discount rate is 5.75% which is a change from the prior year rate of 5.00%. The benefit level changed from \$3,300 to \$3,450.

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Best estimates of geometric real and nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's asset allocation as of January 1, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

	Allocation at January 1,	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	2023	Rate of Return
	2023	
Cash	10.0 %	2.00 %
Fixed Income	39.0	3.90
Equities	51.0	8.10
Total Portfolio	100.0 %	5.75 %

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.75%. Assets were projected using expected benefit payments and expected asset returns. Expected benefit payments were discounted by year using expected assets return assumption for years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the municipal bond rate of return. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

G. Pension Asset Sensitivity

The following presents the City of Redwood Fall's proportionate share of the net pension asset of the Association, calculated using the selected discount rate of 5.75%, as well as what the Association's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.75%) or one percentage point higher (6.75%) than the current rate:

	1	Percent	S	Selected	1	l Percent
		ecrease	_Disc	count Rate		Increase
Net Pension Asset	\$	12,437	\$	(13,176)	\$	(38,085)
Discount Rate		4.75 %		5.75 %		6.75 %

H. Plan's Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at https://ci.redwood-falls.mn.us/city-departments/fire-department/, by writing to Redwood Falls City Hall at 333 S. Washington St. Redwood Falls, MN 56283 or by email at info@ci.redwood-falls.mn.us.

NOTE 13 VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

H. Plan's Fiduciary Net Position (Continued)

Information about the change in the Plan's net pension asset is as follows:

	December 31, 2022 Measurement Date		
Total Pension Liability			
Service Cost Interest Changes of Assumptions Plan Changes Gain or Loss Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	51,526 57,469 (18,446) 36,458 3,481 130,488	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year Total Pension Liability - End of Year (a)		1,097,845 1,228,333	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Nonemployer Contributions Net Investment Income Gain or Loss Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		50,639 69,672 (246,919) (126,608)	
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)		1,368,117 1,241,509	
Association's Net Pension Asset - End of Year (a) - (b)	\$	(13,176)	

NOTE 14 CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The City has issued a housing revenue note for the purpose of providing capital financing to a private enterprise. Even though the debt bears the City's name, the City is not responsible for the payment of the original debt. The debt is secured by the payments agreed to be paid by the private enterprise under the terms of the agreement between the City and the enterprise. In addition, no commitments beyond the payments from the enterprise and maintenance of the tax-exempt status of the conduit debt obligations were extended by the City for this note. The general description of the transaction and the outstanding balance at December 31, 2023 is as follows:

		B	alance at
Enterprise	Purpose	Decen	nber 31, 2023
Country Village	Construction of a Facility	\$	582,003

NOTE 15 SUMMARY OF OTHER ITEMS

The City, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various claims, judgments, and litigations. The City estimates that the potential claims resulting from such litigation and not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements of the City. No liability or provision for loss has been recorded in the December 31, 2023 financial statements in relation to these matters.

NOTE 16 TAX ABATEMENTS

The City established a municipal redevelopment district in 2014 as authorized under Minnesota Statutes §§ 469.124 through 469.134. The Redevelopment TIF District permits the City to assist virtually any type of development or redevelopment project within the boundaries of the TIF District, as long as assistance aids in the removal of blighting conditions. The District has a maximum life of 25 years from the receipt of the first tax increment; that is, 26 TIF collections. The TIF revenues are paid to the City through the property tax collection process. Ninety percent (90%) of the tax increments generated from the TIF District must be used to finance the cost of correcting conditions that allow designation as a redevelopment district. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City paid excess tax increment in the amount of \$72,397. No other commitments were made by the City as a part of this agreement.

The City negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The City has tax abatement agreements with various entities as of December 31, 2023. Each agreement is negotiated under Minnesota Statutes sections 469.1812 through 469.1815. Under the statutes, the City may grant property tax abatements for the purpose of attracting and retaining business. The City abated taxes totaling \$44,761 for the year ending December 31, 2023.

- The City's share of the real property taxes generated from a housing project for a term of 8 years. The abatement amounted to \$40,182.
- The City's share of the property tax generated by the expansion of an assisted living facility for a term of 15 years. The abatement amounted to \$4,579.
- The City's share of the real property taxes generated from a housing project for a term of 18 years. The abatement was created during the year ended 2021, and no taxes have been abated as of December 31, 2023.
- The City's share of the real property taxes generated from a childcare facility project for a term of 15 years. The abatement was created during the year ended 2022, and no taxes have been abated as of December 31, 2023. The first abatement levy is anticipated to be made for taxes payable 2024.

As of December 31, 2023, the City has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes. The City is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governments.



CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, RELATED RATIOS, AND NOTES LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

	Measurement Date January 1, 2023		Measurement Date January 1, 2022		Measurement Date January 1, 2021		Measurement Date January 1, 2020		Measurement Date January 1, 2019		Measurement Date January 1, 2018	
Total OPEB Liability												
Service Cost	\$ 36,111	\$	54,008	\$	52,435	\$	38,477	\$	37,356	\$	45,642	
Interest	11,482		10,927		23,583		21,697		22,417		21,402	
Assumption Changes Difference between Expected	(62,135)		-		22,183		-		(20,396)		-	
and Actual Experience	(81,669)		-		(153,616)		-		(121,579)		-	
Benefit Payments	(23,012)		(15,464)		(25,338)		(23,697)		(30,801)		(25,251)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	(119,223) 549,426		49,471 499,955		(80,753) 580,708		36,477 544,231		(113,003) 657,234		41,793 615,441	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 430,203	\$	549,426	\$	499,955	\$	580,708	\$	544,231	\$	657,234	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 4,390,369	\$	4,323,320	\$	4,197,398	\$	4,034,499	\$	3,916,989	\$	4,180,713	
City's OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	10%		13%		12%		14%		14%		16%	

Note 1: The table above will be expanded to 10 years of information as the information becomes available.

Note 2: No assets are accumulated in a trust.

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

	Measurement	Measurement	Measurement
	Date	Date	Date
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
City - General Employee Plan City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City City's Total Net Pension Liability - General Employee Plan	0.0493%	0.0486%	0.0486%
	\$ 2,756,801	\$ 3,849,135	\$ 2,075,438
	75,907	113,015	63,400
	2,832,708	3,962,150	2,138,838
City's Covered Payroll City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	3,917,354	3,646,239	3,503,864
	70.37%	105.56%	59.23%
	83.10%	76.70%	87.00%
City - Police and Fire Plan City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City	0.0820%	0.0780%	0.0742%
	\$ 1,416,033	\$ 3,394,252	\$ 572,745
	57,037	148,280	25,737
City's Total Net Pension Liability - General Employee Plan City's Covered Payroll City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	1,473,070	3,542,532	598,482
	1,077,205	947,114	876,895
	131.45%	358.38%	65.32%
	86.50%	70.50%	93.66%

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED) LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

 Measurement Date June 30, 2020		Measurement Date June 30, 2019		Measurement Date June 30, 2018		Date ne 30, 2017	Date ne 30, 2016	Measurement Date June 30, 2015	
\$ 0.0475% 2,847,842 87,701	\$	0.0492% 2,720,158 84,496	\$	0.0531% 2,945,770 96,729	\$	0.0536% 3,421,789 43,005	\$ 0.0536% 4,352,054 56,839	\$	0.0534% 2,767,466
2,935,543 3,385,893		2,804,654 3,480,782		3,042,499 3,576,608		3,464,794 3,455,396	4,408,893 3,329,013		2,767,466 3,140,523
84.11% 79.06%		78.15% 80.20%		82.36% 79.50%		99.03% 75.90%	130.73% 68.90%		88.12% 78.20%
\$ 0.0722% 951,673 22,419	\$	0.0770% 819,742	\$	0.0687% 732,271	\$	0.0740% 999,088	\$ 0.0780% 3,130,276	\$	0.0770% 874,900
974,092 815,918		819,742 812,177		732,271 724,646		999,088 761,498	3,130,276 748,809		874,900 702,076
116.64% 87.19%		100.93% 89.30%		101.05% 88.80%		131.20% 85.43%	418.03% 63.90%		124.62% 86.60%

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

		2023		2022	2021	2020		
City - General Employee Plan Statutorily Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required	\$	287,973	\$	279,257	\$ 268,390	\$	265,431	
Contribution		(287,973)		(279,257)	(268,390)		(265,431)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	\$		
City's Covered Payroll	\$	3,839,640	\$	3,723,427	\$ 3,578,533	\$	3,539,080	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.50%		7.50%	7.50%		7.50%	
Police and Fire Plan Statutorily Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required	\$	188,415	\$	175,026	\$ 163,727	\$	152,265	
Contribution Contribution		(188,415)		(175,026)	(163,727)		(152,265)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	-	\$ 	\$		
City's Covered Payroll	\$	1,064,492	\$	988,847	\$ 925,009	\$	860,254	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		17.70%		17.70%	17.70%		17.70%	
Fire Relief Association Statutorily Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- -	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$		
City's Covered Payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN YEARS

2019	_	2018	 2017	2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 256,110	\$	265,811	\$ 265,404	\$ 254,391	\$ 242,627	\$ 224,719
(256,110)		(265,811)	(265,404)	(254,391)	(242,627)	(224,719)
\$ 	\$		\$	\$ 	\$	\$
\$ 3,414,800	\$	3,544,147	\$ 3,538,720	\$ 3,391,880	\$ 3,215,297	\$ 3,099,577
7.50%		7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.55%	7.25%
\$ 140,334	\$	122,905	\$ 122,382	\$ 122,796	\$ 117,065	\$ 106,258
(140,334)		(122,905)	(122,382)	(122,796)	(117,065)	(106,258)
\$ 	\$		\$	\$ -	\$ 	\$
\$ 866,259	\$	758,673	\$ 755,444	\$ 758,000	\$ 716,591	\$ 694,499
16.20%		16.20%	16.20%	16.20%	16.34%	15.30%
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,081	\$ 23,580
					(2,081)	(23,580)
\$	\$		\$	\$	\$ -	\$ -
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA REDWOOD FALLS FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION — SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

Total Pension Liability		nber 31, 2022 urement Date	mber 31, 2021 urement Date	December 31, 2020 Measurement Date		
Service Cost	\$	51,526	\$ 47,222	\$	43,185	
Interest		57,469	49,918		53,768	
Changes of Assumptions		(18,446)	-		16,369	
Plan Changes		36,458	~		-	
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	49,570		-	
Benefit Payments, Including Member Contribution Refunds		-	-		(61,659)	
Gain or Loss		3,481	 		(23,264)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		130,488	146,710		28,399	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year		1,097,845	951,135		922,736	
Total Pension Liability - End of Year (a)		1,228,333	1,097,845		951,135	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Municipal Contributions		-	-		33,000	
Nonemployer Contributions		50,639	49,348		48,968	
Net Investment Income		69,672	63,253		64,325	
Gain or Loss		(246,919)	15,133		47,212	
Benefit Payments		<u> </u>	 -		(61,659)	
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		(126,608)	127,734		131,846	
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year		1,368,117	1,240,383		1,108,537	
Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)	-	1,241,509	1,368,117		1,240,383	
Association's Net Pension Asset - End of Year (a) - (b)	\$	(13,176)	\$ (270,272)	\$	(289,248)	
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		101.07%	124.62%		130.41%	
Covered Payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A	
Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A	

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA REDWOOD FALLS FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION — SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

ember 31, 2019 surement Date	December 31, 2018 Measurement Date		December 31, 2017 Measurement Date		December 31, 2016 Measurement Date		mber 31, 2015 surement Date	December 31, 2014 Measurement Date	
\$ 42,132	\$	41,904	\$	39,825	\$ 38,783	\$	39,490	\$	36,260
51,920 -		47,341 -		42,204	42,899		43,103 -		47,121 -
-		- 38,476		- 14,361	- 10,210		- 11,786		-
(64,291)		30,470		(18,250)	(69,977)		(202,897)		-
(04,291)		(16,170)		(10,250)			(202,097)		-
29,761	-	111,551		78,140	20,698		(108,518)		83,381
892,975		781,424		703,284	682,586		791,104		707,723
922,736		892,975		781,424	703,284		682,586		791,104
-		-		-	-		2,081		23,580
47,109		45,894		46,851	47,601		50,827		46,418
54,089		(44,878)		66,497	58,342		(6,135)		59,490
122,354		-					<u> </u>		-
 (64,291)		-		(18,250)	 (69,977)		(202,897)		
159,261		1,016		95,098	35,966		(156,124)		129,488
949,276		948,260		853,162	817,196		973,320		843,832
1,108,537		949,276	_	948,260	853,162		817,196		973,320
\$ (185,801)	\$	(56,301)	\$	(166,836)	\$ (149,878)	\$	(134,610)	\$	(182,216)
120.14%		106.30%		121.35%	121.31%		119.72%		123.03%
N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A
N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		iance with al Budget er (Under)
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Current and Delinquent Property Tax	\$	2,755,591	\$	2,755,591	\$	2,759,732	\$	4,141
Franchise Tax		168,200		168,200		222,615		54,415
Hotel/Motel Tax		35,000		35,000		54,910		19,910
Total Taxes		2,958,791		2,958,791		3,037,257		78,466
Intergovernmental:								
Local Government Aid		1,764,547		1,764,547		1,764,852		305
Public Safety		170,000		170,000		436,288		266,288
Highway		85,000		85,000		91,341		6,341
Total Intergovernmental		2,019,547		2,019,547		2,292,481		272,934
Charges for Services:								
Fire Protection		95,940		95,940		92,840		(3,100)
Swimming Pool Fees and Concessions		163,000		163,000		173,464		10,464
Park Fees		73,350		73,350		87,787		14,437
Administration Fees		450		450		390		(60)
Miscellaneous General Government Charges								
for Service		19,140		19,140		22,275		3,135
Recreation Fees		81,000		81,000		152,153		71,153
Community Center		455,850		455,850		474,923		19,073
Total Charges for Services		888,730		888,730		1,003,832		115,102
Fees, Licenses, and Permits:								
Business		26,825		26,825		34,246		7,421
Nonbusiness		95,650		95,650		66,203		(29,447)
Total Fees, Licenses, and Permits		122,475		122,475		100,449		(22,026)
Fines and Forfeits		39,000		39,000		24,836		(14,164)
Investment Earnings		93,700		93,700		321,567		227,867
Miscellaneous		101,500		101,500		81,072		(20,428)
Contributions	_	11,500	_	11,500	_	10,303		(1,197)
Total Revenues		6,235,243		6,235,243		6,871,797		636,554

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		ance with al Budget er (Under)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government:								
Mayor and Council:								
Current:								
Personal Services	\$	32,083	\$	32,083	\$	32,076	\$	(7)
Materials and Supplies		325		325		3,730		3,405
Other Services and Charges		1,445		1,445		862	0	(583)
Total Mayor and Council		33,853		33,853		36,668		2,815
City Administration:								
Current:								
Personal Services		215,462		215,462		215,862		400
Materials and Supplies		4,700		4,700		3,640		(1,060)
Other Services and Charges		60,347		60,347		46,007		(14,340)
Total City Administration		280,509		280,509		265,509		(15,000)
Elections:								
Current:								
Materials and Supplies		-		-		9		9
Other Services and Charges	1.7			-		(14)		(14)
Total Elections						(5)		(5)
Finance Department:								
Current:								
Personal Services		262,702		262,702		262,172		(530)
Materials and Supplies		8,500		8,500		8,774		274
Other Services and Charges		114,314		114,314		120,172		5,858
Total Finance Department		385,516		385,516		391,118		5,602
Management Information Systems:								
Current:								
Materials and Supplies		80,300		80,300		29,987		(50,313)
Other Services and Charges		247,970		247,970		265,851		17,881
Capital Outlay				-		22,247		22,247
Total Management Information Systems		328,270		328,270		318,085		(10, 185)
Legal:								
Current:								
Personal Services		117,919		117,919		117,370		(549)
Materials and Supplies		600		600		162		(438)
Other Services and Charges		9,350	-	9,350		7,875		(1,475)
Total Legal		127,869		127,869		125,407		(2,462)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	ance with al Budget er (Under)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)								
General Government (Continued):								
Buildings and Grounds:								
Current:								
Personal Services	\$	19,898	\$	19,898	\$	11,170	\$	(8,728)
Materials and Supplies		500		500		-		(500)
Other Services and Charges		20	_	20	_	16		(4)
Total Buildings and Grounds		20,418		20,418		11,186		(9,232)
Total General Government		1,176,435		1,176,435		1,147,968		(28,467)
Public Safety:								
Police:								
Current:								
Personal Services		1,711,532		1,711,532		1,867,531		155,999
Materials and Supplies		83,700		83,700		56,949		(26,751)
Other Services and Charges		260,840		260,840		219,749		(41,091)
Capital Outlay		900		900				(900)
Total Police		2,056,972		2,056,972		2,144,229		87,257
Fire Department:								
Current:								
Personal Services		68,402		68,402		75,317		6,915
Materials and Supplies		40,000		40,000		37,285		(2,715)
Other Services and Charges		134,250		134,250		107,093		(27,157)
Capital Outlay						5,062		5,062
Total Fire Department		242,652		242,652		224,757		(17,895)
Protective Inspections:								
Current:								
Personal Services		101,653		101,653		101,935		282
Materials and Supplies		1,300		1,300		1,189		(111)
Other Services and Charges	-	12,094		12,094	_	27,996		15,902
Total Protective Inspections		115,047		115,047		131,120		16,073
Total Public Safety		2,414,671		2,414,671		2,500,106		85,435

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		iance with al Budget er (Under)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)								
Highways and Streets:								
Public Works Project Coordinator:								
Current:			_		_			
Personal Services	\$	34,611	\$	34,611	\$	34,377	\$	(234)
Materials and Supplies		1,500		1,500		340		(1,160)
Other Services and Charges	-	4,544		4,544		3,838		(706)
Total Engineering		40,655		40,655		38,555		(2,100)
Streets and Alleys:								
Current:								
Personal Services		374,567		374,567		345,234		(29,333)
Materials and Supplies		208,600		208,600		245,552		36,952
Other Services and Charges		583,037		583,037	_	571,386	_	(11,651)
Total Streets and Alleys	+	1,166,204		1,166,204		1,162,172		(4,032)
Total Highways and Streets		1,206,859		1,206,859		1,200,727		(6,132)
Culture and Recreation:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Current:								
Personal Services		986,766		986,766		943,251		(43,515)
Materials and Supplies		98,000		98,000		103,349		5,349
Other Services and Charges		593,109		593,109		605,360		12,251
Capital Outlay				-		3,791		3,791
Total Parks and Recreation		1,677,875		1,677,875		1,655,751		(22,124)
Pool:								
Current:								
Personal Services		141,786		141,786		120,075		(21,711)
Materials and Supplies		44,300		44,300		49,839		5,539
Other Services and Charges		62,825		62,825		34,899		(27,926)
Total Pool		248,911		248,911		204,813		(44,098)
Total Culture and Recreation		1,926,786		1,926,786		1,860,564		(66,222)
Economic Development:								
Current:								
Other Services and Charges		87,435		87,435		65,926		(21,509)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	ance with al Budget er (Under)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED) Debt Service:								
Current:								
Principal	\$	_	\$	-	\$	77,800	\$	77,800
Interest		-			_	13,733		13,733
Total Debt Service		- '				91,533		91,533
Total Expenditures	_	6,812,186	_	6,812,186		6,866,824		54,638
REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(576,943)		(576,943)		4,973		581,916
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		682,819		682,819		682,819		-
Transfers Out	_	(49,788)		(49,788)		(121,832)		(72,044)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	633,031	_	633,031		560,987	_	(72,044)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	56,088	\$	56,088		565,960	\$	509,872
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						5,594,966		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	6,160,926		

NOTE 1 BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 30, the Finance Director submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 3. The Finance Director is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within any department budget; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded budget in the general fund by \$54,638.

 Appropriations
 Expenditures
 Excess

 General Fund
 \$ 6,812,186
 \$ 6,866,824
 \$ 54,638

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the year ended June 30:

A. General Employees Fund

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

A. General Employees Fund (Continued)

2023 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

 The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

A. General Employees Fund (Continued)

2020 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020, through December 31, 2023, and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a fiveyear period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

A. General Employees Fund (Continued)

2018 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions (Continued)

- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00% per year with a provision to increase to 2.50% upon attainment of 90.00% funding ratio to 50.00% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00% and not more than 1.50%, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The combined service annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80% for active members and 60.00% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA load are now 0.00% for active member liability, 15.00% for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00% for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed for 1.00% per year for all years to 1.00% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

A. General Employees Fund (Continued)

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

 The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2030 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increase the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

B. Police and Fire Fund

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption was changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.4 percent to 7.0 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Additional one-time direct state aid contribution of 19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- Vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014, was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50 percent vesting after five years, increasing incrementally to 100% after 10 years.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0 percent will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023, prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a psychological condition relating to the member's occupation.
- The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- The single discount rate changed from 6.50% to 5.40%.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

B. Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MP-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020).
- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to servicebased rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations.
- Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities.
- Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60% to 70%. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

B. Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Postretirement benefit increases were changed to 1.00% for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution.
- New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100% funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed from 10.80% to 11.30% of pay, effective January 1, 2019, and 11.80% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Employer contributions were changed from 16.20% to 16.95% of pay, effective January 1, 2019, and 17.70% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34% lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00% for vested and nonvested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00% for vested members and 2.00% for nonvested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00% for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00% to 60.00%.

NOTE 3 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

B. Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

2017 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% for all years to 1.00% per year through 2064 and 2.50% thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60% per annum to 7.50% per annum.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2037 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 5.60 %.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

 The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2030 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year through 2037 and 2.50% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The postretirement benefit increase to be paid after the attainment of the 90.00% funding threshold was changed from inflation up to 2.50%, to a fixed rate of 2.50%.

NOTE 4 OPEB – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.00% to 4.00%.
- The salary increase rates for public safety employees were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- The retirement and withdrawal rates for public safety employees were updated to reflect the latest experience study.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2022 Changes

 There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions or plan provisions since the prior valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and longterm medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables (Blue Collar for Public Safety, White Collar for Others) with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%.
- The retirement and withdrawal tables for non-Police employees were updated.
- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates which vary by service and contract group.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.80% to 2.00%.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTE 4 OPEB – CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2020 Changes

• There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions or plan provisions since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel) to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel).
- The retirement and withdrawal tables for Police and Fire Personnel were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.30% to 3.80%.
- These changes decreased the liability by \$20,396.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The discount rate was changed from 3.50% to 3.30%.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.





CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Spec	ial Revenue		
		Library		Airport		Port Authority
ASSETS Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable, Net Property Taxes Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable	\$	330,744 3,969 11,327 500	\$	60,650 6,221 -	\$	146,042 - 1,917
Due from Other Governments Prepaid Items Property Held for Resale Notes Receivable Lease Receivable		3,685 - -		15,171 52,379 - - - 170,269		1,115 2,537,648
Total Assets	\$	350,225	\$	304,690	\$	2,686,722
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Contracts Payable	\$	4,272	\$	2,293	\$	79 2,194
Accrued Salaries and Fringes Advances from Other Funds		6,400		1,456		926
Due to Other Funds		1,234		1,061		-
Due to Other Governments Deposits Payable		23		-		- 11,000
Unearned Revenue	200	-	1	9,063		
Total Liabilities		11,929		13,873		14,199
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				450.050		
Lease Related Unavailable Revenue - Taxes and Specials		- 8,111		156,052 -		1,324
Unavailable Revenue - Notes		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Grants and Other Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	1,500 9,611	_	15,171 171,223	_	1,324
		9,011		171,223		1,324
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items		3,685		52,379		1,115
Property Held for Resale Assigned to:		-		-		2,537,648
Airport Projects		-		_		_
Restricted For:						
Debt Service Port Authority		-		-		120 426
Library		325,000		-		132,436 -
Revolving Loans		-		-		-
Committed		-		67,215		-
Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	-	328,685	-	119,594	_	2,671,199
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	350,225	\$	304,690	\$	2,686,722

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

Re	evolving Loan			Ru	#10-1 unnings velopment		Fire quipment placement		Special Revenue Subtotal		
\$	323,338	\$	47,290	\$	-	\$	403,180	\$	1,311,244		
	-		-		-		2 003		10,190 16,227		
	2,395		149		_		2,983		3,044		
	2,393		24,647		_		25,808		65,626		
	_		24,047		_		69		57,248		
	**		_		_		_		2,537,648		
	285,000		123,351		_		-		408,351		
									170,269		
\$	610,733	\$	195,437	\$		\$	432,040	\$	4,579,847		
			04.047	•		•	22.700	φ.	05.053		
\$	-	\$	24,647	\$	-	\$	33,762	\$	65,053 2,194		
	-		-		_		_		8,782		
	_		-		619,526		_		619,526		
	_		_		-		_		2,295		
	_		_		_		-		23		
	_		_		-		· ·		11,000		
			-		-		54,994		64,057		
	-		24,647		619,526		88,756		772,930		
	-		-		-		-		156,052		
	-				-		1,817		11,252		
	-		123,351				_		123,351 16,671		
			123,351			-	1,817	_	307,326		
	-		-		_		69		57,248		
	-		-		-		**		2,537,648		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-				
	-		-		-		-		132,436		
	- 040 700		47 400		-		-		325,000		
	610,733		47,439		_		341,398		658,172 408,613		
			-		(619,526)		J 4 1,J50		(619,526		
	610,733	=	47,439	=	(619,526)		341,467		3,499,591		
									4,579,847		

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Debt Service					
	(mmunity Center Bonds	Busin	nderosa ess Park sonds	5	Drew Street Bonds		
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	40,403	\$	2,811	\$	27,401		
Accounts Receivable Property Taxes Receivable	,	2,068	•	- -	·	- 1,688		
Accrued Interest Receivable		-		-		-		
Due from Other Governments Prepaid Items		- 12		-		-		
Property Held for Resale		-		-		-		
Notes Receivable Lease Receivable				-				
	•	42.492	•	2.011	•	20.000		
Total Assets	\$	42,483	\$	2,811	\$	29,089		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Contracts Payable		-		-		-		
Accrued Salaries and Fringes Advances from Other Funds		-		_		-		
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		
Due to Other Governments		-				-		
Deposits Payable Unearned Revenue						-		
Total Liabilities								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows - Lease Related Unavailable Revenue - Taxes		- 1,343		-		- 848		
Unavailable Revenue - Notes		-		-		-		
Unavailable Revenue - Grants		- 1.040		-	_	- 0.10		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,343		-		848		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Items		12		-		-		
Property Held for Resale		-		-		-		
Assigned to: Airport Projects		_		_		_		
Restricted For:								
Debt Service Port Authority		41,128		2,811		28,241		
Library		-		_		-		
Revolving Loans		-		-		-		
Committed Unassigned		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		41,140		2,811		28,241		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	42,483	\$	2,811	\$	29,089		

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

Dobt	Capit	al Projects		
Debt Service Subtotal		Airport Project		Total
\$ 70,615 3,756	-	61,798	\$	1,443,657 10,190 19,983 3,044
1.	- 2 -	111,816		177,442 57,260 2,537,648 408,351
\$ 74,38	3 \$	173,614	\$	170,269 4,827,844
\$	- \$ - -	- 6,303 - -	\$	65,053 8,497 8,782 619,526 2,295
-	- -	6,303		23 11,000 64,057 779,233
2,19	<u>.</u>	- - 111,816 111,816	_	156,052 13,443 123,351 128,487 421,333
1	2 -	- - 55,495		57,260 2,537,648 55,495
72,18	- - -	-		72,180 132,436 325,000 658,172 408,613 (619,526)
72,19 \$ 74,38		55,495 173,614	\$	3,627,278 4,827,844

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Special Revenue	
		_ibrary	Airport	Port Authority
REVENUES	•	200 550	•	Φ 05.050
Local Tax Levies	\$	389,552	\$ -	\$ 85,250
Intergovernmental		40,679	86,855	44 200
Charges for Services		4,952 3,761	342,931	44,290
Fines and Forfeits			7.044	0.022
Investment Earnings		18,105 9,454	7,044	9,923
Contributions Miscellaneous		9,454 2,188	2,413	154
	-	468,691		139,617
Total Revenues		468,691	439,243	139,617
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Safety		-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		459,974	-	
Economic Development		-	-	81,128
Airport		-	398,568	-
Capital Outlay		-	-	9,505
Debt Service:				
Principal		-	-	
Interest		-	-	-
Fiscal Agent Fees			-	· ·
Total Expenditures	-	459,974	398,568	90,633
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES		8,717	40,675	48,984
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In		-	20,000	
Transfers Out			(8,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		12,000	(55,736)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		8,717	52,675	(6,752)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		319,968	66,919	2,677,951
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	328,685	\$ 119,594	\$ 2,671,199

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Revolving Loan			owntown Loan rogram	tial Revenue (Continu TIF #10-1 Runnings Redevelopment		Fire Equipment Replacement		Special Revenue Subtotal	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	72,397	\$	147,732	\$	694,931
	-		82,147		-		52,358		262,039
	-		-		-		-		392,173
	-		-		-				3,761
	30,924		3,039		-		22,120		91,155
	-		-		-		2,000		11,454
		_	5,326		-		-		10,081
	30,924		90,512		72,397		224,210		1,465,594
	_		-		-		45,002		45,002
	-		-		-		-		459,974
	124		82,157		353		-		163,762
	-		-		-		-		398,568
	-		-		-		65,121		74,626
	-		-		-		124,810		124,810
	-		-		19,762		11,520		31,282
			-		-		331		331
	124	-	82,157	_	20,115	_	246,784	_	1,298,355
	30,800		8,355		52,282		(22,574)		167,239
	_		_		-		_		20,000
	_		_		_		-		(63,736)
						_		_	(43,736)
	30,800		8,355		52,282		(22,574)		123,503
	579,933	_	39,084	_	(671,808)	_	364,041	_	3,376,088
\$	610,733	\$	47,439	\$	(619,526)	\$	341,467	\$	3,499,591

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Debt Service		
	(mmunity Center Bonds	Ponderosa Business Park Bonds	Drew Street Bonds	
REVENUES					
Local Tax Levies	\$	90,706	\$ -	\$ 106,012	
Intergovernmental		-	-	-	
Charges for Services		-	-	-	
Fines and Forfeits		-	-	-	
Investment Earnings		158	-	-	
Contributions		-	-	-	
Miscellaneous				-	
Total Revenues		90,864	-	106,012	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public Safety		-	-	_	
Culture and Recreation		-	-	-	
Economic Development		-	-	-	
Airport		-	-	-	
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	
Debt Service:					
Principal		43,883	52,000	-	
Interest		1,502	925	77,613	
Fiscal Agent Fees		225	- ·	158	
Total Expenditures		45,610	52,925	77,771	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES		45,254	(52,925)	28,241	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		-	55,736	-	
Transfers Out			<u> </u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		55,736		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		45,254	2,811	28,241	
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		(4,114)			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	41,140	\$ 2,811	\$ 28,241	

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Capital Projects	
Debt Service Subtotal	Airport Project	Total
\$ 196,718 - -	\$ 3,001	\$ 891,649 265,040 392,173
- 158 -	7,036	3,761 98,349 11,454 10,081
196,876	10,037	1,672,507
- - - -	- - 73,114 2,502	45,002 459,974 163,762 471,682 77,128
95,883 80,040 383		220,693 111,322 714
176,306	75,616	1,550,277
20,570	(65,579)	122,230
55,736 - 55,736		75,736 (63,736) 12,000
76,306	(65,579)	134,230
(4,114)	121,074	3,493,048
\$ 72,192	\$ 55,495	\$ 3,627,278

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION — INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Central Garage Fund		Self- surance Fund		Total
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	428,226	\$	57,716	\$	485,942
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		32,144		32,144
Due from Other Governmental Units		7,372		-		7,372
Prepaid Items		4,488				4,488
Total Current Assets		440,086		89,860		529,946
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Land		51,900		-		51,900
Buildings and Improvements		1,395,395		-		1,395,395
Machinery and Equipment	_	4,857,281				4,857,281
Total Capital Assets		6,304,576		-		6,304,576
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	-	(2,795,888)			_	(2,795,888)
·	_	3,508,688				3,508,688
Total Assets		3,948,774		89,860		4,038,634
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Related		14,572		-		14,572
Other Postemployment Benefits Related		485		<u> </u>		485
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		15,057		-		15,057
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		7,014		8,948		15,962
Due to Other Funds		1,860		-		1,860
Due to Other Governments		4		_		4
Customer Deposits		3,685		-		3,685
Accrued Salaries and Fringes		9,929		_		9,929
Accrued Interest Payable		4,945		-		4,945
Current Portion of Compensated Absences		7,199		-		7,199
Current Portion of Other Postemployment Benefits						
Liability		269		_		269
Current Portion of Bonds Payable		52,000				52,000
Total Current Liabilities		86,905		8,948		95,853
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Compensated Absences		9,969		-		9,969
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		3,962		-		3,962
Net Pension Liability Bonds Payable - Long-Term		55,108		-		55,108
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	574,000			_	574,000
	-	643,039	_		_	643,039
Total Liabilities		729,944		8,948		738,892
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Related		17,546		-		17,546
Other Postemployment Benefits Related		4,139				4,139
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		21,685			_	21,685
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,882,688		-		2,882,688
Unrestricted		329,514		80,912	_	410,426
Total Net Position	\$	3,212,202	\$	80,912	\$	3,293,114

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION — INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Central Garage Fund	1	Self- nsurance Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$	675,498 1,934	\$	1,329,178	\$	2,004,676 1,934
Total Operating Revenues		677,432		1,329,178		2,006,610
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel Services		119,735		-		119,735
Professional Services		56,429		-		56,429
Supplies		273,856		-		273,856
Depreciation		381,728		-		381,728
Benefits or Claims		-		1,350,634		1,350,634
Miscellaneous	-	2,073		-		2,073
Total Operating Expenses	_	833,821	_	1,350,634	_	2,184,455
OPERATING LOSS		(156,389)		(21,456)		(177,845)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)						
Intergovernmental Revenues		7,372		-		7,372
Investment Earnings		31,080		3,824		34,904
Interest Expense		(11,976)		-		(11,976)
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		137,139	_	-		137,139
Total Other Income	-	163,615	_	3,824	_	167,439
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		7,226		(17,632)		(10,406)
Transfers In	_	63,379			_	63,379
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		70,605		(17,632)		52,973
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	3,141,597	_	98,544	_	3,240,141
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	3,212,202	\$	80,912	\$	3,293,114

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Central Garage Fund		Self- Insurance Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Receipts from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Employees Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by	\$	674,298 (351,521) (111,435)	\$	1,325,094 (1,357,304)	\$	1,999,392 (1,708,825) (111,435)
Operating Activities		211,342		(32,210)		179,132
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds Intergovernmental Revenue Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital	_	63,873 7,372	_		_	63,873 7,372
Financing Activities		71,245		-		71,245
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Purchase of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Bonds Interest, Paying Agent Fees Net Cash Flows Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(358,494) (51,000) (12,379) (421,873)	_		_	(358,494) (51,000) (12,379) (421,873)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments	_	31,195	_	3,824_		35,019
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(108,091)		(28,386)		(136,477)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		536,317		86,102		622,419
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	428,226	\$	57,716	\$	485,942
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(450,000)		(04.450)		(477.045)
Operating (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	(156,389)	\$	(21,456)	\$	(177,845)
Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:		381,728		-		381,728
Receivables Due from Other Governments Prepaid Items Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred		(6,819) 723 8,247 135		(4,084) - - - - -		(4,084) (6,819) 723 8,247 135
Inflows: Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Customer Deposits Other Accrued Liabilities Net Pension Liability OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB		(24,422) 4 3,685 10,192 (21,066) (1,892) 15,886 1,330		(6,670) - - - - - -		(31,092) 4 3,685 10,192 (21,066) (1,892) 15,886 1,330
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	211,342	\$	(32,210)	\$	179,132





Kari Klages Finance Director City of Redwood Falls Phone: 507-616-7400

kklages@ci.redwood-falls.mn.us

AGENDA MEMO

Meeting Date: June 18, 2024

Agenda Item: Resolution No. 35 of 2024 – Resolution Committing to Certain Financial Obligations for the Sewer System in Conjunction with Federal and State Funding for the Wastewater Treatment Facility Improvements Project.

Recommendation/Action Requested: Read the proposed Resolution or make a motion to waive the reading of the Resolution. Discuss the proposed Resolution. If no concerns, adopt proposed Resolution by motion in accordance with Chapter 4 of the City Charter.

Summary/Overview: On April 16, 2024, Council awarded the bid for the Wastewater Treatment Facility Improvements project. The total overall cost of the project including nonconstruction costs is \$9,450,010. The project's funding source includes a Point Source Implementation Grant (PSIG) of \$6,718,137,as well as, a low interest loan through the Public Facilities Authority (PFA) in the amount of \$2,731,873.

One of the requirements of the PFA Clean Water Revolving Loan program is for the City to commit to maintaining revenues sufficient to pay for system expenses, including debt service and operations / maintenance. The anticipated rate increases in the attached resolution are based on the most recent approved rate study updated to include this PFA loan. These anticipated rate increases are subject to change based on the City's future annual rate studies.

Attachments: Resolution No. 35 of 2024

CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS, MINNESOTA RESOLUTION NO. 35 OF 2024

RESOLUTION COMMITTING TO CERTAIN FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS FOR THE SEWER SYSTEM IN CONJUNCTION WITH FEDERAL AND STATE FUNDING FOR THE WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT

WHEREAS, the City of Redwood Falls (the "City") has submitted application to the Minnesota Public Facilities Authority (the "PFA") for a Clean Water Improvement Project (the "Project"); and

WHEREAS, PFA has committed to supporting the Project, subject to certain financial commitments from the City.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS that:

- 1. The City will annually review the revenues and expenditures of the Sewer System and ensure that revenues are sufficient to pay for system expenses, including debt service and operations/maintenance.
- 2. The City anticipates it will need to raise Sewer Utility Rates as follows:
 - a. 12% in 2025
 - b. 7% in 2026
 - c. 6% in 2027
 - d. 4% in 2028
 - e. And 3% in 2029

These rates are subject to change based on the annual rate study performed by the City annually.

- 3. The City anticipates that they will use approximately \$146,740 in cash reserves between the years of 2024 and 2025 along with the proposed rate increases.
- 4. In the event net revenues are not sufficient in covering Sewer System expenses the City will utilize any or all of the following actions:
 - a. Additional increases to Sewer Utility Rates
 - b. Cash Reserve from the Sewer Fund, if available.

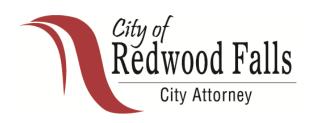
	U	pon v	ote '	taken	thereon,	the	fol	lowing	vote
--	---	-------	-------	-------	----------	-----	-----	--------	------

For:	
Against:	
Ahsent.	

ATTEST:	
Keith Muetzel	Tom Quackenbush
City Administrator	Mayor
(City Seal)	Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18 th day of June 2024.
	Notary Public

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota this

18th day of June 2024.



Trenton Dammann City Attorney Phone: (507)616-7400 Fax: (507)637-2417

tdammann@ci.redwood-falls.mn.us

AGENDA MEMO

Meeting Date: June 18, 2024

Agenda Item: Approval of Plat Correction Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 505.174.

Recommendation/Action Requested: Discuss the proposed plat correction. If there are no concerns, staff recommend approval of the proposed plat correction by motion in accordance with Chapter 4 of the City Charter.

Summary/Overview: On April 19, 2022, Council approved the preliminary plats and final plats for the parcels described as the Reflection Prairie Addition (Parcel #62-008-2020) and Reflection Ridge Business Park Addition (Parcel #62-005-4020). The approved final plats were filed with the office of the Redwood County Recorder on July 7, 2022.

Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 505.174, when a land plat has been executed and filed in the office of the county recorder of the county where the land is situated, and the plat fails to correctly describe the land to be platted, the registered surveyor who prepared such plat or subdivision may execute a certificate stating the nature of the error, omission or defect and stating the correct information to correct such error.

A Land Surveyors Certificate of Correction to Plat has been prepared to change the street name of Kestral Lane to Foxtail Road. Kestral Lane currently runs east and west, the length of two lots, connecting Foxtail Road and Sunflower Road. During the address assignment process, City Staff noticed an issue with the naming of Kestral Lane. To eliminate potential confusion while locating Foxtail Road, Staff is recommending to eliminate Kestral Lane by extending Foxtail Road through to Sunflower Road.

Once approved, the certificate will be filed with the Redwood County Recorder's Office.

Attachment: - Land Surveyors Certificate of Correction to Plat – Reflection Prairie Addition

- Reflection Prairie Addition Plat Map

LAND SURVEYORS CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION TO PLAT

Name of Plat: REFLECTION PRAIRIE ADDITION

Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 505.174, I, Jesse D. Zeig, a duly Licensed Land Surveyor in and for the State of Minnesota, declares as follows:

That I prepared the plat of REFLECTION PRAIRIE ADDITION dated May 10, 2022 and filed on July 7, 2022 in the office of the County Recorder, Redwood County, Minnesota, as Document No. 373344.

1. That said plat contains errors, omissions, or defects in the following particulars, to wit: Improperly labeled street name:

Kestral Lane

2. That said plat is hereby corrected in the following particulars, to wit: The street name should be labeled:

Foxtail Road
I hereby certify that this Surveyor's Certificate of Plat Correction was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Land Surveyor in and for the State of Minnesota.
Dated this 13th day of Jone, 2024.
Jesse D. Zeig Licensed Land Surveyor Minnesota License No. 44996
State of Minnesota
County of Brown The foregoing Certificate was acknowledged before me this 13th day of June, 2024, by Jesse D. Zeig, Land Surveyor, Minnesota License No. 44996.

Judy Lynn Johnson,
Notary Public, Minnesota
My Commission Expires 1-31-2026

The above Certificate of Correction to the plat REFLECTION PRAIRIE ADDITION has been approved by the City of Redwood Falls at a regular meeting of the City Council of Redwood Falls, Minnesota held on this _____ day of_______, 2024.

Mayor City Clerk

(City Seal)	Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of
	, 2024.
	Notary Public
This Document was drafted by:	

This Document was drafted by Bolton & Menk, Inc. 1243 Cedar Street NE Sleepy Eye, MN 56085

REFLECTION PRAIRIE ADDITION TO THE CITY OF REDWOOD FALLS

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That the Reswood Palls Port Authority, a Minnesota Statutory Port Authority, owner of the following described proper

That part of the Northwest Quarter of Section 8, Township 112 North, Range 35 West, Redwood County, Minnesota, described as follows:

Beginning at thin hosts Quarter comme of said Section 6, themce South 00 degrees 02 minutes 59 seconds bast, issuangly based on Redwood Courny Coordinate System MADS(5)(1) on the sast line of said Northwest Quarter of Section 8, a distance of 506,199 feet; thence South 80 degrees 57 minutes 03, seconds West, a solidation of 50,000 feet themce South 80 degrees 57 minutes 03, seconds West, a distance of 506,000 feet themce South 80 degrees 57 minutes 03, seconds West, a distance of 506,000 feet themce South 80 degrees 53 minutes 03, seconds West, as distance of 506,000 feet themce South 80 degrees 53 minutes 03, seconds West, as distance of 506,000 feet (1) while No. 100 feet No. 100 fee

Has caused the property to Ge serveyed and platted as: REFLECTION PRAIRIE ADDITION to the City of Redwood Falls, and do hereby desicate to the public use the public way and drainings and utility exements as created by the plat.

in witness whereof said Redwood Falls Port Authority, has caused these presents to be signed by its proper officers this 32 day of TUVE 2022

Signed: Redwood Falls Port Authority

Derro Simone 1

The foregoing instrument was exhausted before me this $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$ day of $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$. 2022 by Jennie Limages, Vice Fresident of the Redwood Falls For Authority, a Minnesora Stavitory Fort Authority and Craig Liebie, Societary of the Redwood Falls Fun Authority.

Cathir T. Kedel.
Frittag Name Criffing T. Kedel.
History Public, MM.
My commission expires Jan. 31, 2023.



SURVEYON'S CERTIFICATE.

[Lesse D. Zeg, de inversely certify that this plat was prepared by me or inder my direct supervision; that I am a duly licensed Land Surveyor in the State of Minments, that this plat is a correct representation of the boundary survey, that gir mehremental data and labels are correctly designated on the plat, that all manuments designated on this plat has been correctly designated on the plat, that all manuments designated on this plat has been correctly designated on the plat have been, or will be correctly set within one year; that all water licensiancy and well stand, as defined in Minnesofa Statutes Section SOS DL, Subdivision 3, 2) of the date of the surveyor's certification was shown an allested on this plat and that all public wave are shown and beliefed on

nt was acknowledged before me this 15 day of 111/0.11. 2012 by Jesus D. Zeig, Militeracia Surveyor License Number 44994

Judy Lynn Johnson Notary Public, MN. My commission expires 1-31-2028

APPROVAL CERTIFICATE
The Torgoing gist of MERLECTION PRAINE ADDITION to the City of Redwood Falls, Minnesota, was reviewed and approved by the Flunning commission and the Cyl Cauncil of Redwood Falls. Minnesota, wither respective meetings, and that as per MS 505.03 Subd. 2, this plat has been submitted and written comments and recommendations have been required from the Redwood County Highway Engineer.

Reviewed by the Planning Commission

Approved by the City Council of Redwood Falls

this 12th day of April, 2022

this 19th day of April, 2022.

Managine D

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY AUDITOR/TREASURER, REDWOOD COUNTY, MINNESOTA

thereby certify that a copy of this plot has been find in my office, that there are no delinquent taxes due, that the current taxes have been paid.

and transfer entered on my record this 2TE day of Trans. 2022

DEFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER, REDWOOD COUNTY, MINNESOTA DOCUMENT NUMBER 573541

Thereby certify that this instrument was filed in the office of the County Recorder on this 7 day of 1004 2022, at 170 o'clock AM.



Jim Doering
Public Works Project Coordinator

Phone: 507-616-7400 Fax: 507-637-2417 jdoering@ci.redwood-falls.mn.us

Meeting Date: June 18, 2024

AGENDA RECOMMENDATION

Agenda Item: Establish 2024 Solid Waste Review Committee.

Recommendation/Action Requested: Staff is recommending the development of a special review committee of the" Residential Solid Waste Collection" RFP and initial meeting at 3:00 p.m. June 25, 2024. Recommended appointees include Mayor Tom Quackenbush, and Council Members Matt Smith and Larry Arentson.

<u>Summary/Overview</u>: The Council Approved the RFP and solicitation of waste haulers on May 21, 2024. Responses to the RFP are due on June 25, 2024, at 11:00 a.m. for the appointed committee members and Staff to summarize the quotes and present a recommendation to award by July 16, 2024. Staff members will include City Administrator Keith Muetzel, City Attorney Trenton Damman, and Public Works Project Coordinator Jim Doering. This will allow time for the awarded hauler to coordinate with the current franchise holder to ensure a smooth transition. This will also allow for an RFP required public informational meeting to be held prior to the transition in order to introduce the awarded hauler and review Chapter 3, Section 3.20 of the Redwood Falls City Code with the residents of Redwood Falls.

Attachments: None